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12	Polaris PowerLED Technologies, LLC	
	LINUTED STATES DISTRICT COLUDT	
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
14	WESTERN DIVISION	
15		1
16	POLARIS POWERLED TECHNOLOGIES,	Case No. 2:23-cv-03478
17	LLC,	
	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT
18	V.	INFRINGEMENT
19		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
20	VIZIO, INC., HON HAI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO., LTD. D/B/A FOXCONN	
21	TECHNOLOGY GROUP, COMPETITION	
22	TEAM TECHNOLOGY USA INC., TOP	
	VICTORY ELECTRONICS (TAIWAN) CO. LTD., TOP VICTORY	
23	INVESTMENTS LTD., TPV	
24	TECHNOLOGY LTD., TPV INTERNATIONAL (USA), INC., TREND	
25	SMART AMERICA, LTD., INNOLUX	
26	CORP., INNOLUX USA, INC., AMTRAN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD., AMTRAN	
27	LOGISTICS, INC., and NEWEGG, INC.,	
	Defendants.	
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Plaintiff Polaris PowerLED Technologies, LLC, by and through its undersigned counsel, files this Complaint for Patent Infringement relating to U.S. Patent No. 7,843,148 ("'148 Patent" or "Patent-in-Suit") and alleges as follows:

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THE PARTIES

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1. Plaintiff Polaris PowerLED Technologies, LLC ("Polaris PowerLED" or "Plaintiff") is a California limited liability company, with its principal place of business at 5150 E. Pacific Coast Highway, Suite 200, Long Beach, CA 90804.

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VIZIO

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2. Defendant VIZIO, Inc. ("VIZIO"), is a corporation organized under the laws of California with its principal place of business at 39 Tesla, Irvine, CA 92618.

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3. Upon information and belief, VIZIO outsources manufacture of its accused televisions and consumer electronics products to third-party original

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equipment manufacturers. Further, on information and belief, VIZIO and/or third parties, including original equipment manufacturers and retailers acting on its behalf,

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import, offer to sell, and/or sell the accused televisions and consumer electronics

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products into the United States.

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Foxconn

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4. Upon information and belief, Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. d/b/a Foxconn Technology Group ("Hon Hai") is a corporation existing under the laws of Taiwan with its principal place of business at No. 2, Zihyou Street, Tucheng Dist.,

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New Taipei City, 236, Taiwan.

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5. Upon information and belief, Competition Team Technology USA Inc. (CTTUS), is a corporation existing under the laws of the state of California with its principal place of business at 1320 Valley Vista Dr., Ste 204, Diamond Bar, CA

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91765 and is a subsidiary and affiliate of Hon Hai.

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6. Hon Hai, together with CTTUS are referred to herein collectively as "Foxconn."

TPV (Top Victory)

- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant TPV Technology Ltd. ("TPV Technology") is a corporation existing under the laws of Bermuda, with its principal place of business at Units 1208-16, 12/F, C-Bons International Center, 1108 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant Top Victory Electronics (Taiwan) Co. Ltd. ("TPV Electronics") is a corporation existing under the laws of Taiwan, with its principal place of business at 10F, No. 230, Liancheng Road, New Taipei City, Taiwan.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Defendant Top Victory Investments, Ltd. ("TPV Investments") is a corporation existing under the laws of Hong Kong, with its principal place of business at Rm 1023, 10th Fl, Suite 1023 Harbour City, 5 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Hong Kong.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant TPV International (USA), Inc. ("TPV USA") is a corporation formed and registered to do business in California, with its principal place of business at 3737 Executive Center Dr. #261, Austin, Texas.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant Trend Smart America, Ltd. ("Trend Smart") is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 2 S. Pointe Dr., Lake Forest, California, and is an affiliate of the other TPV defendants.
- 12. TPV Technology together with TPV Electronics, TPV Investments, TPV USA, and Trend Smart are referred to collectively herein as "TPV."

<u>Innolux</u>

- 13. Upon information and belief, Innolux Corp. is a corporation formed under the laws of Taiwan, with its principal place of business at No. 160, Kexue Rd., Zhunan Township, Miaoli, 35053 Taiwan.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Innolux USA, Inc. ("Innolux USA") is a corporation formed under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 101 Metro Drive, Suite 510, San Jose, CA 95110, United States.

