	Case 2:24-cv-00331 Doc	ument 1	Filed 01	L/12/24	Page 1 of 1	L Page ID #:1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Nathaniel L. Dilger (SBN 199 ndilger@onellp.com Peter R. Afrasiabi (SBN 1933 pafrasiabi@onellp.com Joseph K. Liu (SBN 216227) jliu@onellp.com ONE LLP 23 Corporate Plaza Suite 150-105 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Telephone: (949) 502-2780 Facsimile: (949) 258-5081 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Zhejiang Zhengte Co. Ltd.	336)	ATES D	ISTDI	CT COUPT	ς
10 11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION					
12			1	C ·	NT 2.24	00221
13	Chinese limited company,	ZHEJIANG ZHENGTE CO. LTD., a Chinese limited company, Plaintiff,		Case No. 2:24-cv-00331		
14	Plaintiff,			COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT		
15	v.			DEM	AND FOR	JURY TRIAL
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	LAUSAINT INDUSTRIAL Chinese limited company; N MODE NETWORK TECHN CO., LTD., a Chinese limited NINGBO LUOSEN NETWO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. limited company; and TEAK USA, a California corporatio Defendants.	INGBO IOLOGY d compa ORK , a Chine SOUR(RE Y ny; ese			
22						
23						
25						
26						
27						
28						
	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT					

For its Complaint against Lausaint Industrial Co. Ltd. ("Lausaint"), Ningbo Re Mode Network Technology Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo Re Mode"), Ningbo Luosen Network Technology Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo Luosen"), and Teak Source USA ("Teak Source") (collectively, "Defendants"), Plaintiff Zhengte Industrial Co. Ltd.., ("Zhengte" or "Plaintiff") hereby allege as follows:

IV. NATURE OF THE ACTION

This is an action for patent infringement of United States Patent No.
 US11624187B2 ("the '187 Patent" or "the Asserted Patent"), arising under the Patent
 Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §1, *et seq.*, seeking damages and other relief under
 35 U.S.C. § 281, *et seq.*

V. <u>THE PARTIES</u>

2. Plaintiff Zhengte is a limited company organized and existing under the laws of China with a principal place of business located at No. 811, Oriental Avenue, Linhai, Zhejiang, China, 317004. Plaintiff makes products covered by the Asserted Patent and which compete directly with the Accused Products described below.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant Lausaint is a limited company organized under the laws of China with a principal place of business located at 5101 Densmore Avenue, Encino, CA 91436. On information and belief, Lausaint manufactures, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports into the United States the Accused Products described below.

4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Ningbo Re Mode is a limited company organized under the laws of China with a principal place of business located at Room 601, 639 Tiantong South Road, Shounan Street, Yinzhou District, Ningbo City, Zhejiang, China 317004. On information and belief, Ningbo Re Mode manufactures, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports into the United States the Accused Products described below, and also operates the website www.lausaint.com.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Ningbo Luosen is a limited
company organized under the laws of China with a principal place of business located at

2

Room 601, 639 Tiantong South Road, Shounan Street, Yinzhou District, Ningbo City, Zhejiang, China 317004. On information and belief, Ningbo Luosen is the owner of the "LAUSAINT HOME" trademarks with US serial numbers 90703931 and 98270288.

6. Upon information and belief, Teak Source is a California corporation with its principal place of address at 5101 Densmore Avenue, Encino, CA 91436. On information and belief, Teak source distributes within the United States one or more of the Accused Product described below.

7. Upon information and belief, Defendants sell and offer to sell products and services throughout the United States, including in this District, and introduces products and services into the stream of commerce, which include the Accused Products described below. Defendants perform these acts knowing that the Accused Products will be sold in this District and elsewhere in the United States, resulting in infringement of Plaintiffs' Asserted Patent identified below.

8. Upon information and belief, Defendants conduct significant, persistent and regular amount of business in this District through product sales by its distributors, customers, and resellers and through online marketing, and Defendants derive substantial revenue from such business.

18

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

VI. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.

10. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

11. Venue is proper in this District because Defendants Lausaint, Ningbo Re Mode, and Ningbo Luosen are foreign companies and venue against these defendants is therefore governed by the general venue statute, which provides that "a defendant not resident in the United States may be sued in any judicial district." 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(3); *see also In re HTC Corp.*, 889 F.3d 1349, 1358 (Fed. Cir. 2018). Venue is likewise

27 28

proper in this District against Defendant Teak Source because it has a regular and 2 established place of business in the Central District of California.

3 Upon information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over 12. Defendants because they have purposefully availed themselves of the privileges and 4 benefits of the laws of the State of California. Further, Defendants are subject to this Court's general and specific personal jurisdiction because Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts within the State of California, pursuant to due process and/or the California Long Arm Statute, because Defendants purposefully availed themselves of the privileges of conducting business in the State of California, and because Plaintiff's causes of action arise directly from Defendants' business contacts and other activities in the State of California, including Defendants regularly doing or soliciting business and deriving substantial revenue from providing products and services to individuals in this District, including the Accused Product described below, which is accused of infringing the Asserted Patents. The exercise of jurisdiction over Defendants would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

VII. BACKGROUND

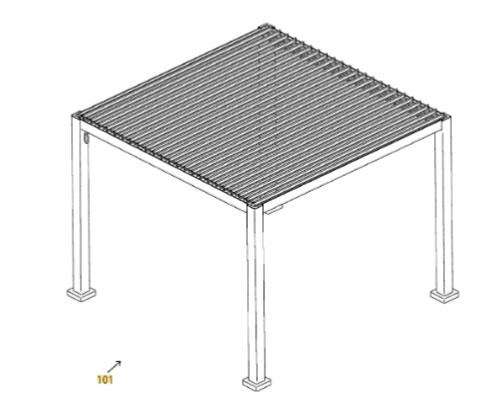
13. Plaintiff is a global provider of high-quality outdoor products. Over the past 25 plus years, Plaintiff has grown from a small factory into a now major and highlyrespected supplier of outdoor leisure furniture and supplies. One of Plaintiff's most successful products is an innovative louvered pergola, which can be easily and quickly assembled by purchasers using only simple tools. This pergola further includes an internal gutter system that allows for easy drainage of rainwater and other moisture from the pergola. Below is a photo of Plaintiff's patented pergola:

1



See https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mlv3pvE1lh0

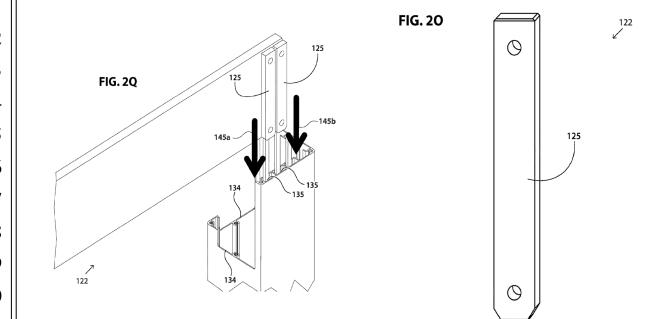
14. Plaintiff sought patent protection from the United States Patent Office ("USPTO") for its louvered pergola. In response, Plaintiff was granted United States Patent No. US11624187B2 ("the '187 Patent" or "the Asserted Patent"), which describes and claims various innovative aspects of Plaintiff's louvered pergola. Below is a representative figure from the '187 Patent:



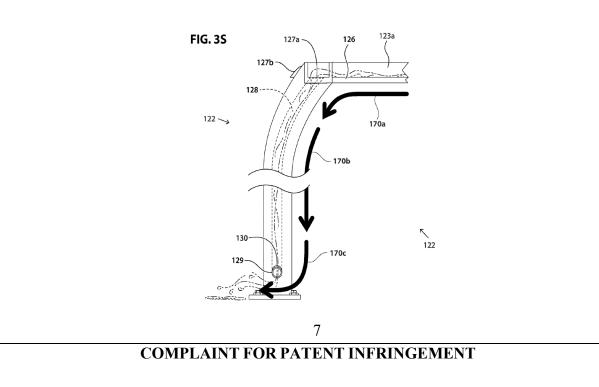
See https://patents.google.com/patent/US11624187B2/en?oq=US11624187B2

15. Among other innovations, the'187 Patent describes and claims a unique system for assembling the pergola that utilizes securing bars at the ends of each cross beam, which correspond with internal beam securing slots provided on the upper end of each corner post. To assemble the patented pergola, the cross beams are attached to corner posts by slidably inserting the at least one securing bar of each beam end into the at least one internal beam securing slot provided at the top end of the corner post. When assembled in this manner, the patented pergola includes both a clean and fastener-free outer surface as well as an offset between the outer surface of the cross beam as compared to the outer surface of the corner posts. Examples of one embodiment of this attachment system and the resultant cross beam/post offset can be seen in the '187 Patent figures reproduced below:





16. Plaintiff's patented pergola further includes an internal gutter system that allows for rainwater to drain from the louvered pergola roof into internal gutters provided along the length each cross beam. Rainwater runs in these internal gutters and thereafter drains into an internal conduit provided in each corner post. After draining into this internal conduit, rainwater thereafter passes through an aperture provided in a lower portion of the respective corner post. One embodiment of this gutter system can be seen in the '187 Patent figure reproduced below:



17. Defendants manufacture and export into the United States pergolas and other outdoor leisure furniture and supplies. As shown in the attached claim chart (**Exhibit A**), at least Defendants' "Lausaint 10' x 13' Louvered Pergola" ("Accused Product") infringes one or more claims of the '187 Patent, as well as any other louvered pergola made, used, sold, offered for sale, and/or imported by Defendants having substantially the same construction as the exemplary pergola shown in Exhibit A (collectively, "Accused Product").

18. Indeed, Defendants' Accused Product appears to be no more than an obvious knock-off of Plaintiff's patented pergola. Pictured below is the Accused Product (left photo), compared against Plaintiff's Pergola (right photo).



See https://lausaint.com/products/outdoor-louvered-pergola-shade-10x13-with-gutter-lausaint-home-well-engineered-waterproof-sun-shade-shelter-kit-with-adjustable-roof-for-patio-garden-and-deck-all-aluminum-black;

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mlv3pvE1lh0

19. Defendants' Accused Product is plainly no more than a blatant knock-off of Plaintiff's patented Pergola and – more importantly – infringes the patented features described and claimed in the '187 Patent.

COUNT I

INFRINGEMENT OF THE '187 PATENT

20. Plaintiff hereby restates the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs above as if fully set forth herein.

21. The '187 Patent was duly and legally issued to Plaintiff by the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

22. Dee Volin and Zhou Jian are the listed inventors and Plaintiff owns all right, title, and interest in and to the '187 Patent, including the right to assert all causes of action arising under the '187 Patent, the right to pursue all remedies for infringement of the '187 Patent, and the right to recover any and all available damages for infringement of the '187 patent

23. Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe the '187 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, and/or offering for sale in the United States, and/or importing into the United States without authorization, at least the Accused Product. For example, as shown in the attached claim chart (**Exhibit A**), the Accused Product infringe at least Claim 1 of '187 Patent.

24. Moreover, Defendants have infringed the '187 Patent with full knowledge that their making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing of the Accused Product constitutes infringement of the '187 Patent. In particular, Plaintiff has properly marked all commercial embodiments of Plaintiff's patented pergola with the '187 Patent number in accordance with the requirements of 35 U.S.C. Sec. 287. On information and belief, Defendants nonetheless secured a commercial copy of Plaintiff's patented pergola and thereafter directly copied this pergola. Defendants were thus well aware of the '187 Patent and the fact that Defendants were copying a patent-protected product. But despite having full knowledge of the '187 Patent and their infringement thereof, Defendants copied the Plaintiff's patented pergola and since then have continued to manufacture, use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import into the United States the Accused Product.

9

Defendants' infringement thus has been willful, subjecting it to treble damages in
 accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284 as well as an award to Plaintiff of its attorneys' fees in
 accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:

a. Declaring that Defendants have infringed the '187 Patent and that such infringement was willful.

b. Awarding damages arising out of Defendants' infringement of the '187
Patent to Plaintiff, together with prejudgment and post-judgment interest, in an amount according to proof.

c. As a consequence of Defendants' willful infringement, trebling the
foregoing damages award in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284.

d. Awarding attorneys' fees to Plaintiff pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285 or as otherwise permitted by law.

e. Awarding such other costs and further relied as the Court may deem just and
proper.

18 Dated: January 12, 2024

ONE LLP

B _v ,	/s/ Nathanial I Dilgar		
By.	<u>/s/ Nathaniel L. Dilger</u>		
	Nathaniel L. Dilger		
	Peter R. Afrasiabi		
	Joseph K. Liu		
	Attorneys for Plaintiff,		
	Zhejiang Zhengte Co. Ltd.		
	10		
COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT			

	Case 2:24-cv-00331 Documer	nt 1 Filed 01/12/24 Page 11 of 11 Page ID #:11				
1	DEMA	AND FOR JURY TRIAL				
2	Plaintiffs hereby demand trial by jury of all issues so triable under the law.					
3						
4	Dated: January 12, 2024	ONE LLP				
5						
6		By: <u>/s/ Nathaniel L. Dilger</u>				
7		Nathaniel L. Dilger Peter R. Afrasiabi				
8		Joseph K. Liu				
9		Attorneys for Plaintiff,				
10		Zhejiang Zhengte Co. Ltd.				
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
	COMPLAIN	11 NT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT				