

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

DURGAMRITHA T. SUNDARAM

Plaintiff,

v.

EVA VARRO INC. AND
DILLARDS, INC.

Defendants.

C.A. No. 22-03264

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

DURGAMRITHA T. SUNDARAM’S COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Durgamritha T. Sundaram (“Plaintiff”), by her attorneys, for her Complaint against Defendants Eva Varro Inc. (“Eva Varro”) and Dillard’s, Inc. (“Dillard’s”) (collectively “Defendants”), alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is an action for infringement of U.S. Patent No. RE48,710 (“RE710,” attached hereto as Exhibit A) under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 100 *et seq.* This action relates to the field of reversible dresses and a method of manufacturing reversible dresses.

PARTIES

2. Plaintiff Durgamritha Sundaram resides in the State of New York, is an individual over the age of 18, a citizen of New York, a resident of New York City, the named inventor of RE710, and the owner of all rights in and to RE710.

3. Defendant Eva Varro Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California with a place of business at 4601 East 50th Street, Vernon, CA 90058.

4. Defendant Dillard's Inc. ("Dillard's") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with a place of business at 1600 Cantrell Road, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendants are in the business of manufacturing, distributing and/or selling apparel, including reversible dresses.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 (federal question) and 1338(a) (patent infringement).

7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants have committed acts of patent infringement in this district. Specifically, on information and belief, Defendants have been making, using, selling, offering to sell and/or distributing reversible dresses throughout the United States and in this judicial district and/or have been causing to be made, used, sold, offered for sale, and/or distributed throughout the United States and in this judicial district.

8. This Court also has jurisdiction over Defendants because this action arises from actions of Defendants directed towards New York, and because Defendants have purposefully availed themselves of the rights and benefits of New York law by engaging in systematic and continuous contacts with New York. Defendants have conducted and are conducting business in this judicial district by Defendant Eva Varro and Defendant Dillard's selling and offering for sale products through their internet websites, evavarro.com and dillards.com, from which products may be purchased directly from their websites. As such, at least a portion of the infringements

have occurred in New York, and Defendants regularly do and solicit businesses, engage in other persistent courses of conduct and derive substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in New York and in this judicial district.

9. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because, *inter alia*, upon information and belief, Defendants have previously been sued in this judicial district without objecting on the basis of lack of personal jurisdiction and have availed themselves of the New York courts through the assertions of counterclaims in suits brought in New York. *See, e.g., Klauber Brothers, Inc. v. Essential Brands Inc et al.*, 20-cv-01669 (S.D.N.Y.); *S.W. Textile Inc. v. Nation Design Partners LLC*, No. 1:17-cv-07834 (S.D.N.Y.); *Mark Dye v. Kate Spade & Co. et al.*, No. 16-cv-5759 (S.D.N.Y.).

10. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) because Defendants has committed acts of patent infringement in this District and has a regular and established place of business in this District.

THE PATENT

11. On December 27, 2016, the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“USPTO”), after a full and fair examination, duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 9,526,281 (the “’281 patent”), entitled “SHORT REVERSIBLE DRESS.”

12. Due to the inadvertent omission of a cross-reference to a related patent application, Reissue Patent Application No. 16/661,706 was filed on October 23, 2019. The ’281 patent was duly and legally reissued on August 31, 2021 as RE48,710 (“RE710,” attached hereto as Exhibit A) after a full and fair examination.

13. Plaintiff is the sole inventor and the owner of RE710 and possesses all rights of recovery under RE710.

14. RE710 claims reversible dresses (claims 1-9) and a method of manufacturing reversible dresses (claim 10). (*See Ex. A, RE710 at claims 1-10.*)
15. Claims 1 claims “[a] reversible dress comprising:
- a. a first layer of fabric having a first length, a first top end, a first bottom end, a first external side and a first internal side;
 - b. a second layer of fabric having a second length longer than the first length, a second bottom end, a second top end attached to the first top end, thereby defining a distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end, a second external side and a second internal side in operative contact with the first internal side; and
 - c. a hem facing having a bottom hem end attached to the second bottom end on the second internal side and having a top hem end attached to the second internal side between the first bottom end and the first top end, wherein the size of the hem facing covers the second layer of fabric between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.
16. Claim 10 claims “[a] method of manufacturing a reversible dress, comprising:
- a. providing a first layer of fabric having a first length, a first top end, a first bottom end, a first external side and a first internal side;
 - b. providing a second layer of fabric having a second length longer than the first length, a second bottom end, a second top end attached to the first top end, thereby defining a distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end, and a second internal side in operative contact with the first internal side; and
 - c. operatively connecting a hem facing having a bottom hem end attached to the second bottom end on the second internal side and having a top hem end attached to the second internal side between the first bottom end and the first top end, wherein the size of the hem facing covers the second layer of fabric between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

INFRINGEMENT PRODUCTS

17. Defendants have been manufacturing, using, selling, offering for sale, importing, and/or otherwise commercializing that include each and every element of claims 1-8 and 10. Defendants have been manufacturing or causing to be manufactured or importing dresses

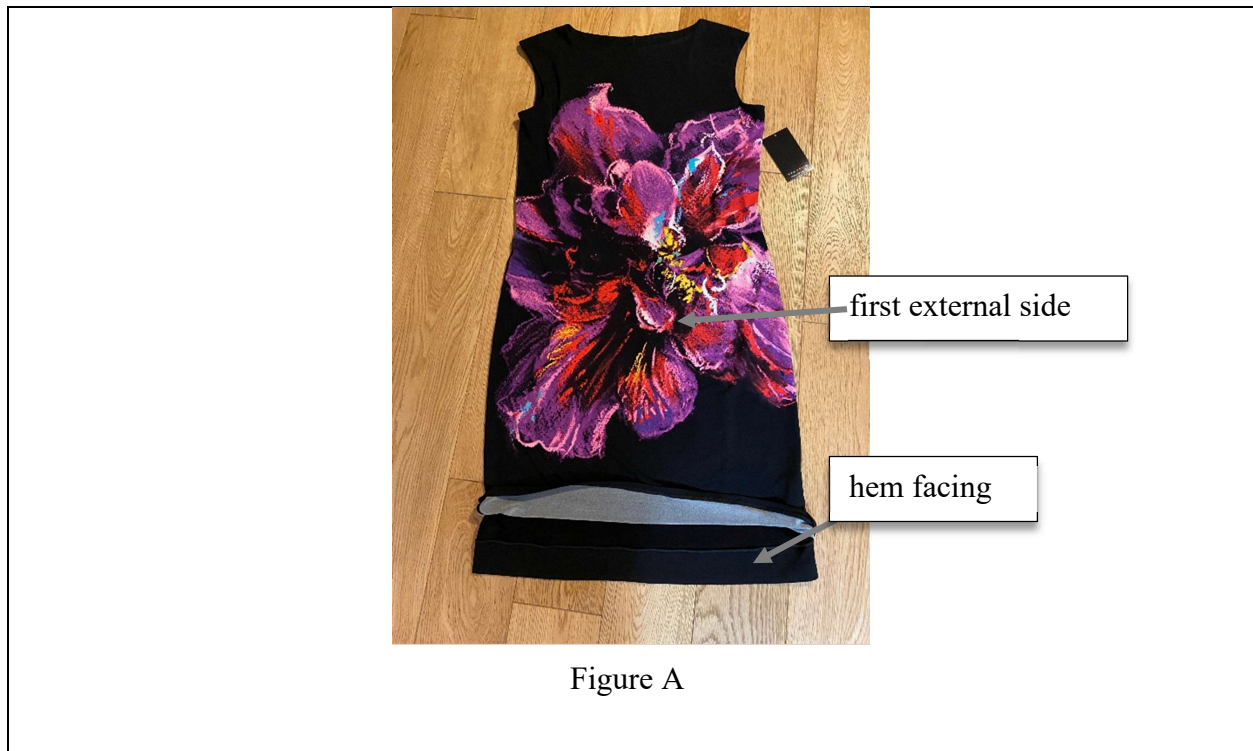
manufactured by a method that includes each and every step of claim 10. (Claims 1-8, and 10 are referred to herein as the “Asserted Claims”).

18. The infringing dress (the “Dress”) is:

Description	Color	Identifying No.	URL
Floral Placement Print Knit Jersey Reversible to Solid Black Sheath Dress	Black/Floral	20175390	https://www.dillards.com/p/eva-varro-floral-placement-print-knit-jersey-reversible-to-solid-black-sheath-dress/513266719

19. For example, Eva Varro’s Floral Placement Print Knit Jersey Reversible to Solid Black Sheath Dress (the “Dress”), sold by Dillard’s, meets each and every limitation of the Asserted Claims, as described in Exhibit B.

20. The first external side of the Dress is shown below in Figure A. The innovative hem (referred to as “hem facing”) is shown below in Figure B. (See RE710 at 5:47-58.) The second external side of the Dress, which is longer than the first, is shown in Figure C.





hem facing

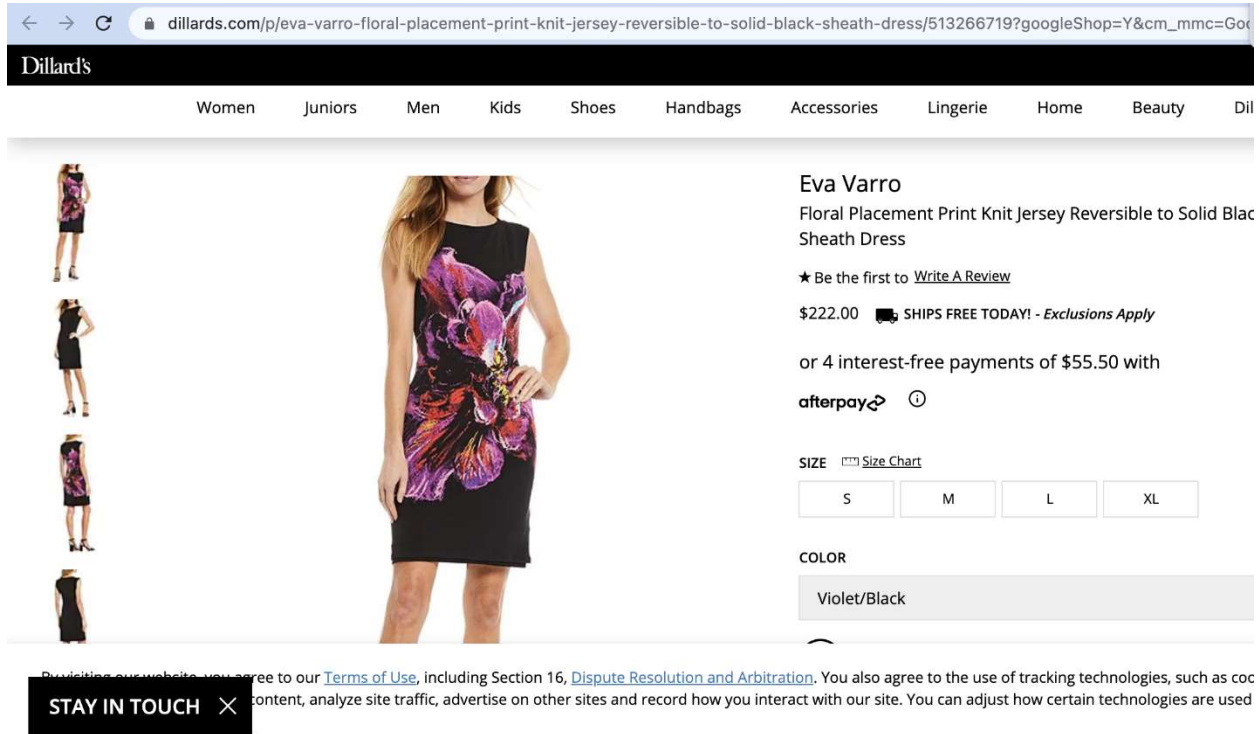
Figure B



second external side

Figure C

21. Defendant Dillard's has been selling and offering to sell the Dress using its online stores www.dillards.com as shown below in the following screenshot of <url> showing Eva Varro Floral Placement Print Knit Jersey Reversible to Solid Black Sheath Dress.



22. Defendants have at all relevant times been on notice of the existence of at least a pending patent application (U.S. Application Nos. 15/163,764 or 16/661,706) or issued patent (U.S. Patent No. 9,526,281 or RE710).

23. As recited in claim 1 of RE710, the Dress includes a first layer of fabric having a first length, a first top end, a first bottom end, a first external side and a first internal side.

24. As recited in claim 1 of RE710 Patent, the Dress includes a second layer of fabric having a second length longer than the first length, second bottom end, a second top end attached to the first top end, thereby defining a distance between the first bottom end and the second

bottom end, a second external side, and a second internal side in operative contact with the first internal side.

25. As recited in claim 1 of RE710, the Dress includes a hem facing having a bottom hem end attached to the second bottom end on the second internal side and having a top hem end attached to the second internal side between the first bottom end and the first top end, wherein the size of the hem facing is selected so that the hem facing covers the second layer of fabric between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

26. As recited in claim 2 of RE710, the Dress includes a hem, wherein the size of the hem facing is determined by the distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

27. As recited in claim 3 of RE710, the Dress includes a first external side of the first layer of fabric, wherein the first external side of the first layer of fabric is patterned or colored.

28. As recited in claim 4 of RE710, the Dress includes a second external side of the second layer that is black.

29. As recited in claim 5 of RE710, the Dress includes a second external side of the second layer, wherein the second external side of the second layer of fabric has a different color, pattern or texture than the first external side of the first layer of fabric.

30. As recited in claim 6 of RE710, the Dress includes a hem, wherein the hem facing has the same color or pattern as the first external side of the first layer of fabric.

31. As recited in claim 7 of RE710, the Dress includes a hem, wherein the size of the hem facing is selected to cover the distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

32. As recited in claim 8 of RE710, the Dress includes a hem, wherein the size of the hem facing is selected to completely cover the distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

33. As recited in claim 10 of RE710, the Dress is manufactured by providing a first layer of fabric having a first length, a first top end, a first bottom end, a first external side and a first internal side.

34. As recited in claim 10 of RE710, the Dress is manufactured by providing a second layer of fabric having a second length longer than the first length, a second bottom end, a second top end attached to the first top end, thereby defining a distance between the first bottom end and the second bottom end, and a second internal side in operative contact with the first internal side.

35. As recited in claim 10 of RE710, the Dress is manufactured by operatively connecting a hem facing having a bottom hem end attached to the second bottom end on the second internal side and having a top hem end attached to the second internal side between the first bottom end and the first top end, wherein the size of the hem facing covers the second layer of fabric between the first bottom end and the second bottom end.

36. Defendants' actions as alleged have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Plaintiff and her valuable Patent, and to the business and substantial goodwill represented thereby, remedies at law are inadequate to compensate for that injury, considering the balance of hardships between Plaintiff and Defendants, a remedy in equity is warranted, the public interest would not be disserved by an injunction, and said acts and damage will continue unless restrained by this Court.

COUNT I
DIRECT INFRINGEMENT OF RE710 UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 271(a)

37. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 36 as though fully set forth herein.

38. In violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a), and as described in greater detail above, Defendants have been directly infringing RE710 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents.

39. Defendants have been directly infringing the Asserted Claims of RE710 by making, using, selling and/or offering to sell the Infringing Dresses without authority in the United States, and may continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court. For example, Defendants have been making, selling, offering to sell, and advertising the Infringing Dresses that meet each and every element of the Asserted Claims, as described in Exhibit B.

40. Defendants have committed these acts of infringement without license or authorization.

41. Plaintiff is in compliance with 35 U.S.C § 287.

42. Defendants have had knowledge of infringement of RE710, making Defendants' infringement willful.

43. On information and belief, Defendants will continue to infringe RE710 unless and until they are enjoined by the Court, the patent is licensed, or the patent expires.

44. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' infringement of RE710, Plaintiff has been and continues to be damaged. As such, Defendants should be finally and permanently enjoined from further infringement.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

45. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury of any and all causes of action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that it be granted the following relief:

- A. That judgement be entered that Defendants infringed RE710 directly, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents by making, selling, and offering to sell their Dresses within the United States and/or importing their Dresses into the United States;
- B. That Defendants, their officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, affiliates, divisions, branches, parents, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, be preliminarily and permanently restrained and enjoined from directly infringing RE710;
- C. An award of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §284 sufficient to compensate Plaintiff for the Defendants' past infringement and any continuing or future infringement up until the date that Defendants are finally and permanently enjoined from further infringement, including compensatory damages;
- D. An assessment of pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs against Defendants, together with an award of such interest and costs, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. §284;
- E. That Plaintiff be awarded enhanced damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284 for Defendants willful infringement of RE710;
- F. That this case be declared exceptional under 35 U.S.C. § 285 and award Plaintiff their attorneys' fees, expenses and costs incurred in this action;
- G. That an accounting be performed of Defendants' infringing activities through trial and judgment; and
- H. Any such further relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

Respectfully submitted on April 21, 2022, by:

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