1 15. Innolux Corp. together with Innolux USA are referred to collectively herein as "Innolux." 2 3 AmTRAN 4 16. Upon information and belief, Defendant AmTRAN Technology Co., 5 Ltd. ("AmTRAN Technology") is a corporation organized and existing under the 6 laws of Taiwan with its principal place of business at 17F., No. 268, Liancheng Rd., 7 Jhonghe District, New Taipei City 23353, Taiwan, R.O.C. Upon information and belief, Defendant AmTRAN Logistics, Inc. 8 17. ("AmTRAN Logistics,") is a California corporation, with its principal place of 9 business at 14430 Monte Vista Ave., Chino, CA 91710. 10 11 AmTRAN Logistics together with AmTRAN Technology are referred to collectively herein as "AmTRAN." 12 13 Newegg 14 19. Upon information and belief, Defendant Newegg, Inc. ("Newegg") is a 15 corporation formed under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business 16 at 17560 Rowland Street, City of Industry, CA 91748. 17 *** VIZIO, Foxconn, TPV, Innolux, AmTRAN, and Newegg are referred to 18 20. collectively herein as "Defendants." 19 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE** 20 Polaris PowerLED brings this civil action for patent infringement 21 21. 22 pursuant to the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. This Court 23 has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 24 1338(a). 25 VIZIO 26 22. Upon information and belief, Defendant VIZIO transacts and conducts 27 business in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal 28 jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, VIZIO has minimum

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contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from VIZIO's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.

- Upon information and belief, VIZIO has committed acts of infringement 23. directly and/or through intermediaries or agents within this District and the State of California by, inter alia, using, selling, offering for sale, importing, advertising, and/or promoting products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. More specifically, VIZIO uses, sells, ships, distributes, offers for sale, advertises, and otherwise promotes its products in the United States, the State of California, and this District.
- 24. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and 1400(b), including VIZIO's physical presence and headquarters being located in this district.

Foxconn

- Upon information and belief, Foxconn transacts and conducts business 25. in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, Foxconn has minimum contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from Foxconn's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.
- Upon information and belief, Foxconn has committed acts of 26. infringement within this District and the State of California by, inter alia, making, importing, using, selling, and/or offering for sale VIZIO products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. Foxconn directly and/or through intermediaries or agents, makes, imports, uses, sells, ships, distributes, offers for sale, and/or otherwise promotes infringing VIZIO products in the United States, the State of

- 27. Upon information and belief, Foxconn has imported, offered to sell, and sold products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO, a resident of this District, and continues to do so. Upon information and belief, Foxconn has entered into an agreement with VIZIO pursuant to which Foxconn manufactures, imports into the United States, and sells products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO in the United States.
- 28. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b), including based on the presence of CTTUS's principal place of business in this District and/or Foxconn's transaction of business in this District directly and/or through its affiliates and customers and/or acts of patent infringement in this District.

TPV (Top Victory)

- 29. Upon information and belief, TPV transacts and conducts business in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, TPV has minimum contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from TPV's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.
- 30. Upon information and belief, TPV has committed acts of infringement within this District and the State of California by, *inter alia*, making, importing, using, selling, and/or offering for sale VIZIO products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. TPV directly and/or through intermediaries or agents, makes, imports, uses, sells, ships, distributes, offers for sale, and/or otherwise promotes infringing VIZIO products in the United States, the State of California, and this District.
- 31. Upon information and belief, TPV has imported, offered to sell, and sold products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO, a resident

United States, and sells products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO in the United States.

32. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b), including based on the presence of Trend Smart's place of business in this District and/or TPV's transaction of business in this District directly and/or through its affiliates and customers and/or acts of patent infringement in this District.

of this District, and continues to do so. Upon information and belief, TPV has entered

into an agreement with VIZIO pursuant to which TPV manufactures, imports into the

<u>Innolux</u>

- 33. Upon information and belief, Innolux transacts and conducts business in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, Innolux has minimum contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from Innolux's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.
- 34. Upon information and belief, Innolux has committed acts of infringement within this District and the State of California by, *inter alia*, making, importing, using, selling, and/or offering for sale VIZIO products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. Innolux directly and/or through intermediaries or agents, makes, imports, uses, sells, ships, distributes, offers for sale, and/or otherwise promotes infringing VIZIO products in the United States, the State of California, and this District.
- 35. Upon information and belief, Innolux has imported, offered to sell, and sold products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO, a resident of this District, and continues to do so. Upon information and belief, Innolux has entered into an agreement with VIZIO pursuant to which Innolux manufactures, imports into the United States, and sells products that infringe one or more claims of

36. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b), including based on Innolux's transaction of business in this District directly and/or through its affiliates and customers and/or acts of patent infringement in this District.

AmTRAN

- 37. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN transacts and conducts business in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN has minimum contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from AmTRAN's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.
- 38. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN has committed acts of infringement within this District and the State of California by, *inter alia*, making, importing, using, selling, and/or offering for sale VIZIO products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. AmTRAN directly and/or through intermediaries or agents, made, imported, used, sold, shipped, distributed, offered for sale, and/or otherwise promoted infringing VIZIO products in the United States, the State of California, and this District.
- 39. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN has imported, offered to sell, and sold products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO, a resident of this District. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN entered into an agreement with VIZIO pursuant to which AmTRAN manufactured, imported into the United States, and sold products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit to VIZIO in the United States.
- 40. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and 1400(b), including based on AmTRAN Logistics' physical presence and the location of its headquarters in this District and/or AmTRAN's transaction of business in this

District directly and/or through its affiliates and customers and/or acts of patent infringement in this District.

Newegg

- 41. Upon information and belief, Newegg transacts and conducts business in this District and the State of California and is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. Upon information and belief, Newegg has minimum contacts within the State of California and this District and has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Polaris PowerLED's causes of action arise directly from Newegg's business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District.
- 42. Upon information and belief, Newegg has committed acts of infringement within this District and the State of California by, *inter alia*, making, importing, using, selling, and/or offering for sale VIZIO products that infringe one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit. More specifically, Newegg, directly and/or through intermediaries or agents, makes, imports, uses, sells, ships, distributes, offers for sale, advertises, and/or otherwise promotes infringing VIZIO products in the United States, the State of California, and this District.
- 43. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and 1400(b), including based on Newegg's physical presence and the location of its headquarters in this District and/or Newegg's transaction of business in this District directly and/or through its affiliates and customers and/or acts of patent infringement in this District.

BACKGROUND

44. Upon information and belief, VIZIO designs, manufactures, and/or sells electronic consumer products, including televisions, sound bars, speakers, and other television accessories. VIZIO offers its products for sale through retailers, such as Newegg, and online. VIZIO outsources the manufacture, importation, and sales of its televisions and consumer electronics products to third parties.

- 45. According to VIZIO's 10-K and S-1 SEC filings, VIZIO enters into standard supply agreements with its manufacturers. VIZIO and its CEO, William Wang, have certified that VIZIO's third-party manufacturers are the importers of record for the products they manufacture and supply to VIZIO. VIZIO's third party manufacturers are responsible for transporting their products to warehouses in the United States. The title for the products made by the third-party manufacturer only passes to VIZIO when the products are shipped from the manufacturer's warehouse in the United States to VIZIO's customers. Excerpted copies of the 2022 Form 10-K Annual Report and 2021 VIZIO Form S-1 Registration Statement are attached hereto as Exhibits **B** and **C**, respectively.
- 46. According to VIZIO's 10-K and S-1 SEC filings, VIZIO's significant third-party manufacturers indemnify VIZIO against all liability resulting from valid and enforceable patent infringement with regard to products purchased under the applicable product supply (and sales) agreement.

<u>Foxconn</u>

- 47. Upon information and belief, Foxconn has manufactured and continues to manufacture televisions sold under the VIZIO brand name ("VIZIO Televisions"). Upon information and belief, Foxconn has in the past and continues to use, import, sell, offer to sell, and/or distribute VIZIO Televisions in the United States.
- 48. Upon information and belief, Foxconn entered into a supply and sales agreement with VIZIO to sell and supply VIZIO Televisions to VIZIO. Based on information and belief, as well as Foxconn's Annual Report for 2021, Foxconn considers its "sales contract" with VIZIO to be a "significant contract."
- 49. Upon information and belief, Foxconn, its subsidiaries, and agents are responsible for transporting the VIZIO products they manufacture to the United States. Foxconn directs and controls the shipment and importation of the VIZIO products they manufacture, and Foxconn is considered the importer of record. Foxconn, its subsidiaries and/or agents retain ownership of the products they

- 50. Upon information and belief, Foxconn indemnifies VIZIO for allegations of patent infringement against VIZIO products manufactured by Foxconn.
- 51. Upon information and belief, Foxconn and its affiliates had and continue to have an ownership interest in VIZIO.

TPV (Top Victory)

- 52. Upon information and belief, TPV has manufactured and continues to manufacture VIZIO Televisions. Upon information and belief, TPV has in the past and continues to use, import, sell, offer to sell, and/or distribute VIZIO Televisions in the United States.
- 53. Based on information and belief, TPV entered into a supply and sales agreement with VIZIO to sell and supply VIZIO Televisions to VIZIO in the United States.
- 54. Upon information and belief, Trend Smart is a subsidiary of TPV Technology. Trend Smart imports VIZIO Televisions manufactured by TPV into the United States.
- 55. Upon information and belief, TPV USA is a wholly owned subsidiary of TPV Technology and distributes VIZIO Televisions in and throughout the United States, including in California.
- 56. Upon information and belief, TPV Electronics is a subsidiary of TPV Technology that manufactures VIZIO Televisions.
- 57. Upon information and belief, TPV Investments is wholly owned subsidiary of TPV Technology that acts as a supplier to VIZIO pursuant to a contractual agreement between the parties.
- 58. Upon information and belief, TPV, its subsidiaries, and agents are responsible for transporting the VIZIO products they manufacture to the United

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States. TPV directs and controls the shipment and importation of the VIZIO products they manufacture and TPV is considered the importer of record. TPV. its subsidiaries, and/or agents retain ownership of the products they manufacture for VIZIO until they are shipped from warehouses in the United States to VIZIO's customers.

59. Upon information and belief, TPV indemnifies VIZIO for allegations of patent infringement against VIZIO products manufactured by TPV.

Innolux

- 60. Upon information and belief, Innolux has manufactured and continues to manufacture VIZIO Televisions. Upon information and belief, Innolux has in the past and continues to use, import, sell, offer to sell, and/or distribute VIZIO Televisions in the United States.
- Based on information and belief, Innolux entered into a supply and sales 61. agreement with VIZIO to sell and supply VIZIO Televisions to VIZIO in the United States.
- Upon information and belief, Innolux Corp. has an ownership interest 62. in VIZIO.
- Upon information and belief, Innolux USA is a wholly-owned 63. subsidiary of Innolux Corp. that imports into the United States VIZIO Televisions, including VIZIO Televisions manufactured by Innolux, and distributes them in and throughout the United States, including in California.
- 64. Upon information and belief, Innolux, its subsidiaries, and agents are responsible for transporting the VIZIO products they manufacture to the United States. Innolux directs and controls the shipment and importation of the VIZIO products they manufacture, and Innolux is considered the importer of record. Innolux, its subsidiaries and/or agents retain ownership of the products they manufacture for VIZIO until they are shipped from warehouses in the United States to VIZIO's customers.

65. Upon information and belief, Innolux indemnifies VIZIO for allegations of patent infringement against VIZIO products manufactured by Innolux.

AmTRAN

- 66. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN has manufactured VIZIO Televisions. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN has used, imported, sold, offered to sell, and/or distributed VIZIO Televisions in the United States.
- 67. Based on information and belief, AmTRAN entered into a supply and sales agreement with VIZIO to sell and supply VIZIO Televisions to VIZIO in the United States.
- 68. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN Technology has an ownership interest in VIZIO.
- 69. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN Technology has manufactured VIZIO Televisions.
- 70. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN Logistics is a wholly owned subsidiary of AmTRAN Technology which imports into the United States the VIZIO Televisions manufactured by AmTRAN.
- 71. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN, its subsidiaries, and agents are responsible for transporting the VIZIO products they manufacture to the United States. AmTRAN directs and controls the shipment and importation of the VIZIO products they manufacture and AmTRAN is considered the importer of record. AmTRAN, its subsidiaries and/or agents retain ownership of the products they manufacture for VIZIO until they are shipped from warehouses in the United States to VIZIO's customers.
- 72. Upon information and belief, AmTRAN indemnifies VIZIO for allegations of patent infringement against VIZIO products manufactured by AmTRAN.

Newegg

73. Upon Information and belief, Newegg sells, offers for sale, imports into

the United States, and/or distributes VIZIO Televisions in the United States.

74. Upon information and belief, the Foxconn, TPV, Innolux, and AmTRAN defendants each are interrelated groups of companies which together comprise manufacturers, importers, and sellers of VIZIO televisions. Each of these defendant groups operate as a unitary business venture and supply the accused televisions to VIZIO.

75. VIZIO is jointly and severally liable for patent infringement with the other Defendants relating to the televisions made, imported, offered for sale, sold, or used in the United States by any one of them. Plaintiff's right to relief arises out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences relating to the importing, offering for sale, and sale of the same accused television units in the United States. Additionally, questions of fact common to all of the defendants will arise in this action, including whether these same television units infringe the '148 Patent, as well as questions concerning their manufacture, importation and sale. Therefore, joinder of the defendants is proper under 35 U.S.C. § 299.

THE PATENT-IN-SUIT

- 76. Polaris PowerLED owns the entire right, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 7,843,148 entitled "Driving Multiple Parallel LEDs With Reduced Power Supply Ripple." The '148 Patent issued on November 30, 2010, to inventors Christian Gater and Roel Van Ettinger from the U.S. Patent Application No. 12/099,729, filed on April 8, 2008. A true and correct copy of the '148 Patent is attached as Exhibit A to this Complaint.
- 77. The inventors, Messrs. Christian Gater and Roel Van Etting, invented a novel manner of arranging and controlling light sources that was a significant advance in reducing noise and artifacts, easing constraints on the power supply, improving the color output of LEDs, and improving display quality in electronics products such as televisions. Messrs. Christian Gater and Roel Van Etting patented

these innovations in the '148 Patent.

COUNT I (INFRINGEMENT BY VIZIO)

- 78. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-77 above.
- 79. VIZIO has directly infringed and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States televisions and other consumer electronics display products.
- 80. The VIZIO consumer electronics display products accused of infringement include, without limitation, VIZIO's televisions, including without limitation, the VIZIO M-series televisions, V-Series televisions and E-series televisions (including exemplary models M50Q7-J01, V655M-K03, V505M-K09, and E65-F0) as well as any other VIZIO televisions comprising analogous structures and functions that infringe the '148 Patent. This exemplary non-exhaustive list and description of devices recited in this paragraph are collectively referred to in this Count and in this Complaint as the "Accused Products."
 - 81. Claim 1 of the '148 Patent, for example, reads as follows:
 - 1. A light emitting diode (LED) driver for driving LEDs connected to different parallel paths, the driver comprising:
 - a voltage source for connection to first ends of LEDs in a plurality of parallel paths;
 - a plurality of current set circuits, one current set circuit per parallel path, each current set circuit controlling a peak current through one or more LEDs connected in each parallel path; and
 - a pulse-width modulated (PWM) brightness control signal generator connected to the plurality of current set circuits, the brightness control signal generator being configured to generate staggered PWM brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits,
 - each current set circuit being configured to draw the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponding to a duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it, such that the plurality of current set circuits conduct current through their associated one

or more LEDs at the same duty cycle but out of phase with each other.

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82. The Accused Products have "A light emitting diode (LED) driver for driving LEDs connected to different parallel paths, the driver comprising." The Accused Products include, for example, a signal processing and LED control circuit board that comprises a LED control circuit including multi-channel LED drivers and transistors for individually controlling strings of LEDs in the TV backlight. The LED control circuit board is coupled to several sections of LEDs that provide full array backlight features as well as local dimming zones.

- The Accused Products have "a voltage source for connection to first 83. ends of LEDs in a plurality of parallel paths." As a representative example, the VIZO M50Q7-J01 televisions include a power supply configured to provide a regulated current to a plurality of parallel LED strings. In addition, the VIZO M50Q7-J01 televisions include current control circuitry. In the representative example of the VIZO M50Q7-J01 television, the LED control circuit board includes a Dialog AS3824 driver chip that is connected to the parallel LED strings, n-channel MOSFET switches, and a voltage source. Power is supplied from the power supply board to the LED control board that comprises the LED driver, switches and the first ends of the parallel LED strings, in this case through an LED power connection port. When the device is turned on, the power supply provides a voltage (VLED), which generates a current that flows through each of the respective LED strings to the Dialog AS3824 LED driver chip. The Dialog AS3824 LED driver chip and related circuitry can control the current that flows through each of multiple parallel LED strings individually.
- 84. As a further representative example, the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions include a power supply configured to provide a regulated current to a plurality of parallel LED strings. In addition, the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions include current control circuitry. In the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions, the LED control circuit

board includes a Novatek NT50511S driver chip and related circuitry that is connected to the parallel LED strings, multiple MOSFET switches, and a voltage source. Power is supplied from the power supply board to the LED control board that comprises the LED driver, switches and the first ends of the parallel LED strings, in this case through an LED power connection port. When the device is turned on, the power supply provides VLED, which generates a current that flows through each of the respective LED strings. The Novatek NT50511S driver chip and related circuitry can control the current that flows through multiple parallel LED strings individually.

- 85. As a further representative example, the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions include a power supply configured to provide a regulated current to a plurality of parallel LED strings. In addition, the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions include current control circuitry. In the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions, the LED control circuit board includes a Power Forest PF7713D driver chip and related circuitry that is connected to the parallel LED strings, FET switches, and a voltage source. Power is supplied from the power supply board through LED control circuitry to the first ends of the parallel LED strings. When the device is turned on, the power supply provides VLED, which generates a current that flows through each of the respective LED strings. The Power Forest PF7713D driver chip and related circuitry can control the current that flows through multiple parallel LED strings individually.
- 86. As a further representative example, the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions include a power supply configured to provide a regulated current to a plurality of parallel LED strings. In addition, the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions include current control circuitry. In the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions, the LED control circuit board includes an AMS AS3824E driver chip and related circuitry that is connected to the parallel LED strings, MOSFET switches, and a voltage source. Power is supplied from the power supply board to the LED control board that comprises the LED driver, switches and the first ends of the parallel LED strings, in this case through an LED power connection port. When the device is turned on, the power supply provides

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- VLED, which generates a current that flows through each of the respective LED strings. The AMS AS3824E driver chip and related circuitry can control the current that flows through multiple parallel LED strings individually.
- The Accused Products have "a plurality of current set circuits, one current set circuit per parallel path, each current set circuit controlling a peak current through one or more LEDs connected in each parallel path." As a representative example, the VIZO M50Q7-J01 television includes a current set circuit in each parallel path that controls the peak current. The LED control circuit in the VIZO M50Q7-J01 contains a Dialog AS3824 LED driver chip and related circuitry that includes current set circuitry for each parallel path of LEDs.
- As a further representative example, the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions include a current set circuit in each parallel path that controls the peak current. In the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions, the LED control circuit contains a Novatek NT50511S LED driver and related circuitry that includes current set circuitry for each parallel path of LEDs, which are connected to power MOSFETs.
- 89. As a further representative example, the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions include a current set circuit in each parallel path that controls the peak current. In the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions, the LED control circuit contains a Power Forest PF7713D LED driver and related circuitry that includes current set circuitry for each parallel path of LEDs, which are connected to FETs.
- 90. As a further representative example, the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions include a current set circuit in each parallel path that controls the peak current. In the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions, the LED control circuit contains an AMS AS3824E LED driver and related circuitry that includes current set circuitry for each parallel path of LEDs, which are connected to MOSFETs.
- The Accused Products include "a pulse-width modulated (PWM) 91. brightness control signal generator connected to the plurality of current set circuits, the brightness control signal generator being configured to generate staggered PWM

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- brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits." As a representative example, for the VIZIO M50Q7-J01 televisions, the Dialog AS3824 LED driver chip uses multiple PWM signal generators to implement dimming and control the brightness of the LED strings. The PWM control signal generator generates staggered PWM brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits. The PWM brightness control signals are out of phase of each other.
- 92. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions, the Novatek NT50511S LED driver chip uses multiple PWM signal generators to implement dimming and control the brightness of the LED strings. The PWM control signal generator generates staggered PWM brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits. The PWM brightness control signals are out of phase of each other.
- 93. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions, the Power Forest PF7713D LED driver chip uses multiple PWM signal generators to implement dimming and control the brightness of the LED strings. The PWM control signal generator generates staggered PWM brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits. The PWM brightness control signals are out of phase of each other.
- 94. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions, the AMS AS3824E LED driver chip uses multiple PWM signal generators to implement dimming and control the brightness of the LED strings. The PWM control signal generator generates staggered PWM brightness control signals to the plurality of current set circuits. The PWM brightness control signals are out of phase of each other.
- 95. The Accused Products have "each current set circuit being configured to draw the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponding to a duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it, such that the plurality of current set circuits conduct current through

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- their associated one or more LEDs at the same duty cycle but out of phase with each other." As a representative example, for the M50Q7-J01 television, the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponds to the duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it. Further, for the M50Q7-J01 television, the current set circuits conduct current through their associated one or more LEDs out of phase with each other.
- 96. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions, the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponds to the duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it. Further, for the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions, the current set circuits conduct current through their associated one or more LEDs out of phase with each other.
- 97. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions, the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponds to the duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it. Further, for the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions, the current set circuits conduct current through their associated one or more LEDs out of phase with each other.
- 98. As a further representative example, for the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions, the peak current through its associated one or more LEDs at a duty cycle substantially corresponds to the duty cycle of a PWM brightness control signal applied to it. Further, for the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions, the current set circuits conduct current through their associated one or more LEDs out of phase with each other.
- 99. Upon information and belief, there are no products that must be marked in order for Polaris PowerLED to comply with the marking requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287(a). Polaris PowerLED has complied with the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287(a) and, for at least this reason (without any limitation), is entitled to pre-suit damages for infringement.

100. As a result of VIZIO's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for VIZIO's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages in the future as long as VIZIO's infringing activities continue.

COUNT II (INFRINGEMENT BY FOXCONN)

- 101. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-100 above.
- 102. Foxconn has directly infringed and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, including without limitation, the VIZIO V655M-K03 televisions.
- 103. As a result of Foxconn's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for Foxconn's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages in the future as long as Foxconn's infringing activities continue.

COUNT III (INFRINGEMENT BY TPV)

- 104. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-103 above.
- 105. TPV has directly infringed and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, including without limitation the VIZIO M50Q7-J01 televisions.
- 106. As a result of TPV's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for TPV's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages

in the future as long as TPV's infringing activities continue.

COUNT IV (INFRINGEMENT BY INNOLUX)

- 107. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-106 above.
- 108. Innolux has directly infringed and/or continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products including without limitation the VIZIO V505M-K09 televisions.
- 109. As a result of Innolux's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for Innolux's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages in the future as long as Innolux's infringing activities continue.

COUNT V (INFRINGEMENT BY AMTRAN)

- 110. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-109 above.
- 111. AmTRAN has directly infringed and/or continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, including without limitation the VIZIO E65-F0 televisions.
- 112. As a result of AmTRAN's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for AmTRAN's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages in the future as long as AmTRAN's infringing activities continue.

COUNT VI (INFRINGEMENT BY NEWEGG)

- 113. Polaris PowerLED incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-112 above.
- 114. Newegg has directly infringed and continues to directly infringe one or

more claims of the '148 Patent, including at least claim 1 of the '148 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, including without limitation the VIZIO V505M-K09 and VIZIO M50Q7-J01 televisions.

115. As a result of Newegg's infringement of the '148 Patent, Polaris PowerLED has suffered monetary damages and is entitled to no less than a reasonable royalty for Newegg's use of the claimed inventions of the '148 Patent, together with interest and costs as determined by the Court. Polaris PowerLED will continue to suffer damages in the future as long as Newegg's infringing activities continue.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Polaris PowerLED requests the following relief from this Court:

- A. A judgment that Defendants have directly infringed one or more claims of the '148 Patent literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents;
- B. Compensatory damages in an amount according to proof, and in any event no less than a reasonable royalty, including all pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law;
- C. A judgment that this is an exceptional case and awarding Polaris PowerLED its costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in this action as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- D. A judgment granting Polaris PowerLED such further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Polaris PowerLED hereby demands trial by jury on all issues so triable pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38.

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT