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11	CHUBBI GORILLA, INC.	
12		
13	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
14	FOR THE CENTRAL DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
15		
16	CHUBBY GORILLA, INC., a California corporation,	Civil Action No. 8:24-cv-340
17	Plaintiff,	
18	V.	OCOMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK
19	FH PACKAGING LLC, a California	) INFRINGEMENT, AND TRADE ) DRESS INFRINGEMENT
20	company, and WOLFGANG ENTERPRISE, INC., a California	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
21	corporation	
22	Defendants.	
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Plaintiff, CHUBBY GORILLA, INC. ("Chubby Gorilla"), sues Defendants, FH PACKAGING LLC ("FH Packaging") and WOLFGANG ENTERPRISE, INC. ("Wolfgang Enterprise") (collectively, "Defendants"), and alleges:

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 1. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq*.
- 2. This is also an action for trademark and trade dress infringement that arises under the trademark laws of the United States, namely, the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 *et seq*.
- 3. Venue is proper in this judicial district for Chubby Gorilla's patent claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) because Defendants have committed acts of infringement in this judicial district and have a regular and establish place of business in this judicial district. Venue is proper in this judicial district as to Chubby Gorilla's non-patent claims under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)(1) and (b)(2).
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over each of Chubby Gorilla's claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants have a continuous, systematic, and substantial presence within this judicial district. For example, Defendants have a regular and established place of business in this judicial district, Defendants regularly do or solicit business, engage in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or device substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in the State of California. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants have been selling and/or offering for sale infringing products directly to consumers and/or retailers in this district and selling products into the stream of commerce knowing such products would be sold in California and this district. These acts form a substantial part of the events giving rise to Chubby

Gorilla's claims.

## THE PARTIES

- 6. Chubby Gorilla is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, having a principal place of business at 4320 N. Harbor Blvd., Fullerton, CA 92835.
- 7. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that FH Packaging is a company organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, having a principal place of business at 13977 The Merge Street, Unit B, Eastvale, CA 92880. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that Wolfgang Enterprise is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, having a principal place of business at 13977 The Merge Street, Unit B, Eastvale, CA 92880.

#### GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

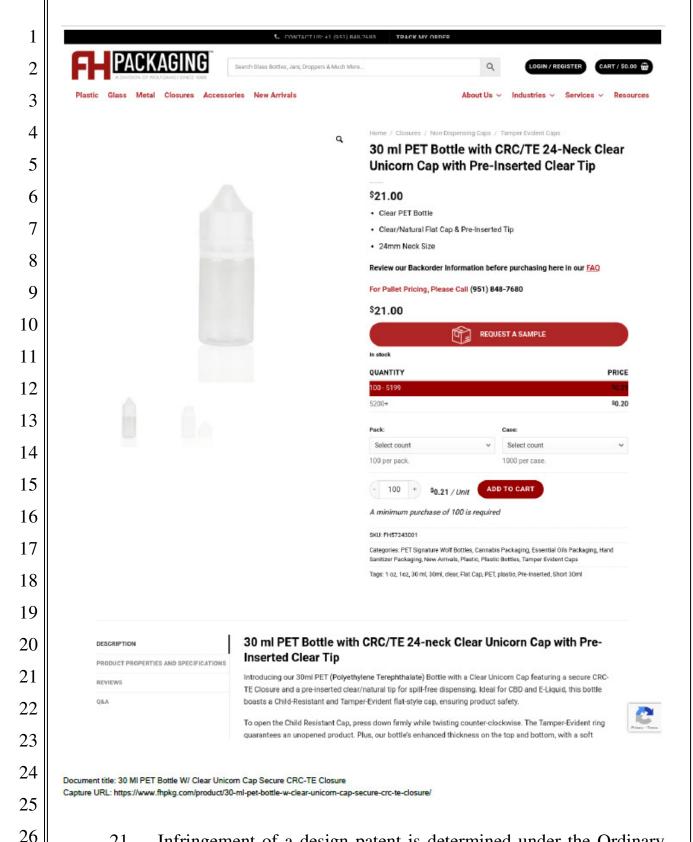
- 8. Chubby Gorilla is one of the nation's leading manufacturers of bottles used to house liquid for electronic cigarettes. Chubby Gorilla protects its innovative designs with its intellectual property rights.
- 9. On September 17, 2019, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D860,004 ("the D004 Patent"), titled "Dispensing Bottle Cap." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D004 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D004 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.
- 10. On February 23, 2021, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D911,172 ("the D172 Patent"), titled "Dispensing Bottle Cap." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D172 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D172 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 2**.
  - 11. On February 23, 2021, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United

States Design Patent No. D911,173 ("the D173 Patent"), titled "Dispensing Bottle Cap." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D173 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D173 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 3**.

- 12. On February 23, 2021, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D911,188 ("the D188 Patent"), titled "Dispensing Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D188 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D188 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 4**.
- 13. On March 28, 2023, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D981,850 ("the D850 Patent"), titled "Dispensing Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D850 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D850 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 5**.
- 14. On January 12, 2021, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D907,500 ("the D500 Patent"), titled "Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D500 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D500 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 6**.
- 15. On September 26, 2023, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D999,637 ("the D637 Patent"), titled "Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D637 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D637 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 7**.
- 16. On July 4, 2023, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D991,037 ("the D037 Patent"), titled "Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D037 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D037 Patent is attached hereto as

#### Exhibit 8.

- 17. On January 30, 2024, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D1,012,703 ("the D703 Patent"), titled "Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D703 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D703 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 9**.
- 18. On January 30, 2024, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D1,012,704 ("the D704 Patent"), titled "Bottle." Chubby Gorilla is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D704 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D704 Patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit 10**.
- 19. The D004, D172, D173, D188, D850, D500, D637, D037, D703, and D704 Patents are referred to collectively herein as the "Asserted Patents."
- 20. Defendants manufacture, use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import into the United States products that infringe Chubby Gorilla's Asserted Patents, including products that Defendants have advertised on the FH Packaging website, www.fhpkg.com. For example, as shown below, the FH Packaging website advertises the 30ML PET BOTTLE WITH CRC/TE 24-NECK CLEAR UNICORN CAP WITH PRE-INSERTED CLEAR TIP ("the Accused Products"):



21. Infringement of a design patent is determined under the Ordinary Observer Test: "[I]f, in the eye of an ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, two designs are substantially the same, if the

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- resemblance is such as to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other, the first one patented is infringed by the other." *Egyptian Goddess, Inc. v. Swissa, Inc.*, 543 F.3d 665, 670 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (en banc) (quoting *Graham Co. v. White*, 81 U.S. 511, 528 (1871)). Application of the Ordinary Observer Test focuses on the overall appearance of the design, rather than particular elements, and often undertakes a side-by-side visual comparison.
- 22. Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla and its products. In fact, Defendants used the name "Unicorn Cap" on the FH Packaging website to drive internet traffic. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that, Defendants had actual knowledge of the Asserted Patents because Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter that identified both the Accused Products and a subset of the Asserted Patents.
- 23. Chubby Gorilla has obtained and owns numerous trademarks in connection with the marketing of its goods. This includes U.S. Trademark Registration No. 5,175,220 ("the '220 Registration") for the mark UNICORN BOTTLE® ("Unicorn Mark").
- 24. Chubby Gorilla is the owner of the '220 Registration, which was registered with the USPTO on April 4, 2017 on the Principal Register for the mark UNICORN BOTTLE®. A true and correct copy of the certificate of registration of the '220 Registration is attached hereto as **Exhibit 11**. The Unicorn Mark has become incontestable pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1065.
- 25. The Unicorn Mark has not been abandoned, cancelled, or revoked. The Unicorn Mark constitutes an enforceable trademark that uniquely identifies products as emanating from, sponsored by, and/or authorized by Chubby Gorilla.
  - 26. As a result of the widespread use and display of the Unicorn Mark

as a distinctive trademark identifying Chubby Gorilla's products, (a) the public has come to recognize and identify products bearing the Unicorn Mark as emanating from Chubby Gorilla, (b) the public recognizes that products bearing the Unicorn Mark constitute high quality products that conform to the specifications created by Chubby Gorilla, and (c) that the Unicorn Mark has established extensive goodwill.

- 27. The products sold by Chubby Gorilla under the Unicorn Mark have been widely advertised, promoted, and distributed to the purchasing public throughout the United States and the world.
- 28. Products sold under the Unicorn Mark, by reason of the style and design and quality of workmanship, have come to be known to the purchasing public throughout the United States as representing products of high quality, which are sold under good merchandising and customer service conditions. As a result, the Unicorn Mark, and the goodwill associated therewith, is of great value to Chubby Gorilla.
- 29. Chubby Gorilla sells bottles and caps that bear a unique and distinctive trade dress in the overall design of the bottle and cap ("CG Trade Dress"). Examples of these uniquely shaped bottles and caps are pictured below:



30. Due to the overwhelming number of sales of bottles and caps

bearing the CG Trade Dress, with millions of units sold to date, the consuming public has come to associate the CG Trade Dress exclusively with Chubby Gorilla.

- 31. The public's association of the CG Trade Dress with Chubby Gorilla has been enhanced by Chubby Gorilla's advertising. This advertising, including advertising on the Chubby Gorilla website, prominently features pictures of the uniquely shaped Chubby Gorilla bottle and cap, further cementing the public's association of this shape with Chubby Gorilla.
- 32. As a result of Chubby Gorilla's widespread use and display of the CG Trade Dress in association with its bottles and caps, (a) the public has come to recognize and identify the products bearing the CG Trade Dress as emanating from Chubby Gorilla, (b) the public recognizes that products bearing the CG Trade Dress constitute high quality products that conform to the specifications created by Chubby Gorilla, and (c) the CG Trade Dress has established strong secondary meaning and extensive goodwill.
- 33. The CG Trade Dress is not functional. The design features embodied by the CG Trade Dress are not essential to the function of the bottle, do not make the bottle cheaper or easier to manufacture, and do not affect the quality of the bottle. The design embodied by the CG Trade Dress is not a competitive necessity.
- 34. The shape of the CG Trade Dress serves to identify Chubby Gorilla as the source of the bottles.
- 35. Defendants advertise their products on the FH Packaging website, www.fhpkg.com. On this website, Defendants advertise their bottles as "Bottle with a Clear Unicorn Cap."
- 36. In addition, Defendants' bottles are nearly identical in appearance to Chubby Gorilla's bottles. This falsely represents to consumers that Defendants' products are manufactured or endorsed by Chubby Gorilla.

- 37. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants' use of the words "Unicorn Cap" on their website is likely to cause confusion and mistake among consumers and the public, and to deceive the public into believing that Defendants' products are associate with, sponsored by, originate from, or are approved by Chubby Gorilla, when they are not.
- 38. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendants' acts complained of here are willful and deliberate.
- 39. Defendants' acts complained of herein have caused Chubby Gorilla to suffer actual damages and irreparable injury to its business. Chubby Gorilla will continue to suffer substantial loss and irreparable injury unless and until Defendants are enjoined from their wrongful actions complained of here.

#### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D860,004)

- 40. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-39 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 41. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 42. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D004 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D004 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D004 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D004 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 2 of the D004 Patent
	FIG. 2
	FIG. 2

43. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D004 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D004 Patent. For example, Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter identifying the D004 Patent and the infringement by the Accused Products on December 27, 2023. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' Accused Products are a nearly identical copy of Chubby

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- Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D004 Patent. Defendants infringed the D004 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D004 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D004 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.
- 44. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 45. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 46. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to 47. Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D004 Patent.
- 48. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 49. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

## SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D911,172)

- 50. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-49 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 51. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.

52. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D172 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D172 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D172 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D172 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 6 of the D172 Patent
	Fig. 6
	Fig. 6

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- 53. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D172 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D172 Patent. For example, Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter identifying the D172 Patent and the infringement by the Accused Products on December 27, 2023. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D172 Patent. Defendants infringed the D172 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D172 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D172 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.
- 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 55. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 56. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 57. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D172 Patent.
- 58. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy

at law.

59. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

#### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D911,173)

- 60. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-59 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 61. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 62. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D173 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D173 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D173 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D173 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 2 of the D173 Patent
	Fig. 2
	Fig. 2

63. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D173 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D173 Patent. For example, Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter identifying the D173 Patent and the infringement by the Accused Products on December 27, 2023. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D173 Patent. Defendants infringed the D173 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants

knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D173 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D173 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 65. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 66. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 67. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D173 Patent.
- 68. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 69. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

## FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D911,188)

- 70. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-69 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 71. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 72. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D188 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a

design that infringes that D188 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D188 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D188 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 2 of the D188 Patent
	FIG. 2

73. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D188 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D188 Patent. For example, Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter identifying the D188 Patent and the infringement by the Accused Products on December 27, 2023. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D188 Patent. Defendants infringed the D188

Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D188 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D188 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 74. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 75. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 76. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 77. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D188 Patent.
- 78. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 79. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

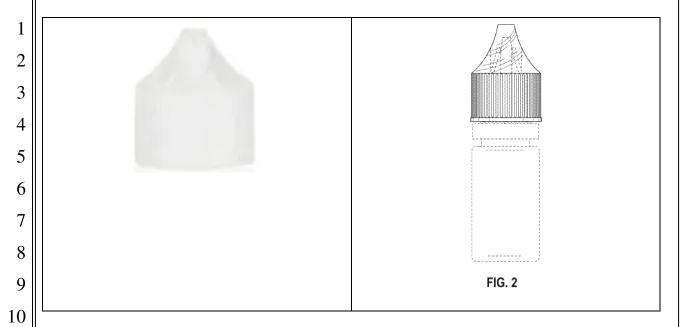
## FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D981,850)

- 80. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-79 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 81. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 82. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D850 Patent

by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D850 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D850 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D850 Patent.

10	DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A	Fig. 2 of the D850 Patent
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83. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D850 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D850 Patent. For example, Chubby Gorilla sent Defendants a cease-and-desist letter identifying the D850 Patent and the infringement by the Accused Products on December 27, 2023. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D850 Patent. Defendants infringed the D850 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D850 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D850 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

84. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and

advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.

- 85. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 86. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 87. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D850 Patent.
- 88. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 89. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

#### SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D907,500)

- 90. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-89 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 91. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 92. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D500 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D500 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D500 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one

supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D500 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 2 of the D500 Patent
	FIG. 2
	FIG. 2

93. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D500 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D500 Patent. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and

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Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and patented design. intentional infringement of the D500 Patent. Defendants infringed the D500 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D500 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D500 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 94. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 95. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 96. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 97. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D500 Patent.
- 98. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 99. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

## SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D999,637)

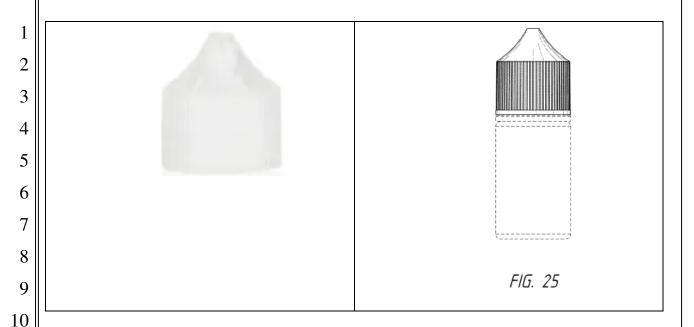
Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-99 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

101. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.

102. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D637 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D637 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D637 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D637 Patent.

DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 25 of the D637 Patent
	FIG. 25

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103. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D637 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D637 Patent. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and patented design. intentional infringement of the D637 Patent. Defendants infringed the D637 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D637 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D637 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 104. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 105. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and

106. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.

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Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D637 Patent.

107. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to

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great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law. 109. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this

108. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered

## **EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D991,037)

- Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-109 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 112. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D037 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D037 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D037 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D037 Patent.

Fig. 25 of the D037 Patent

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113. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D037 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D037 Patent. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and

intentional infringement of the D037 Patent. Defendants infringed the D037 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D037 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D037 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 114. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 115. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 116. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 117. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D037 Patent.
- 118. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 119. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

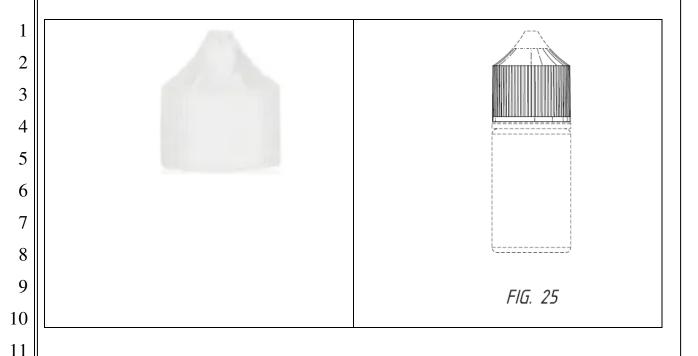
## NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D1,012,703)

- 120. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-119 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 121. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
  - 122. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have,

and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D703 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D703 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D703 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D703 Patent.

11	DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 25 of the D703 Patent
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123. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D703 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D703 Patent. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D703 Patent. Defendants infringed the D703 Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D703 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D703 Patent were not consistent with the standards of

124. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.

125. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages

commerce for their industry.

for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.

- 126. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 127. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D703 Patent.
- 128. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 129. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

#### TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Infringement of U.S. Design Patent No. D1,012,704)

- 130. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-129 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
  - 131. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 132. Defendants, through their agents, employees, and/or servants have, and continue to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D704 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing products having a design that infringes that D704 Patent. For example, the side-by-side visual comparisons shown below of Chubby Gorilla's patented design and the Accused Products establishes that in the eye of the ordinary observer, giving such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the design of the Accused Products is substantially the same as the claimed design of the D704 Patent, because the resemblance is such to deceive such an observer inducing him to purchase one supposing it to be the other and, as a result, Defendants infringe the D704 Patent.

1	DEFENDANTS' BOTTLE WITH A UNICORN CAP	Fig. 25 of the D704 Patent
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undertaken without permission or license from Chubby Gorilla. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes, and based thereon, alleges that Defendants had actual knowledge of Chubby Gorilla's rights in the D704 Patent. The design of Chubby Gorilla's products is well-known throughout the industry, and Defendants' products are each a nearly identical copy of Chubby Gorilla's patented design. Accordingly, Defendants' actions constitute willful and

133. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D704 Patent were

intentional infringement of the D704 Patent. Defendants infringed the D704

Patent with reckless disregard of Chubby Gorilla's patent rights. Defendants knew, or it was so obvious that Defendants should have known, that their actions constitute infringement of the D704 Patent. Defendants' acts of infringement of the D704 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for their industry.

- 134. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of infringement, Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla.
- 135. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts and treble damages together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 136. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 137. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to Defendants' total profits from Defendants' infringement of the D704 Patent.
- 138. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Chubby Gorilla has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 139. Defendants will continue to infringe Chubby Gorilla's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Chubby Gorilla, unless enjoined by this Court.

#### **ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### (Trademark Infringement)

- 140. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-139 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 141. This is a claim for infringement of federally registered trademarks arising under 15 U.S.C. § 1114.
  - 142. By advertising their products as "Unicorn Caps," Defendants have

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26 27 28 infringed Chubby Gorilla's '220 Registration.

- 143. In particular, by using the identical term "Unicorn" in connection with the sale of goods that are essentially identical to those of Chubby Gorilla, Defendants are very likely to cause consumer confusion as to the source of Defendants' bottles.
- 144. Defendants infringed the '220 Registration with the intent to unfairly compete with Chubby Gorilla, to trade upon Chubby Gorilla's reputation and goodwill by causing confusion and mistake among customers and the public, and to deceive the public into believing that Defendants' products are associated with, sponsored by, originate from, or are approved by Chubby Gorilla, when they are not.
- 145. Defendants' activities constitute willful and intentional infringement of the '220 Registration in total disregard of Chubby Gorilla's proprietary rights. Defendants infringed the '220 Registration despite having knowledge that the use of the '220 Registration was, and is, in direct contravention of Chubby Gorilla's rights.
- 146. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages from their trademark infringement in an amount that is not currently known to Chubby Gorilla. Moreover, Defendants' actions have damaged Chubby Gorilla in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 147. Further, Defendants' trademark infringement has caused Chubby Gorilla to suffer, and continue to suffer, great and irreparable injury for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.
- 148. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117, Chubby Gorilla is entitled to damages for Defendants' infringing acts, up to three times actual damages as fixed by this Court, and its reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.

## TWELFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (Trade Dress Infringement)

- 149. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-148 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 150. This is a claim for infringement of trade dress infringement arising under Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).
- 151. Chubby Gorilla has valid trade dress rights in the CG Trade Dress, which are protected by Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act.
- 152. Defendants' use and sale of an essentially identical bottle and cap is likely to cause consumer confusion as to the source of Defendants' bottles.
- 153. Accordingly, Defendants' sale of an essentially identical bottle and cap infringes Chubby Gorilla's trade dress rights.
- Defendants' acts of trade dress infringement were willfully undertaken with the express purpose of causing consumer confusion as to the source of Defendants' bottles so that Defendants could take unfair advantage of Chubby Gorilla's reputation and goodwill by causing confusion and mistake among customers and the public to deceive the public into believing that Defendants' products are associated with, sponsored by, originated from, or are approved by Chubby Gorilla, when they are not, resulting in a loss of reputation in, and mischaracterization of, Chubby Gorilla's products and its brand, damaging its marketability and saleability.
- 155. Defendants' activities constitute willful and intentional infringement of the CG Trade Dress rights in total disregard of Chubby Gorilla's proprietary rights and were done despite Defendants' explicit knowledge that the use and sale of the CG Trade Dress was and is in direct contravention of Chubby Gorilla's rights.
  - 156. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and thereon, alleges that

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Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages from their trade dress infringement in an amount that is not currently known to Chubby Gorilla. Moreover, Defendants' actions have damaged Chubby Gorilla in an amount to be determined at trial.

157. Further, Defendants' trade dress infringement has caused Chubby Gorilla to suffer, and continue to suffer, great and irreparable injury for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.

#### THIRTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

#### (False Designation of Origin and Federal Unfair Competition)

- 158. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-157 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- This is a claim for unfair competition and false designation of origin under 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).
- 160. Defendants' use of each of the '220 Registration and the CG Trade Dress without Chubby Gorilla's consent, each constitutes a false designation of origin, false or misleading description of fact, or false or misleading representation of fact, which (1) is likely to cause confusion or to cause mistake, or to deceive as to the affiliation, connection, or association of Defendants with Chubby Gorilla, or as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Defendants' goods or commercial activities by Chubby Gorilla, and (2) in commercial advertising or promotion, misrepresents the nature, characteristics, qualities, or geographic origin of Defendants' goods or commercial activities, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).
- 161. In particular, by using the '220 Registration in connection with the sale of goods that infringe the CG Trade Dress, Defendants are very likely to cause consumer confusion as to the source of Defendants' bottles.
- 162. Such conduct by Defendants is likely to confuse, mislead, and deceive Defendants' customers, purchasers, and members of the public as to the

origin of Defendants' product, the origin of the '220 Registration and CG Trade dress, and cause said persons to mistakenly believe that Defendants and/or their products have been sponsored, approved, authorized, or licensed by Chubby Gorilla or are in some way affiliated or connected with Chubby Gorilla, all in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125, and constitutes false designation of origin and unfair competition with Chubby Gorilla.

- 163. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and thereon, alleges that Defendants' actions were undertaken willfully with full knowledge of the falsity of such designation or origin and false descriptions or representations.
- Defendants have derived and received, and will continue to derive and receive, gains, profits, and advantages from Defendants' false designation of origin, false or misleading statements, descriptions of fact, false or misleading representations of fact, and unfair competition in an amount that is not presently known to Chubby Gorilla. By reason of Defendants' actions constituting false designation of origin, false or misleading statements, false or misleading descriptions of fact, false or misleading representations of fact, and unfair competition, Chubby Gorilla has been damaged and is entitled to monetary relief in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 165. Due to Defendants' actions constituting false designation or origin, false or misleading statements, false or misleading descriptions of fact, false or misleading representations of fact, and unfair competition, Chubby Gorilla has suffered and continues to suffer great and irreparable injury for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.

## FOURTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (California State Unfair Competition)

166. Chubby Gorilla hereby repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1-165 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

- 167. This is a claim for unfair competition arising under California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.
- 168. Defendants' acts described above, including Defendants' trademark infringement, trade dress infringement, and false designation of origin constitute unfair competition in violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.
- 169. Chubby Gorilla is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that Defendants have derived and received gains, profits, and advantages from its unfair competition in an amount that is not currently known to Chubby Gorilla. Moreover, Defendants' actions have damaged Chubby Gorilla in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 170. Further, Defendants' unfair competition has caused Chubby Gorilla to suffer, and to continue to suffer, great and irreparable injury for which Chubby Gorilla has no adequate remedy at law.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Chubby Gorilla prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- A. That the Court render a final judgment in favor of Chubby Gorilla and against Defendants on all claims for relief alleged herein;
- B. An Order adjudging Defendants to have infringed the D004, D172, D173, D188, D850, D500, D637, D037, D703, and D704 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
  - C. An Order adjudging Defendants' patent infringement to be willful;
- D. A preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendants, their respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, customers, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with Defendants, from infringing the D004, D172, D173, D188, D850, D500, D637, D037, D703, and D704 Patents in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, including, for example,

through the manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation into the United States of any of the Accused Products or any products that are not colorably different from such products.

- E. That Defendants account for all gains, profits, and advantages derived through Defendants' infringement of the D004, D172, D173, D188, D850, D500, D637, D037, D703, and D704 Patents in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, and that Defendants pay to Chubby Gorilla all damages suffered by Chubby Gorilla and/or Defendants' total profit from such infringement pursuant 35 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 289.
- F. That the Court find for Chubby Gorilla and against Defendants on Chubby Gorilla's claims of trademark infringement under 15 U.S.C. § 1114, and adjudge that Defendants have infringed the '220 Registration;
- G. That the Court find for Chubby Gorilla and against Defendants on Chubby Gorilla's claim of trade dress infringement under 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a), and adjudge that Defendants have infringed the CG Trade Dress;
- H. That the Court find for Chubby Gorilla and against Defendants on Chubby Gorilla's claim of false designation of origin and unfair competition under 15 U.S.C. § 1125;
- I. That the Court find for Chubby Gorilla and against Defendants on Chubby Gorilla's claim of unfair competition under California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq;
- J. That the court issue a preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants, their respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, customers, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with Defendants, enjoining them from engaging in the following activities and from assisting or inducing, directly or indirect, others to engage in the following activities:
  - a. Using the '220 Registration or any mark confusingly similar

1	thereto;
2	b. Using the CG Trade Dress or any trade dress that is
3	confusingly similar thereto;
4	c. Falsely designating the origin of Defendants' goods;
5	d. Unfairly competing with Chubby Gorilla in any manner
6	whatsoever;
7	e. Causing a likelihood of confusion or injuries to Chubby
8	Gorilla's business reputation;
9	f. Manufacturing, using, displaying, distributing, marketing,
10	advertising, and/or selling any goods bearing the '220
11	Registration or any mark confusingly similar thereto;
12	K. That an accounting be ordered to determine Defendants' profits
13	resulting from their trademark infringement, trade dress infringement, false
14	designation of origin, and unfair competition;
15	L. That Chubby Gorilla be awarded monetary relief in an amount to
16	be fixed by the Court in its discretion as it finds just as an equitable remedy and
17	as a remedy under 15 U.S.C. § 1117, including:
18	a. All profits received by Defendants from sales and revenues
19	of any kind made as a result of their infringing actions, said
20	amount to be trebled;
21	b. All damages sustained by Chubby Gorilla as a result of
22	Defendants' acts of trademark infringement, false
23	designation of origin, and unfair competition, and that such
24	damages be trebled; and,
25	c. The costs of this action;
26	M. That such damages and profits be trebled and awarded to Chubby
27	Gorilla pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117;
28	N. An Order adjudging that this is an exceptional case;
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- O. An Order for trebling of damages and/or exemplary damages because of Defendants' willful conduct pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1117.
- P. An award to Chubby Gorilla of the attorneys fees, expenses, and costs incurred by Chubby Gorilla in connection with this action pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1117.
- Q. An award of pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs of this action against Defendants; and
- R. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

# Case 8:24-cv-00340 Document 1 Filed 02/16/24 Page 43 of 44 Page ID #:43

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1		Respectfully submitted,
2		KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP
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4	Dated: February 16, 2024	By: <u>/s/Benjamin B. Anger</u> Ali S. Razai
5		Matthew S. Bellinger Benjamin B. Anger
6		Attorneys for Plaintiff CHUBBY GORILLA, INC.
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1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
2	Plaintiff Chubby Gorilla, Inc. hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues	
3	so triable.	
4	Respectfully submitted,	
5	KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP	
6		
7	Dated: February 16, 2024 By:/s/Benjamin B. Anger	
8	Ali S. Razai Matthew S. Bellinger Benjamin B. Anger	
9		
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff CHUBBY GORILLA, INC.	
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