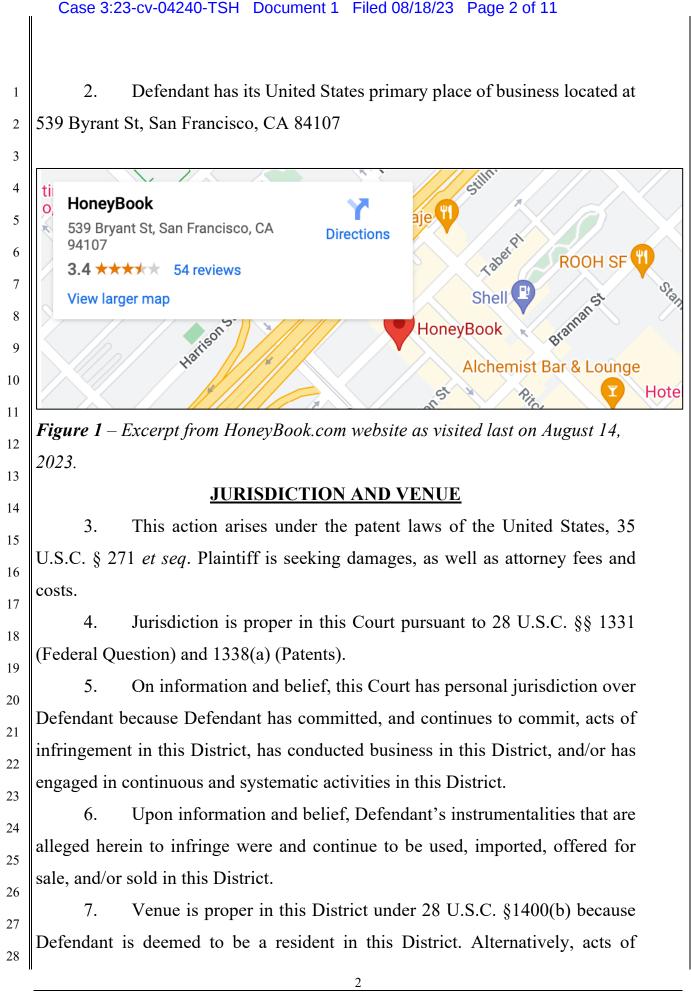
	Case 3:23-cv-04240-TSH Document 1 Filed 08/	18/23 Page 1 of 11
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Randall T. Garteiser (CA State Bar No. 231821) rgarteiser@ghiplaw.com</li> <li>Christopher A. Honea (CA State Bar No. 232473) chonea@ghiplaw.com</li> <li>GARTEISER HONEA— IP TRIAL BOUTIQUE</li> <li>795 Folsom St., Floor 1, San Francisco, CA 94107</li> <li>119 W Ferguson, Tyler, TX 75702</li> <li>Telephone: (888) 908-4400</li> <li>Attorney for Plaintiff</li> </ul>	7
8 9	IN THE UNITED STATES DI FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRIC	
10 11 12	DIGITAL VERIFICATION SYSTEMS, LLC Plaintiff,	<b>Case No.</b> 5:23-cv-4240
13 14 15	V.	Jury Trial Demanded
16	HONEYBOOK INC., Defendants.	
17 18		
10	ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATEN	T INFRINGEMENT
19 20	ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATEN Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC	
		C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS")
20	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of
20 21	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("De	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of
20 21 22	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("De U.S. Patent No. 9,054,860 (hereinafter "the "'8	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of
20 21 22 23	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("De U.S. Patent No. 9,054,860 (hereinafter "the "'8 follows:	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of 360 Patent") <sup>1</sup> and alleges as
<ul> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ul>	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("De U.S. Patent No. 9,054,860 (hereinafter "the "'8 follows: <u>PARTIES</u>	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of 860 Patent") <sup>1</sup> and alleges as ompany with an address of 1
<ul> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> </ul>	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("Der U.S. Patent No. 9,054,860 (hereinafter "the "'8 follows: 1. Plaintiff is a Texas limited liability c East Broward Boulevard, Suite 700, Ft. Lauderdale	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of 860 Patent") <sup>1</sup> and alleges as ompany with an address of 1 e, FL 33301.
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	Plaintiff Digital Verification Systems, LLC files this complaint against HoneyBook, Inc. ("Der U.S. Patent No. 9,054,860 (hereinafter "the "'8 follows: 1. Plaintiff is a Texas limited liability c	C ("Plaintiff" and/or "DVS") fendant"), for infringement of 860 Patent") <sup>1</sup> and alleges as ompany with an address of 1 e, FL 33301. 2034. The DVS patent family also



infringement are occurring in this District and Defendant has a regular and
 established place of business in this District.

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## PATENT-IN-SUIT

8. On June 9, 2015, the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") duly and legally issued the '860 Patent, entitled "Digital Verified Identification System and Method." The '860 Patent is attached as Exhibit A.

9. Plaintiff is the sole and exclusive owner, by assignment, of the '860
Patent.

9 10. Plaintiff possesses all rights of recovery under the '860 Patent,
10 including the exclusive right to recover for past, present and future infringement.

11 11. The inventor of the '860 Patent, Mr. Leigh M. Rothschild, was
12 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IntraCorp Entertainment, Inc., a
13 consumer software company with worldwide product distribution. From October
14 1998 through February 2004, Mr. Rothschild was also Chairman and founder of
15 BarPoint.com, a NASDAQ publicly traded wireless company that was the leader
16 and early creator of connecting symbology, such as barcodes, to the Internet.

17 12. Mr. Rothschild is a former presidential appointee to the High18 Resolution Board for the United States under former President George H.W.
19 Bush, and has also served as an advisor for former President Ronald Reagan. Mr.
20 Rothschild served Governors on technology boards, served as a special advisor
21 to then Florida Secretary of Commerce John Ellis "Jeb" Bush, and served on the
22 IT Florida Technology Board as an appointee of former Governor John Ellis
23 "Jeb" Bush.

24

25

13. Mr. Rothschild chairs the Rothschild Family Foundation, which endows outstanding charities and institutions around the world.

- 14. The '860 Patent contains thirty-nine claims including four
  independent claims (claims 1, 23, 26 and 39) and thirty-five dependent claims.
- 28

15. The priority date of the '860 Patent is at least as early January 2,

2008. As of the priority date, the inventions as claimed were novel, non-obvious,
 unconventional, and non-routine.

3 16. Plaintiff alleges infringement on the part of Defendant of the '860
4 Patent.

The '860 Patent teaches a system and method for verifying and/or 17. 5 authenticating the identification of an entity associated with an electronic file, 6 such as, for example, the digital signatory thereof. See '860 Patent, Abstract. the 7 system and method include a module generating assembly structured to receive 8 at least one verification data element, and at least one digital identification 9 module structured to be associated with at least one entity. Id. The digital 10 identification module is capable of being disposed or embedded within at least 11 one electronic file. *Id.* Further, the digital identification module includes at least 12 one primary component structured to at least partially associate the digital 13 identification module with the entity, and one or more metadata components. Id. 14

18. As noted, the claims of the '860 Patent have priority date at least as 15 early as January 2, 2008. The present invention solves problems that existed with 16 then-existing methods for electronically signing a document. One common then-17 existing method of electronically signing a document included placing a forward 18 or backward slash prior to and/or following the signatory's typed name. '860 19 Patent, 1:26-36. Accordingly, an individual named John Doe might electronically 20 sign a document by placing "/John Doe/" on a signature line that is typically at or 21 near the end of the document. Id. These various electronic signatures or 22 identifiers, however, are rather difficult to authenticate, and as such, it was an 23 arduous, if not impossible task to verify and/or authenticate the identity of the 24 signatory to a respectable degree. Id. 25

19. The claims of the '860 Patent overcome deficiencies existing in the
art as of the date of invention, and comprise non-conventional approaches that
transform the inventions as claimed into substantially more than mere abstract

ideas. For example, the inventive system includes a module generating assembly 1 structured to create at least one digital identification module, wherein the digital 2 identification module is structured to be embedded or otherwise disposed within 3 one or more electronic files. Id., 1:65-2:3. Moreover, an entity, such as a 4 signatory of an electronic document, may communicate at least one verification 5 data element to the module generating assembly prior to creating the digital 6 7 identification module. Id., 2:3-6. The verification data element(s) may include any indicia or data structured to facilitate the verification or identification of the 8 corresponding entity. *Id.*, 2:6-9. For example, the verification data element(s) 9 may include a username and/or password, date of birth, social security number, 10 driver's license number, credit card number, etc. Id., 2:9-12. In at least one 11 embodiment, the digital identification module includes at least one primary 12 component and at least one metadata component. Id., 2:25-37. The primary 13 component may include, for example, a digital representation of a signature 14 15 and/or one or more reference codes, numbers, or characters. *Id.* The primary component is generally visible or perceptible to a reader, recipient, or other user 16 of the electronic document. Id. In addition, the metadata components may be 17 representative of the one or more verification data elements, or other data 18 corresponding to the digital identification module and/or entity, including the 19 date and time, location of the entity, etc. *Id*. 20

21 22

20. The system(s) and methods of the '860 Patent include software and hardware that do not operate in a conventional manner. For example, the software is tailored to provide functionality to perform recited steps and the 23 hardware is configured (and/or programmed) to provide functionality recited 24 throughout the claims of the '860 Patent. 25

21. The '860 Patent solves problems with the art that are rooted in 26 computer technology and that are associated with electronically signing a 27 document. The '860 Patent claims do not merely recite the performance of some 28

business practice known from the pre-Internet world along with the requirement
 to perform it on the Internet.

22. The improvements of the '860 Patent and the features recited in the
claims in the '860 Patent provide improvements to conventional hardware and
software systems and methods. The improvements render the claimed invention
of the '860 Patent non-generic in view of conventional components.

7 23. The improvements of the '860 Patent and the feature recitations in
8 the claims of the '860 Patent are not those that would be well-understood, routine,
9 or conventional to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

The '860 Patent was examined by Primary United States Patent
 Examiner Oscar Louie. During the examination of the '860 Patent, the United
 States Patent Examiner searched for prior art in the following US Classifications:
 726/26; 713/176-180; and 380/59.

25. After conducting a search for prior art during the examination of the
'860 Patent, the United States Patent Examiner identified and cited the following
as the most relevant prior art references found during the search: US 6,757,826;
US 6,895,507; US 6,948,069; US 6,978,369; US 7,047,416; US 7,603,621; US
7,844,918; US 2002/0026575; US 2003/0115151; US 2003/0217275; US
2005/0050462; US 2005/0160272; US 2006/0173847; US 2008/0040693; and
US 2008/0082509.

26. After giving full proper credit to the prior art and having conducted 21 a thorough search for all relevant art and having fully considered the most 22 relevant art known at the time, the United States Patent Examiner allowed all of 23 the claims of the '860 Patent to issue. In so doing, it is presumed that Examiner 24 Louie used his knowledge of the art when examining the claims. K/S Himpp v. 25 Hear-Wear Techs., LLC, 751 F.3d 1362, 1369 (Fed. Cir. 2014). It is further 26 presumed that Examiner Louie had experience in the field of the invention, and 27 that the Examiner properly acted in accordance with a person of ordinary skill. 28

In re Sang Su Lee, 277 F.3d 1338, 1345 (Fed. Cir. 2002). In view of the 1 foregoing, the claims of the '860 Patent are novel and non-obvious, including 2 over all non-cited art which is merely cumulative with the referenced and cited 3 prior art. Likewise, the claims of the '860 Patent are novel and non-obvious, 4 including over all non-cited contemporaneous state of the art systems and 5 methods, all of which would have been known to a person of ordinary skill in the 6 art, and which were therefore presumptively also known and considered by 7 Examiner Louie. 8

27. The claims of the '860 Patent were all properly issued, and are valid 9 and enforceable for the respective terms of their statutory life through expiration, 10 and are enforceable for purposes of seeking damages for past infringement even 11 post-expiration. See, e.g., Genetics Institute, LLC v. Novartis Vaccines and 12 Diagnostics, Inc., 655 F.3d 1291, 1299 (Fed. Cir. 2011) ("[A]n expired patent is 13 not viewed as having 'never existed.' Much to the contrary, a patent does have 14 value beyond its expiration date. For example, an expired patent may form the 15 basis of an action for past damages subject to the six-year limitation under 35 16 U.S.C. § 286") (internal citations omitted). 17

28. The nominal expiration date for the claims of the '860 Patent is no
earlier than April 7, 2034.

## 20

21

## COUNT ONE

## (Infringement of United States Patent No. 9,054,860)

22 29. Plaintiff refers to and incorporates the allegations in Paragraphs 1 –
23 28, the same as if set forth herein.

30. This cause of action arises under the patent laws of the United States
and, in particular under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, *et seq*.

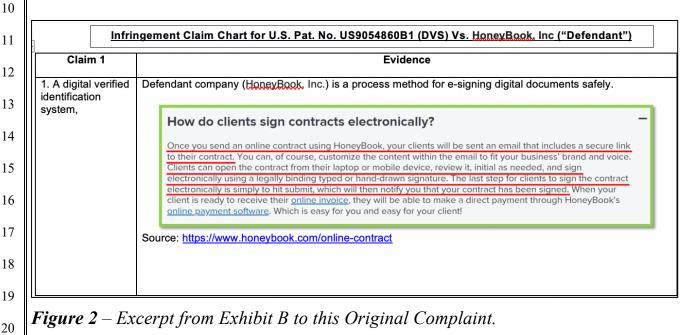
26 31. Defendant has knowledge of its infringement of the '860 Patent, at
27 least as of the service of the present complaint.

28

32. The '860 Patent is valid, enforceable, and was duly issued in full

1 compliance with Title 35 of the United States Code.

33. Upon information and belief, Defendant has infringed and continues 2 to infringe one or more claims, including at least Claim 1, of the '860 Patent by 3 manufacturing, using, importing, selling, offering for sale, and/or providing (as 4 identified in the Claim Chart attached hereto as Exhibit B) its product that is a 5 process method for e-signing digital documents safely ("Product(s)"), which 6 infringes at least Claim 1 of the '860 Patent. Defendant has infringed and 7 continues to infringe the '860 patent either directly or through acts of contributory 8 infringement or inducement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271. 9



34. Defendant also has and continues to directly infringe, literally or
 under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least Claim 1,
 of the '860 Patent, by having its employees internally test and use these exemplary
 Products.

35. The service of this Complaint, in conjunction with the attached
 claim chart and references cited, constitutes actual knowledge of infringement as
 alleged here.

36. Despite such actual knowledge, Defendant continues to make, use, 1 test, sell, offer for sale, market, and/or import into the United States, products 2 that infringe one or more claims, including at least Claim 1, of the '860 Patent. 3 On information and belief, Defendant has also continued to sell the exemplary 4 Products and distribute product literature and website materials inducing end 5 users and others to use its products in the customary and intended manner that 6 infringes one or more claims, including at least Claim 1, of the '860 Patent. See 7 Exhibit B (extensively referencing these materials to demonstrate how they direct 8 end users to commit patent infringement). 9

37. At least since being served by this Complaint and corresponding
claim chart, Defendant has actively, knowingly, and intentionally continued to
induce infringement of the '860 Patent, literally or by the doctrine of equivalents,
by selling exemplary Products to their customers for use in end-user products in
a manner that infringes one or more claims, including at least Claim 1, of the '860
Patent.

38. Exhibit B includes at least one chart comparing the exemplary claim
1 of the '860 Patent to Defendant's exemplary Products. As set forth in this chart,
the Defendant's exemplary Products practice the technology claimed by the '860
Patent. Accordingly, the Defendant's exemplary Products incorporated in this
chart satisfy all elements of the exemplary claim 1 of the '860 Patent.

39. Plaintiff therefore incorporates by reference in its allegations herein
the claim chart of Exhibit B.

40. Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages adequate to compensate for
Defendant's infringement.

41. Defendant's actions complained of herein will continue unless
Defendant is enjoined by this court.

42. Defendant's actions complained of herein are causing irreparable
harm and monetary damage to Plaintiff and will continue to do so unless and until

1	Defendant is enjoined and restrained by this Court.	
2	43. Plaintiff is in compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 287.	
3		
4	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
5	24. Plaintiff, under Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure,	
6	requests a trial by jury of any issues so triable by right.	
7	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
8	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff asks the Court to:	
9	(a) Enter judgment for Plaintiff on this Complaint on all cases of action	
10	asserted herein;	
11	(b) Enter an Order enjoining Defendant, its agents, officers, servants,	
12	employees, attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with	
13	Defendant who receives notice of the order from further infringement of United	
14	States Patent No. 9,054,860 (or, in the alternative, awarding Plaintiff running	
15	royalty from the time judgment going forward);	
16	(c) Award Plaintiff damages resulting from Defendant's infringement in	
17	accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;	
18	(d) Award Plaintiff such further relief to which the Court finds Plaintiff	
19	entitled under law or equity.	
20		
21	Dated: August 14, 2023Respectfully submitted,	
22	GARTEISER HONEA, PLLC	
23	/s/ Randall Garteiser	
24	Randall Garteiser CA State Bar No. 231821	
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