

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

PHD LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE PARTNERSHIPS AND
UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS
IDENTIFIED IN SCHEDULE “A”,

Defendants.

No. 23-cv-14034

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMPLAINT

 (“Plaintiff”), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby files this Complaint for design patent infringement, copyright infringement, false designation of origin, violations of the Illinois Deceptive Trade Practices Act, and civil conspiracy against the Partnerships and Unincorporated Associations Identified in Schedule “A” (together, “Defendants”). In support hereof, Plaintiff states as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to the provisions of the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1, et seq., the Federal Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq, the Lanham Trademark Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, et seq., 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a)-(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court has jurisdiction over the claims in this action that arise under the laws of the State of Illinois pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) because the state law claims are so related to the federal claims that they form part of the same case or controversy and derive from a common nucleus of operative facts.

2. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, and this Court may properly exercise personal jurisdiction over Defendants, since each Defendant directly targets business activities toward consumers in the United States, including Illinois, through their operation of or assistance in the operation of the fully interactive, commercial internet stores operating under the Defendant domain names and/or the Defendant Internet Stores identified in Schedule A. Specifically, each of the Defendants directly reaches out to do business with Illinois residents by operating or assisting in the operation of one or more commercial, interactive e-commerce stores that sell products that infringe Plaintiff's protected intellectual property directly to Illinois consumers. In short, each Defendant is committing tortious acts in Illinois, is engaging in interstate commerce, and has wrongfully caused Plaintiff substantial injury in the State of Illinois.

II. INTRODUCTION

3. Plaintiff filed this action to combat online infringers and counterfeiters who trade upon Plaintiff's exclusive rights, reputation, and goodwill by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States for subsequent sale or use unauthorized and unlicensed products that infringe Plaintiff's patented designs (U.S. Reg. Nos. [REDACTED] and US [REDACTED]) ("[REDACTED] Designs"), and/or by using Plaintiff's copyrighted photographs (U.S. Reg. No. [REDACTED]) ("[REDACTED]") in connection with the sale and advertising of the infringing products. Copies of the registration certificates are attached as **Exhibit 1**. The Defendants created internet stores (the "Defendant Internet Stores" or the "Stores") by the dozens and designed them to appear to be selling genuine versions of Plaintiff's products when in fact the Stores are using, making, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing for sale infringing products to unknowing United States consumers.

4. The Defendant Internet Stores share unique identifiers, such as similar design elements of the infringing product offered for sale, and, on information and belief, these similarities suggest that the Defendant Internet Stores share common manufacturing sources, thus establishing that the Defendants' counterfeiting and infringing operations arise out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants have gone to great lengths to avoid liability by concealing both their identities and the full scope and interworking of their counterfeiting operation, including changing the names of their Stores multiple times, opening new Stores, helping their friends open Stores, and making subtle changes to their products. Plaintiff has been forced to file this action to combat Defendants' willful infringement of Plaintiff's exclusive rights in its patented designs and copyrighted works, and to protect unknowing consumers from purchasing inferior infringing products over the internet. As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiff has been and continues to be irreparably damaged by a loss of goodwill and reputation along with its right to exclude others from making, using, selling, offering for sale, and importing its patented designs and copyrights. Therefore, Plaintiff seeks injunctive and monetary relief.

III. THE PARTIES

A. [REDACTED]

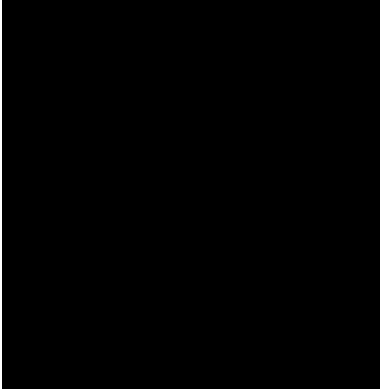

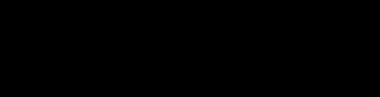


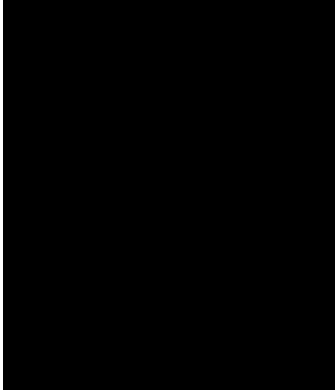
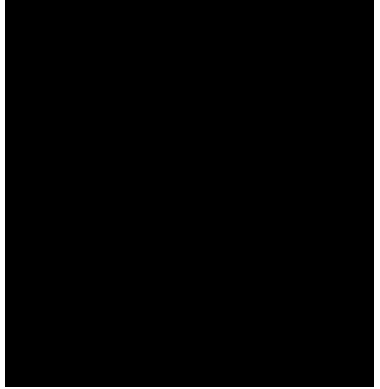
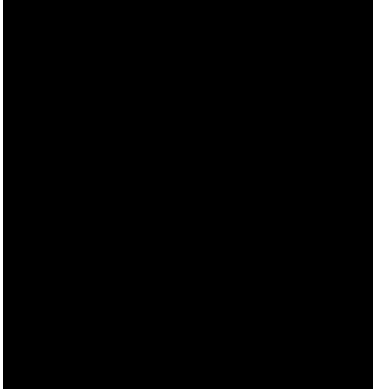
5. Plaintiff is a [REDACTED] limited liability company and is the creator and seller of [REDACTED] (collectively, "[REDACTED] Products"). Plaintiff sells this design through its brand [REDACTED] via its [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] Products have become enormously popular through Plaintiff's exacting quality standards and innovative designs.





6. Plaintiff's founder and innovator created the unique [REDACTED] Designs in 2020 after finding a need for [REDACTED]. Since then, Plaintiff has introduced its [REDACTED] Designs to its [REDACTED]. Plaintiff continues to advertise its unique products on its [REDACTED].



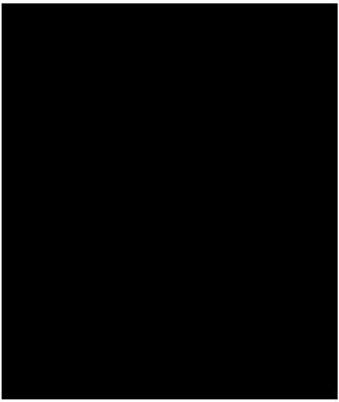
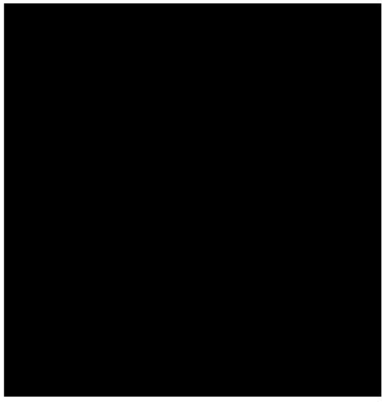
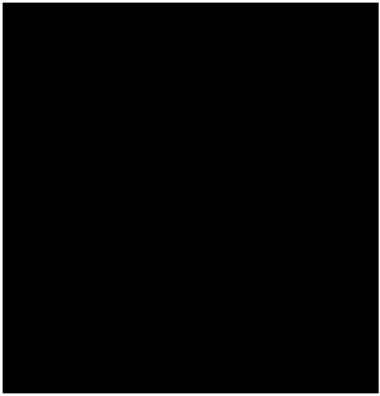

7. Plaintiff is engaged in the business of distributing and retailing its [REDACTED] within the Northern District of Illinois. Defendants' sales of their counterfeit products in violation of Plaintiff's intellectual property rights are irreparably damaging Plaintiff.




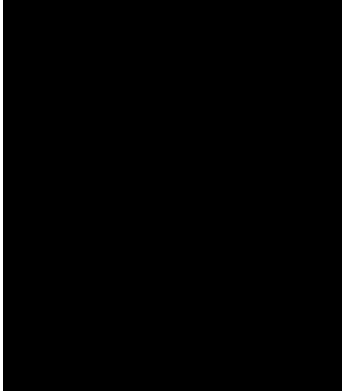
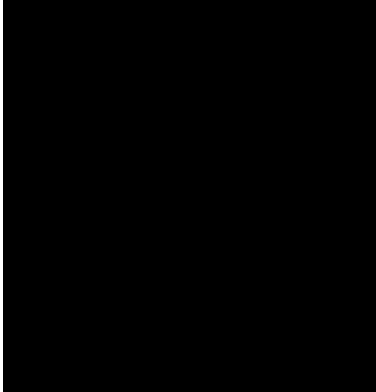
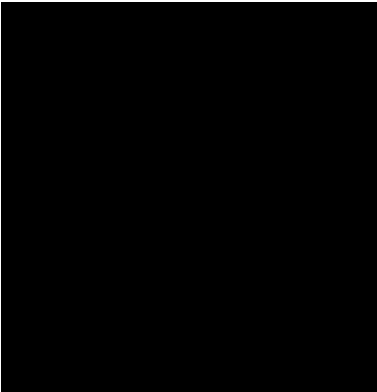
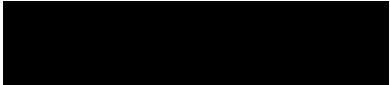
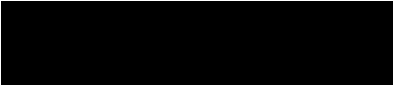
8. [REDACTED] Products are known for their distinctive patented designs. These designs are well-recognized by consumers. [REDACTED] embodying these designs are associated with the quality and innovation that the public has come to expect from [REDACTED] Products.

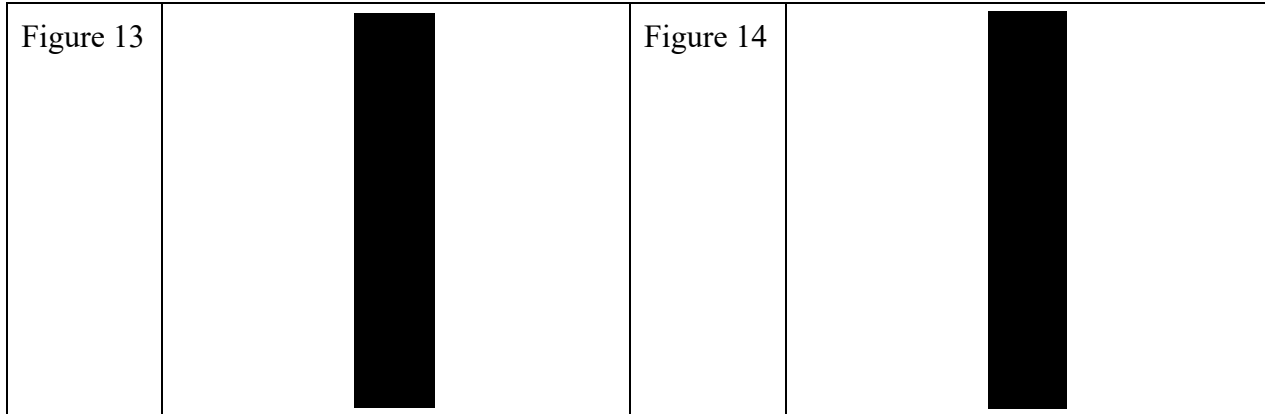
| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| Patent Number: [REDACTED] | | Issue Date: [REDACTED] | |
| CLAIM | | | |
| Figure 1 | [REDACTED] | Figure 2 | [REDACTED] |

| | | | |
|----------|---|-----------|---|
| Figure 3 |  | Figure 4 |  |
| Figure 5 |  | Figure 6 |  |
| Figure 7 |  | Figure 8 |  |
| Figure 9 |  | Figure 10 |  |

| | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| Figure 11 |  | Figure 12 |  |
| Figure 13 |  | Figure 14 |  |

| | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| Patent Number:  | | Issue Date:  | |
| CLAIM | | | |
| Figure 1 |  | Figure 2 |  |
| Figure 3 |  | Figure 4 |  |

| | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| Figure 5 |  | Figure 6 |  |
| Figure 7 |  | Figure 8 |  |
| Figure 9 |  | Figure 10 |  |
| Figure 11 |  | Figure 12 |  |



9. The Company is the lawful assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to Patent No. [REDACTED] (“the [REDACTED] Patent”). The [REDACTED] Patent was lawfully issued on [REDACTED], with the named inventor [REDACTED].

10. The Company is the lawful assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to Patent No. [REDACTED] (“the [REDACTED] Patent”). The [REDACTED] Patent was lawfully issued on [REDACTED], with the named inventor [REDACTED].

11. Plaintiff is also the owner of United States Copyright Registration, U.S. Reg. No. [REDACTED]. Upon information and belief, the copyrights have an effective date that predates the Defendants’ acts of copyright infringement.

The Defendants

12. Defendants are individuals and entities who, upon information and belief, reside in the People’s Republic of China or other foreign jurisdictions. Defendants conduct business throughout the United States, including within the state of Illinois and in this Judicial District, through the operation of fully interactive commercial websites and online commercial marketplaces operating under the Defendant Internet Stores. Each Defendant targets the United States, including Illinois, and has offered to sell and, on information and belief, has sold and

continues to sell infringing products to consumers within the United States, including Illinois and in this Judicial District.

13. Defendants are an interrelated group of infringers and counterfeiters who create numerous Defendant Internet Stores and design these stores to appear to be selling genuine products, while actually selling inferior imitations of Plaintiff's products, and/or to knowingly and willfully manufacturing, importing, distributing, offering for sale, and selling infringing products. The Defendant Internet Stores share unique identifiers, such as common design elements, the same or similar counterfeit products offered for sale, similar counterfeit product descriptions, the same or substantially similar shopping cart platforms, accepted payment methods, check-out methods, lack of contact information, and identically or similarly priced counterfeit products and volume sale discounts. As such, the Defendant Internet Stores establish a logical relationship between them and suggest that Defendants' illegal operations arise out of the same transaction or occurrence. The tactics used by Defendants to conceal their identities and the full scope of their counterfeiting operation make it virtually impossible for Plaintiff to learn the precise scope and the exact interworking of their counterfeit network. If Defendants provide additional credible information regarding their identities, Plaintiff will take appropriate steps to amend this Complaint.

IV. THE DEFENDANTS' UNLAWFUL CONDUCT

14. The success of Plaintiff's brand has resulted in significant infringement and counterfeiting. Consequently, Plaintiff has identified numerous marketplace listings on e-commerce platforms such as, but not limited to, [REDACTED], [REDACTED], which include the Defendant Aliases and which have been offering for sale, completing sales, and exporting illegal products to consumers in this Judicial District and throughout the United States. Defendants have persisted in creating the Defendant Aliases. E-

commerce sales, including e-commerce internet stores like those of Defendants, have resulted in a sharp increase in the shipment of unauthorized products into the United States. *See Exhibit 2*, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, *Intellectual Property Rights Seizure Statistics, Fiscal Year 2021*. According to Customs and Border Patrol's ("CBP") report, over 90% of all CBP intellectual property seizures were smaller international mail and express shipments (as opposed to large shipping containers). *Id.* Approximately 60% of CBP seizures originated from mainland China and Hong Kong. *Id.* Counterfeit and pirated products account for billions of dollars in economic losses, resulting in tens of thousands of lost jobs for legitimate businesses and broader economic losses, including lost tax revenue. *Id.*

15. Counterfeiting rings take advantage of the anonymity provided by the internet, which allows them to evade enforcement efforts to combat counterfeiting. For example, counterfeiters take advantage of the fact that marketplace platforms do not adequately subject new sellers to verification and confirmation of their identities, allowing counterfeiters to "routinely use false or inaccurate names and addresses when registering with these Internet platforms." *See Exhibit 3*, Daniel C.K. Chow, *Alibaba, Amazon, and Counterfeiting in the Age of the Internet*, 41 *Nw. J. Int'l. L. & Bus.* 24 (2020). Additionally, "Internet commerce platforms create bureaucratic or technical hurdles in helping brand owners to locate or identify sources of counterfeits and counterfeiters." *Id.* At 25. Therefore, with the absence of regulation, Defendants may and do garner sales from Illinois residents by setting up and operating e-commerce internet stores that target United States consumers using one or more aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accept payment in U.S. dollars, and, on information and belief, have sold counterfeit products to residents of Illinois.

16. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant hereto, the Defendants in this action have had full knowledge of Plaintiff's ownership of the [REDACTED] Designs and Works (" [REDACTED] Intellectual Property"), including its exclusive right to use and license such intellectual property and their associated goodwill. Defendants' Internet Stores also use the same pictures to advertise their infringing product that Plaintiff uses on its [REDACTED] to sell and advertise its genuine and original [REDACTED] Products, sowing further confusion among potential purchasers.

17. Defendants go to great lengths to conceal their identities by using multiple fictitious names and addresses to register and operate their massive network of Defendant Internet Stores. Other Defendant domain names often use privacy services that conceal the owners' identity and contact information. Upon information and belief, Defendants regularly create new websites and online marketplace accounts on various platforms using the identities listed in Schedule A of this Complaint, as well as other unknown fictitious names and addresses. Such Defendant Internet Store registration patterns are one of the many common tactics used by the Defendants to conceal their identities, the full scope and interworking of their massive counterfeiting operation, and to avoid being shut down.

18. The infringing products for sale in the Defendant Internet Stores bear similarities and indicia of being related to one another, suggesting that the infringing products were manufactured by and come from a common source and that, upon information and belief, Defendants are interrelated.

19. Upon information and belief, Defendants use unauthorized search engine optimization tactics and social media spamming so that the Defendant Internet Stores listings show up at or near the top of relevant search results after others are shut down. As such, Plaintiff also

seeks to disable Defendant domain names owned by Defendants that are the means by which the Defendants could continue to sell counterfeit products.

20. Defendants, without authorization or license from Plaintiff, knowingly and willfully used and continue to use [REDACTED] Intellectual Property in connection with the advertisement, offer for sale, and sale of the counterfeit products, through, inter alia, the internet. The infringing products are not products of the Plaintiff. Plaintiff did not manufacture, inspect, or package the infringing products and did not approve the counterfeit products for sale or distribution. Each of the Defendants' Internet Stores offers shipping to the United States, including Illinois, and, on information and belief, each Defendant has sold counterfeit products into the United States, including Illinois.

21. Defendants' use of [REDACTED] Intellectual Property and Works in connection with the advertising, distribution, offer for sale, and sale of infringing products, including the sale of infringing products into Illinois, is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake, and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming Plaintiff.

22. Upon information and belief, Defendants are an interrelated group of infringers working in active concert to knowingly and willfully manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, and sell Infringing Products in the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants, without any authorization or license from Plaintiff, have jointly and severally, knowingly and willfully offered for sale, sold, and/or imported into the United States for subsequent resale or use products that directly and/or indirectly infringe the [REDACTED] Designs. Each e-commerce store operating under the Seller Aliases offers shipping to the United States, including Illinois, and, on information and belief, each Defendant has sold infringing products in the United States and Illinois over the Internet.

23. Defendants' infringement of the [REDACTED] Designs in making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing into the United States for subsequent sale or use of the infringing products was willful.

24. Defendants' infringement of the [REDACTED] Designs in connection with making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing into the United States for the subsequent sale of use of the infringing products, including the making, using, offering or sale, selling, and/or importing into the United States for the subsequent sale or use of infringing products into Illinois, is irreparably harming Plaintiff.

25. Upon information and belief, Defendants will continue to register or acquire listings for the purpose of selling infringing products that infringe the [REDACTED] Designs and Copyright unless preliminarily and permanently enjoined.

COUNT I

DESIGN PATENT INFRINGEMENT (35 U.S.C. § 271)

26. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 25.

27. Plaintiff is the lawful assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Designs (U.S. Reg. Nos. [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]). See **Exhibit 1**.

28. Defendants are making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing into the United States for subsequent sale or use Infringing Products that infringe directly and/or indirectly the ornamental design claimed in the Plaintiff's design patent.

29. Defendants have been and are infringing Plaintiff's design patent by making, using, selling, or offering for sale in the United States, or importing into the United States, including within this judicial district, the accused products in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).

30. Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's design patents through the aforesaid acts and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court. Defendants' wrongful conduct has caused Plaintiff to suffer irreparable harm resulting from the loss of its lawful patent rights to exclude others from making, using, selling, offering for sale, and importing the patented invention. Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283.

31. Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's design patents because, in the eye of an ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the ornamental designs of Plaintiff's design patents and the overall design features of Defendants' products are substantially the same, if not identical, with resemblance such as to deceive an ordinary observer, inducing such observer to purchase and Infringing Product supposing to be Plaintiff's product protected by Plaintiff's design patents.

32. Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages adequate to compensate for the infringement, including Defendant's profits pursuant to 35 U.S.C § 289. Plaintiff is entitled to recover any other damages as appropriate pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

COUNT II

COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (17 U.S.C. § 501(a))

33. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 32.

34. Plaintiff's works have significant value and have been produced and created at considerable expense. Plaintiff is the owner of each original work, and all works at issue have been registered with the U.S. Copyright Office. See **Exhibit 1**.

35. Plaintiff, at all relevant times, has been the holder of the pertinent exclusive rights infringed by Defendants, as alleged hereunder, including but not limited to the copyrighted Plaintiff's works, including derivative works.

36. Upon information and belief, Defendants had access to the works through Plaintiff's normal business activities. After accessing Plaintiff's works, Defendants wrongfully created copies of the copyrighted Plaintiff's works without Plaintiff's consent and engaged in acts of widespread infringement through publishing and distributing the Plaintiff's works via online websites and digital markets in connection with the marketing of their counterfeit products. Indeed, every video and photograph used by Defendants is virtually identical to the original Plaintiff's works.

37. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants further infringed Plaintiff's copyrights by making or causing to be made derivative works from Plaintiff's works by producing and distributing reproductions without Plaintiff's permission.

38. Defendants, without the permission or consent of Plaintiff, have published online infringing derivative works of Plaintiff's works. Defendants have violated Plaintiff's exclusive rights of reproduction and distribution. Defendants' actions constitute an infringement of Plaintiff's exclusive rights protected under the Copyright Act (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.).

39. Further, as a direct result of the acts of copyright infringement, Defendants have obtained direct and indirect profits they would not otherwise have realized but for their infringement of the copyrighted Plaintiff's works. Plaintiff is entitled to disgorgement of Defendants' profits directly and indirectly attributable to their infringement of Plaintiff's works.

40. The foregoing acts of infringement constitute a collective enterprise of shared, overlapping facts, and have been willful, intentional, and in disregard of and with indifference to the rights of Plaintiff.

41. As a result of Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's exclusive rights under its copyright, Plaintiff is entitled to relief pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504.

42. The conduct of Defendants is causing and, unless enjoined and restrained by this Court, will continue to cause Plaintiff great and irreparable injury that cannot fully be compensated or measured in money. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §§ 502 and 503, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from further infringing Plaintiff's copyrights and ordering that Defendants destroy all unauthorized copies. Defendants' copies, digital files, and other embodiments of Plaintiff's Works from which copies can be reproduced should be impounded and forfeited to Plaintiff as instruments of infringement, and all infringing copies created by Defendants should be impounded and forfeited to Plaintiff, under 17 U.S.C. § 503.

COUNT III

FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN (15 U.S.C. § 1125)

43. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 42.

44. Defendant's promoting, marketing, offering for sale, and selling of infringing and counterfeit products has created and is creating a likelihood of confusion, mistake, and deception among the general public as to the affiliation, connection, or association with Plaintiff or the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Defendants' counterfeit version of Plaintiff's unique [REDACTED] [REDACTED] branded products.

45. By using Plaintiff's intellectual property in connection with the sale of counterfeit products, Defendants create a false designation of origin and misleading representation of the fact as to the origin and sponsorship of the counterfeit product. By their use of Plaintiff's original designs and photographs in association with the offer and sale of the counterfeit product, Defendants seek to further confuse the relevant public as to the source or sponsorship of their goods by Plaintiff.

46. Defendants' false designation of origin and misrepresentation of fact as to the origin and/or sponsorship of the counterfeit product to the general public is a willful violation of Section 43 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125.

47. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law and, if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, Plaintiff will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of its brand.

COUNT IV

VIOLATION OF ILLINOIS UNIFORM DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES ACT (815 ILCS § 510/1, et seq.)

48. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 47.

49. Defendants have engaged in acts violating Illinois law including, but not limited to, passing off their counterfeit product as those of Plaintiff, causing a likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to the source of their goods, causing a likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to an affiliation, connection, or association with Plaintiff's genuine and authentic [REDACTED] branded products, representing that their products have Plaintiff's approval when they do not, and engaging in other conduct which creates a likelihood of confusion or misunderstanding among the public.

50. The foregoing Defendants' acts constitute a willful violation of the Illinois Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act, 815 ILCS § 510/1, *et seq.*

51. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and Defendants' conduct has caused Plaintiff to suffer damage to its reputation and goodwill. Unless enjoined by this Court, Plaintiff will suffer future irreparable harm as a direct result of Defendants' unlawful activities.

COUNT V

CIVIL CONSPIRACY

52. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 51.

53. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants knowingly and voluntarily entered into a scheme and agreement to engage in a combination of unlawful acts and misconduct including, without limitation, a concerted and collaborated effort to maintain the distribution, marketing, advertising, shipping, offer for sale, or sale of counterfeit products in violation of the Illinois Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act, 815 ILCS § 510, *et seq.*

54. The intent, purpose, and objective of the conspiracy and the underlying combination of unlawful acts and misconduct committed by the Defendants was to undermine Plaintiff and its business by unfairly competing against it as described above.

55. The Defendants each understood and accepted the foregoing scheme and agreed to do their respective part, to further accomplish the foregoing intent, purpose, and objective. Thus, by entering the conspiracy, each Defendant has deliberately, willfully, and maliciously permitted, encouraged, and/or induced all the foregoing unlawful acts and misconduct.

56. As a direct and proximate cause of the unlawful acts and misconduct undertaken by each Defendant in furtherance of the conspiracy, Plaintiff has sustained, and unless each

Defendant is restrained and enjoined, will continue to sustain severe, immediate, and irreparable harm, damage, and injury for which Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

A. That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all other persons acting for, with, by, through, under, or in active concert with them be temporarily preliminary, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:

i. Passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product as a genuine Plaintiff's product or any other product produced by Plaintiff that is not Plaintiff's or not produced under the authority, control, or supervision of Plaintiff and approved by Plaintiff for sale and associated with or derived from Plaintiff's intellectual property;

ii. Publishing, using, and displaying Plaintiff's copyrighted works and in any other manner infringing Plaintiff's copyrights;

iii. Making, using, selling, and/or importing to the United States for retail sale or resale any products that infringe Plaintiff's design patents;

iv. Committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defendants' counterfeit product is those sold under the authority, control, or supervision of Plaintiff, or are sponsored by, approved of, or otherwise connected with Plaintiff, including without limitation through use of Plaintiff's original videos and photographs in connection with the offer or sale of counterfeit products;

v. Further damaging Plaintiff's goodwill;

vi. Otherwise competing unfairly with Plaintiff in any manner;

vii. Shipping (including drop-shipping), delivering, holding for sale, transferring, or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory not manufactured by or for Plaintiff, nor authorized by Plaintiff to be sold or offered for sale, and which embody Plaintiff's design patents;

viii. Using, linking to, transferring, selling, exercising control over, or otherwise owning the Defendant Internet Stores, or any other domain name or online marketplace account that is being used to sell or is how Defendants could continue to sell counterfeit products;

ix. Operating and/or hosting websites at the Defendant Internet Stores of any other domain names registered or operated by Defendants that are involved in the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product embodying Plaintiff's design patents that is not a genuine product or not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with the Plaintiff's brand; and,

B. That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all persons acting for, with, by through, under, or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:

i. Displaying images protected by the Plaintiff's copyright in connection with the distribution, advertising, offer for sale and/or sale of any product that is not a genuine product of Plaintiff's or is not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with the Plaintiff's brand; and

ii. Shipping, delivering, holding for sale, distributing, returning, transferring, or otherwise moving, storing, or disposing of in any manner products or inventory not

manufactured by or for Plaintiff, not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold or offered for sale, and protected by the Plaintiff's trademark or any reproductions, counterfeit copies, or colorable imitation thereof; and,

C. That Defendants, within fourteen (14) days after service of judgment with notice of entry thereof upon them, be required to file with the Court and serve upon Plaintiff a written report under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendants have complied with any and all injunctive relief ordered by this Court;

D. Entry of an Order that, upon Plaintiff's request, those in privity with Defendants and those with notice of the injunction, including any online marketplaces such as: [REDACTED]; [REDACTED]; payment processors such as [REDACTED]; social media platforms such as: Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, Twitter; Internet search engines such as Google, Bing, and Yahoo; webhosts for the Defendants Domain Names, and domain name registrars, that are provided with notice of the injunction, cease facilitating access to any or all webstores through which Defendants engage in the sale of counterfeit products using the Plaintiff's Intellectual Property; shall:

i. Disable and cease providing services for any accounts through which Defendants engage in the sale of counterfeit Plaintiff's [REDACTED] branded product using Plaintiff's Intellectual Property, including any accounts associated with the Defendants listed on Schedule A;

ii. Disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendants in connection with the sale of counterfeiting and infringing counterfeit product using Plaintiff's Intellectual Property; and,

iii. Take all steps necessary to prevent links to the Defendant Online Stores identified in Schedule A from displaying in search results, including, but not limited to, removing links to the Defendant Online stores from any search index; and,

E. That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:

- i. making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing into the United States for subsequent sale or use any products not authorized by Plaintiff and that include any reproduction, copy or colorable imitation of the design claimed in [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Designs;
- ii. aiding, abetting, contributing to, or otherwise assisting anyone in infringing upon [REDACTED] Designs; and
- iii. effecting assignments or transfers, forming new entities or associations or utilizing any other device for the purpose of circumventing or otherwise avoiding the prohibitions set forth in Subparagraphs (a) and (b).

F. Entry of an Order that, upon Plaintiff's request, those with notice of the injunction, including, without limitation, any online marketplace platforms such as [REDACTED] [REDACTED]; payment processors such as [REDACTED] [REDACTED]; social media platforms such as: Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, Twitter; Internet search engines such as: Google, Bing, and Yahoo; webhosts for the Defendants Domain Names, and domain name registrars shall disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or

associated with Defendants in connection with the sale of goods that infringe the ornamental design claimed in [REDACTED] Designs;

G. That Plaintiff be awarded such damages as it shall prove at trial against Defendants that are adequate to compensate Plaintiff for Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's design, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by the Defendants, together with interest and costs, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

H. That the amount of damages awarded to Plaintiff to compensate Plaintiff for infringement of [REDACTED] Designs be increased by three times the amount thereof, as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284;

I. In the alternative, that Plaintiff be awarded complete accounting of all revenue and profits realized by Defendants from Defendants' infringement of [REDACTED] Designs, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289;

J. That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, employees, attorneys, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under, or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:

i. using [REDACTED] Works or any reproductions, copies, or colorable imitations thereof in any manner with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not an authorized [REDACTED] Products or is not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with [REDACTED] Works;

ii. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product or not produced under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff and approved by Plaintiff for sale under [REDACTED] Works;

iii. further infringing [REDACTED] Works and damaging Plaintiff's goodwill;

iv. shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold or offered for sale, and which directly use [REDACTED] Works and which are derived from Plaintiff's copyrights in the [REDACTED] Works; and

v. using, linking to, transferring, selling, exercising control over, or otherwise owning the Defendant Internet Stores, or any other online marketplace account that is being used to sell products or inventory not authorized by Plaintiff which are derived from Plaintiff's copyrights in [REDACTED] Works;

K. Entry of an Order that, upon Plaintiff's request, those in privity with Defendants and those with notice of the injunction, including any online marketplaces such as: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]; payment processors such as PayPal, Stripe, Payoneer; social media platforms such as: Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, Twitter; Internet search engines such as: Google, Bing, and Yahoo; webhosts for the Defendants Domain Names, and domain name registrars, that are provided with notice of the injunction, cease facilitating access to any or all webstores through which Defendants engage in the sale of infringing products using the Plaintiff's copyrights; shall:

i. disable and cease providing services for any accounts through which Defendants engage in the sale of products not authorized by Plaintiff which reproduce [REDACTED]

Works or are derived from Works, including any accounts associated with the Defendants listed on Schedule A;

ii. disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendants in connection with the sale of products not authorized by Plaintiff which are derived from Works; and

iii. take all steps necessary to prevent links to the Defendant accounts identified on Schedule A from displaying in search results, including, but not limited to, removing links to the Defendant accounts from any search index;

L. For Judgment in favor of Plaintiff against Defendants that they have: a) willfully infringed Plaintiff's rights in its federally registered copyrights pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §501; and b) otherwise injured the business reputation and business of Plaintiff by Defendants' acts and conduct set forth in this Complaint;

M. For Judgment in favor of Plaintiff against Defendants for actual damages or statutory damages pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §504, at the election of Plaintiff, in an amount to be determined at trial;

N. That Plaintiff be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and,

O. That Plaintiff be awarded any and all other relief that this Court deems equitable and just.

Plaintiff demands trial by jury as to all causes of action so triable.

Dated: September 22, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ James E. Judge
Zareefa B. Flener (IL Bar No. 6281397)
James E. Judge (IL Bar No. 6243206)
Flener IP Law, LLC
77 W. Washington St., Ste. 800
Chicago, IL 60602
(312) 724-8874
jjudge@fleneriplaw.com