UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS WACO DIVISION

Datanet LLC,

Plaintiff,

Case No. 6:22-CV-1142

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

v.

Dropbox Inc.,

Defendant.

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Datanet LLC ("Datanet" or "Plaintiff"), by and through its attorneys, for its Complaint against defendant Dropbox Inc. ("Defendant") alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a civil action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.

2. This action arises from Defendant's unlicensed use of Datanet's patented technology in Defendant's file hosting/backup service called Dropbox. The marketing, testing, importation, use and sale of such product(s) within the United States infringes upon the intellectual property rights of Datanet. This illegal practice will continue unless, and until, the Court puts an end to it.

By this action Plaintiff seeks money damages, exemplary damages and attorneys' fees arising from Defendant's patent infringement under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 283–285.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff is a limited liability company formed under the laws of Nevada with a principal place of business located in Colorado.

 Upon information and belief, Defendant is a company organized under the laws of Delaware with a principal place of business in Austin Texas, located at 501 Congress Ave.
Austin, Texas 78701.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This is an action for infringement against Defendant brought under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 271 based upon Defendant's unauthorized commercial manufacture, use, testing, importation, offer for sale and sale of its file hosting/backup service called Dropbox which infringes upon United States ("U.S.") Patent Numbers 8,473,478 ("'478 Patent), and 9,218,348 ("'348 Patent"), and 10,585,850 ("'850 Patent).

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the matters asserted herein under
28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

8. This court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant has a significant presence in Texas, conducts business throughout the United States, including within the state of Texas, and has committed in this District the acts of patent infringement, and federal and state unfair competition, which have given rise to this action.

9. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b) as Defendant has a significant presence in this District, and Defendant has advertised and derived revenue from sales of products to citizens within this District and has engaged in systematic and continuous business contact within this State. Defendant has had and continues to have significant contact with the state of Texas through its U.S. based websites, through U.S. based testing, sales, and distribution of its Dropbox product and services throughout the U.S., and have purposefully availed themselves of Texas' laws.

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10. Upon information and belief, Defendant currently operates its principal place of business and occupies at least 60,000 square feet of office space in the facility located at 501 Congress Ave. Austin, Texas 78701.

11. Upon information and belief, a number of Defendant's current and former employees with information relevant to this case reside in the Austin, Texas area.

BACKGROUND

A. <u>Plaintiff's Patented Technology</u>

12. The use and importance of data backup and storage, and cloud storage in particular, have grown tremendously since the year 2000.

13. In 1999, a company called IPCI, Inc. ("IPCI") set out to develop an automated, real-time zero-touch data safety, backup, and recovery software product. It called the project AccuSafe.

14. Unfortunately, the AccuSafe product was never marketed or sold, however, though the development process, IPCI secured a portfolio of patents (the "Patent Portfolio") around the unique technology.

15. On September 20, 2018, IPCI assigned its rights to the Patent Portfolio to Datanet, LLC ("Datanet").

16. At a high level, the Patent Portfolio protects user files and describes systems and techniques for archiving and restoring files.

17. The Patent Portfolio consists of five issued U.S. Patents, U.S. Patent Nos. 8,473,478, 9,218,348, 10,229,123, 10,331,619, and 10,585,850.

18. U.S. Patent No. 8,473,478 (the "'478 Patent") was filed on September 21, 2001 and claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/234,221, filed on September 21, 2000.

19. The '478 Patent was granted an extended term through October 1, 2026.

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20. U.S. Patent No. 9,218,348 (the "'348 Patent") was filed on June 24, 2013 as a continuation of the '478 Patent.

21. U.S. Patent No. 10,585,850 (the "850 Patent") was filed on December 15, 2015 as a continuation of the '348 Patent.

22. The '850 Patent was granted an extended term through June 25, 2024.

23. U.S. Patent No. 10,229,123 (the "123 Patent") was filed on October 20, 2017 as a continuation of U.S. Patent No. 10,585,850.

24. U.S. Patent No. 10,331,619 (the "619 Patent") was filed as a continuation of U.S. Patent No. 10,585,850.

25. Before the development of the AccuSafe project, file backup procedures (manual backup, schedule-based backup, and mirroring) were lacking in important ways, including: (1) they were complex or confusing for users, (2) they did not record all the changes made and often could not be reversed, and (3) they required the backup medium to be available at the time of backup.

26. The Datanet Patent Portfolio provides significant advantages to the previous file backup systems by providing, *inter alia*: (1) the ability to archive files, or portions of the files, in close proximity of time to opening, closing, or saving the files, allowing for timely and full backup for later recovery, (2) the ability to store files (or portions of files) for remote or cloud backup when the storage location becomes available, and (3) the ability to preview prior versions of a file before restoring a prior version, so that only desired backup versions of the files are restored.

27. The claims of the Datanet portfolio are directed to improvements in computer functionality when applied to data storage, and address the failings that are unique to data storage networked environments. The Specifications of the patents in suit disclose that the inventions relate to computer-specific improvements, viz. "file preservation, file capture, file management, and file integrity techniques for computing devices," and address computer-specific problems that arise given the ever-changing networked-data environment, through "captur[ing] files just

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before and/or just after the files are changed," "hav[ing] an imperceptible impact on system performance from the user's point of view," and "captur[ing] and stor[ing] files even when there is no connection to the desired storage location ... [and/or] when the desired storage location is unavailable."

28. The '478 Patent solution improves computer functionality over prior data storage approaches because it optimizes the use of various storage locations to capture changes to files in real time (or near real time), along with database(s) to track the movement of the files between the storage locations, so that previous versions of file(s) can be efficiently retrieved and restored, without overburdening the network resources in the process.

29. The claims of the '478 patent recite specific interactions between hardware and software computer components to accomplish the data backup and storage, and through these interactions, the computer functionality is improved. The inventions claimed in the '478 patent save user's time, computer resources, and network bandwidth over prior approaches.

30. The '348 Patent solution improves computer functionality over prior data storage approaches because it optimizes the use of various storage locations to capture changes to files in real time (or near real time), along with database(s) to track the movement of the files between the storage locations, so that previous versions of file(s) can be efficiently retrieved and restored, without overburdening the network resources in the process.

31. The claims of the '348 patent recite specific interactions between hardware and software computer components to accomplish the data backup and storage, and through these interactions, the computer functionality is improved. The inventions claimed in the '348 patent save user's time, computer resources, and network bandwidth over prior approaches.

32. The '850 Patent solution improves computer functionality over prior data storage approaches because it optimizes the use of various storage locations to capture changes to files in real time (or near real time), along with database(s) to track the movement of the files between the storage locations, so that previous versions of file(s) can be quickly previewed before being efficiently retrieved and restored, all without overburdening the network resources in the process.

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33. The claims of the '850 patent recite specific interactions between hardware and software computer components to accomplish the data backup, presentation of previews, and the storage of such, and through these interactions, the computer functionality is improved. The inventions claimed in the '850 patent save user's time, computer resources, and network bandwidth by avoiding the restoration of an unwanted previous version. The technique of previewing multiple previous versions prior to restoring from network storage was not conventional and was not well-understood at the time of the invention.

B. Defendant's Infringement of the Asserted Patents

34. Defendant was founded in 2007.

35. Defendant launched its flagship service called Dropbox to the public in September of 2008.

36. Dropbox describes its product as "one place to keep life organized and keep work moving."

37. Dropbox is a file storage system that provides large blocks of encrypted cloud storage space to for its users to store and/or backup all of their content.

38. Dropbox uses the inventions claimed in the '348, '478 and '850 Patents to provide file backup capabilities to more than 700 million users.

39. More than half of Defendant's revenue comes from U.S.-based users.

40. Upon information and belief, in 2021, Dropbox generated \$2,100,000,000 in revenue.

41. Dropbox provides users with the ability to archive files in close proximity of time to opening, updating, closing, or saving them.

42. Dropbox's "computer backup" feature is marketed by Defendant as "the perfect hub for all things home and work."

43. Dropbox provides storage space to each user to save files into.

44. Dropbox stores more than 90% of its user data on Defendant's own custom-built storage infrastructure.

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45. Dropbox maintains servers for storage of its user data located in Austin, Texas.

46. Dropbox provides branded sharing that archives files with user changes in close proximity of time to opening, updating, closing, or saving them.

47. Dropbox provides users with the ability to store files for remote backup when storage media becomes available.

48. Dropbox protects user files from "unwanted edits, deletions, hackers, and viruses by restoring or recovering files in each Dropbox account for up to 30 days."

49. Dropbox provides users with the ability to preview prior versions of a file before restoring it.

50. Dropbox provides users with a viewer history.

51. Drobox markets a 180-day version history for users to select from when backing up and/or storing files.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Infringement of the '478 Patent – 35 U.S.C. §271)

52. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

53. Plaintiff is the current exclusive owner and assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to the '478 Patent titled "Automatic Real-Time File Management Method and Apparatus".

54. The '478 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on June 25, 2013.

55. Plaintiff owns all rights to the '478 Patent including the right to bring this suit for damages.

56. A true and correct copy of the '478 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

57. The '478 Patent is valid and enforceable.

58. Defendant has directly and indirectly infringed the '478 patent by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States, without authority,

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products, methods performed by and/or attributable to equipment, and or services that practice one or more claims of the '478 Patent, including but not limited to its Dropbox file hosting product and services.

59. As a non-limiting example, Defendant has infringed Claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of the '478 Patent. Defendant, without authorization from Plaintiff, has marketed, used, tested, offered for sale, sold, and/or imported into the U.S., including within this District, its Dropbox file hosting service that infringes at least Claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of the '478 Patent.

60. As a non-limiting example, set forth below (with claim language in italics) is a description of infringement of exemplary Claims 1 and 6 of the '478 Patent in connection with Dropbox. This description is based on publicly available information. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify this description, including, for example, on the basis of information about Dropbox that it obtains during discovery.

Claim 1.

Claim 1. In a computing device, a	Defendant advertises its Dropbox service as an
method for archiving files comprising:	archiving (file storage) and file retrieval (sharing)
	service. The Dropbox service monitors the
	Dropbox folder on your computer and the Dropbox
	mobile app. If there's a change – a new file or
	folder, or an edit to an existing file of folder –
	Dropbox will automatically sync those changes.
	No manual uploading or downloading is required.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/sync-uploads/syncing-between-
	<u>computers</u> . The method steps for archiving files
	using Dropbox are performed on or by a

	computing device such as a computer or handheld
	phone.
detecting an instruction by an operating	Dropbox monitors changes made in files, and upon
system to perform an operation on an	detecting a change in a file, Dropbox provides an
operating file;	instruction to save the modifications to the file.
	Dropbox detects the instruction to change/save the
	file.
creating an archive file from the	After detection of, and in response to the
operating file and storing the archive file	instruction to save the file, which occurs as soon as
in a temporary first storage location	or shortly after a change in the file is made, a
temporally proximate to the operation	portion or all of the file processed to create an
being performed on the operating file	archive file which is saved to a cache. The archive
and responsive to detecting the	file is temporarily stored in the cache as a first
instruction;	temporary storage location.
	https://blogs.dropbox.com/tech/2014/07/streaming-
	file-synchronization.
	https://serverfault.com/questions/52861/how-does-
	dropbox-version-upload-large-files.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/desktop/cache-folder.
searching the first temporary storage	After storing the archive file to the cache (first
location for the archive file responsive to	temporary storage location), Dropbox instructs
the occurrence of a first event; and	itself, or is provided a message from the Dropbox
	service, or a message from a timer (a first event),
	to search the cache for the archive file and to then
	send a message to Dropbox that identifies the

	presence of the archive file in the cache.
	https://blogs.dropbox.com/tech/2014/07/streaming-
	file-synchronization.
moving the archive file to a second	After Dropbox determines (second event) if the
storage location responsive to a second	archive file is different than what it already has
event, the second storage location being	saved on the Block Storage Server (second and
a permanent storage location;	permanent storage location), the archive file is
	moved to the Block Storage Server for permanent
	storage in response to the determination (second
	event).
after storing the archive file in the first	Dropbox utilizes a number of databases to track
temporary storage location, updating a	movement of files. Examples include
database to indicate that the archive file	sync_history.db database that details
is located in the first temporary storage	synchronization history containing file names,
location;	actions, directions and timestamps, the
	filecache.dbx database that stores details about
	files that have been or will be saved to the Block
	Storage Server, and other databases such as, upon
	information and belief, the Avatarcache.db,
	sync_engine.db, and the home.db databases to
	track updates to information in the archive process.
	The information in the databases identified is
	confidential and not accessible to the public.
	After storing the archive file in the cache,
	Dropbox updates a database, upon information and
	belief at least the sync_history.db database,

	filecache.dbx database, the Avatarcache.db,
	sync_engine.db, and/or the home.db databases, to
	indicate that the archive file is located in the cache.
determining a final destination for the	Dropbox determines if any new archived files exist
archive file;	and if so, determines where to specifically store
	the archive file within the Block Storage Server (a
	final destination).
moving the archive file from the first	Dropbox moves the archive file from the cache to
temporary storage location to an	an output buffer, a Local Cache, an External
intermediate storage location;	Cache, another user's computer, or an
	Intermediary Server (intermediate storage
	location); before it moves the archive file into its
	final destination in the Block Storge Server.
updating the database to indicate that the	Dropbox utilizes a number of databases to track
archive file is located in the intermediate	movement of files. Examples include
storage location; and	sync_history.db database that details
	synchronization history containing file names,
	actions, directions and timestamps, the
	filecache.dbx database that stores details about
	files that have been or will be saved to the Block
	Storage Server, and other databases such as, upon
	information and belief, the Avatarcache.db,
	sync_engine.db, and the home.db databases to
	track updates to information in the archive process.
	The information in the databases identified is
	confidential and not accessible to the public.

	After moving the archive file to the
	intermediate storage location (output buffer, the
	Local Cache, the External Cache, another user's
	computer, or the Intermediary Server), Dropbox
	updates a database, upon information and belief at
	least the sync_history.db database, the
	filecache.dbx database, the Avatarcache.db,
	sync_engine.db, and/or the home.db databases to
	indicate that the archive file is located in the
	intermediate storage location (output buffer, the
	Local Cache, the External Cache, another user's
	computer, or the Intermediary Server).
after moving the archive file to the	Dropbox utilizes a number of databases to track
second storage location, updating the	movement of files. Examples include
database to indicate that the archive file	sync_history.db database that details
is located in the second storage location.	synchronization history containing file names,
	actions, directions and timestamps, the
	filecache.dbx database that stores details about
	files that have been or will be saved to the Block
	Storage Server, and other databases such as, upon
	information and belief, the Avatarcache.db,
	sync_engine.db, sync_engine.db, and the home.db
	databases to track updates to information in the
	archive process. The information in the databases
	identified is confidential and not accessible to the
	public.

After moving the archive file to the Block
Storage Server, Dropbox updates a database, upon
information and belief at least the sync_history.db
database, the filecache.dbx database, the
Avatarcache.db, sync_engine.db, and/or the
home.db databases to indicate that the archive file
is located in the Block Storage Server.

Claim 6.	
An article of manufacture comprising a	Defendant hosts a computer server storing a
non-transitory computer useable medium	computer executable application (called Dropbox)
having computer readable code for	that has computer readable code that performs the
performing the method of claim 1.	steps of claim 1, as detailed above.
	(dropbox.com/download). Once the computer
	program is installed, the user has the Dropbox app,
	a Dropbox icon in the user's system tray/menu
	bar, and a Dropbox folder on the user's computer.
	Any file changes the user makes while using the
	Dropbox service are automatically synced to the
	user's account on dropbox.com.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/desktop/download-dropbox

61. As described above, Defendant's products or services infringe the '478 Patent.

62. Defendant's Dropbox service includes a program which can be installed on a computer.

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63. Defendant's Dropbox program detects instructions to perform operation(s) on files.

64. When an instruction is detected, Defendant's Dropbox program creates an archived version of the file being stored or modified and stores the archive file in a temporary storage location.

65. Defendant's Dropbox service records in a database the location of the archived file in the temporary storage location.

66. Later, the archived file is moved to a second storage location.

67. Defendant's Dropbox service records in a database the location of the archived file in the second storage location.

68. Defendant has actual knowledge of Plaintiff's rights in the '478 Patent and details of Dropbox's infringement of the '478 Patent based on at least the filing and service of this Complaint.

69. By the foregoing acts, including its testing and use of Dropbox, Defendant has directly infringed, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, the '478 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

70. Defendant has knowledge of the '478 Patent and indirectly infringes the '478 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and/or § 271(f). Defendant has induced, caused, urged, encouraged, aided and abetted its direct and indirect customers to make, use, sell, offer for sale and/or import accused products and/or services. Defendant has done so by acts including but not limited to selling accused products and/or services to its customers; marketing accused products and/or services; and providing instructions, technical support, and other support and encouragement (available at <u>https://www.dropbox.com/features/cloud-storage/computer-</u>

<u>backup?_tk=paid_sem_goog_indv_b&_camp=1520910855&_kw=dropbox%20computer%20ba</u> <u>ckup|{bidmatchtype}&_ad=481049217537||c&gclid=CjwKCAjwsfuYBhAZEiwA5a6CDH7LW</u> <u>OF0sZYd2pMawabmS6TO2QU2HCVxyiQo6Rm-KYIsFjTNRFr3phoCpJAQAvD_BwE</u>, or

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https://help.dropbox.com/delete-restore/recover-older-versions, or

<u>https://learn.dropbox.com/self-guided-learning/dropbox-fundamentals-course/</u>, for instance) for the use of accused products and/or services. Such conduct by Defendant was intended to and actually resulted in direct infringement, including the making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale, and/or importation of accused products and/or services in the United States.

71. Defendant has knowledge of the '478 Patent and indirectly infringes by contributing to the infringement of, and continuing to contribute to the infringement of, one or more claims of the '478 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) and/or 271(f) by selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States, the accused products and/or services. Defendant knows that the accused products and/or services include hardware components and software instructions that work in concert to perform specific, intended functions. Such specific, intended functions, carried out by these hardware and software combinations, are a material part of the inventions of the '478 Patent and are not staple articles of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

72. Upon information and belief, Defendant's infringement has, and continues to be, knowing, intentional and willful.

73. Defendant's acts of infringement of the '478 Patent has caused, and will continue to cause, Plaintiff damages for which Plaintiff is entitled to compensation pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

74. Upon information and belief, Defendant has gained profits by virtue of its infringement of the '478 Patent.

75. The circumstances surrounding Defendant's infringement are exceptional and, therefore, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Infringement of the '348 Patent – 35 U.S.C. §271)

76. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

77. Plaintiff is the current exclusive owner and assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to the '348 Patent titled "Automatic Real-Time File Management Method and Apparatus".

78. The '348 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on December 22, 2015.

79. Plaintiff owns all rights to the '348 Patent including the right to bring this suit for damages.

80. A true and correct copy of the '348 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

81. Before its expiration, the '348 Patent was valid and enforceable.

82. Defendant has directly and indirectly infringed the '348 patent by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States, without authority, products, methods performed by and/or attributable to equipment, and or services that practice one or more claims of the '348 Patent, including but not limited to its Dropbox file hosting product and services.

83. As a non-limiting example, Defendant has infringed Claims 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12 - 20, 23, 24, and 26 - 31 of the '348 Patent. Defendant, without authorization from Plaintiff, has marketed, used, tested, offered for sale, sold, and/or imported into the U.S., including within this District, its Dropbox file hosting service that infringes at least Claims 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12 - 20, 23, 24, and 26 - 31 of the '348 Patent.

84. As a non-limiting example, set forth below (with claim language in italics) is a description of infringement of exemplary Claims 15 and 29 of the '348 Patent in connection with Dropbox. This description is based on publicly available information. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify this description, including, for example, on the basis of information about Dropbox that it obtains during discovery.

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Claim 15

Claim 15	
A method for archiving files, comprising	Defendant advertises its Dropbox service as an
of steps (a) to (d) following:	archiving (file storage) and file retrieval (sharing)
	service. The Dropbox service monitors the
	Dropbox folder on your computer and the Dropbox
	mobile app. If there's a change – a new file or
	folder, or an edit to an existing file of folder –
	Dropbox will automatically sync those changes.
	No manual uploading or downloading is required.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/sync-uploads/syncing-between-
	<u>computers</u> . The method steps for archiving files
	using Dropbox are performed on or by a
	computing device such as a computer or handheld
	phone.
(a) the step of detecting an instruction by	Dropbox monitors changes made in files, and upon
a resident program in a computing	detecting a change in a file, Dropbox provides an
device for performing an operation on	instruction to save the modified file. In response
an operating file;	to detecting the instruction to save the file,
	Dropbox performs an operation on the file, such as
	breaking the operating file into blocks using an
	algorithm.
(b) the step of creating an archive file	After detection of, and in response to the
from the operating file and storing the	instruction to save the file, which occurs as soon as
archive file in a temporary storage	or shortly after a change in the file is made, a

location temporally proximate to the	portion or all of the file is processed to create an
operation being performed on the	archive file, which is saved to a cache. The
operating file and responsive to	archive file is temporarily stored in a cache (first
detecting the instruction;	temporary storage location).
	https://blogs.dropbox.com/tech/2014/07/streaming-
	file-synchronization.
	https://serverfault.com/questions/52861/how-does-
	dropbox-version-upload-large-files.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/desktop/cache-folder.
(c) the step of identifying presence of the	After storing the archive file to the cache (first
archive file in the temporary storage	temporary storage location), Dropbox instructs
location responsive to the occurrence of	itself, or is provided a message from the Dropbox
a first event; and	service, or a message from a timer (a first event),
	to search the cache for the archive file and to then
	send a message to Dropbox that identifies the
	presence of the archive file in the cache.
	https://blogs.dropbox.com/tech/2014/07/streaming-
	file-synchronization.
(d) the step of transmitting the archive	After Dropbox determines if the archive file is
file to a second storage location	different than what it already has saved, the
responsive to a second event, the second	archive file is then transmitted to an output buffer,
storage location being an intermediate	a Local Cache, an External Cache, an Intermediary
or a permanent storage location,	Server (intermediate storage location), or to the
wherein the first event is different from	Block Storage Server (permanent storage) in
the second event.	response to the determination (second event).

Claim 29

A non-transitory computer readable	Defendant hosts a computer server storing a
medium comprising program instruction	computer executable application (called Dropbox)
for performing the method of claim 15.	that has computer readable code that performs the
	method steps of claim 15, as detailed above
	(dropbox.com/download). Once the computer
	program is installed, the user has the Dropbox app,
	a Dropbox icon in the user's system tray/menu bar,
	and a Dropbox folder in the user's computer. Any
	file changes the user makes while using the
	Dropbox service are automatically synced to the
	user's account on dropbox.com.
	https://help.dropbox.com/installs-
	integrations/desktop/download-dropbox

85. As described above, Defendant's products or services infringe the '348 Patent.

86. Defendant's Dropbox service includes a program which can be installed on a computer or computing device.

87. Defendant's Dropbox program detects instructions to perform operation(s) on operating files.

88. When an instruction is detected, Defendant's Dropbox program creates an archived version of the file being modified and stores the archived file in a temporary storage location.

89. Later, the archived file is moved to another storage location.

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90. Defendant has actual knowledge of Plaintiff's rights in the '348 Patent and details of Dropbox's infringement of the '348 Patent based on at least the filing and service of this Complaint.

91. By the foregoing acts, including its testing and use of Dropbox, Defendant has directly infringed, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, the '348 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

92. Defendant has knowledge of the '348 Patent and indirectly infringes the '348 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and/or § 271(f). Defendant has induced, caused, urged, encouraged, aided and abetted its direct and indirect customers to make, use, test, sell, offer for sale and/or import accused products and/or services. Defendant has done so by acts including but not limited to selling accused products and/or services to its customers; marketing accused products and/or services; and providing instructions, technical support, and other support and encouragement (available at <u>https://www.dropbox.com/features/cloudstorage/computer-</u>

<u>backup?_tk=paid_sem_goog_indv_b&_camp=1520910855&_kw=dropbox%20computer%20ba</u> <u>ckup|{bidmatchtype}&_ad=481049217537||c&gclid=CjwKCAjwsfuYBhAZEiwA5a6CDH7LW</u> <u>OF0sZYd2pMawabmS6TO2QU2HCVxyiQo6Rm-KYIsFjTNRFr3phoCpJAQAvD_BwE</u>, or https://help.dropbox.com/delete-restore/recover-older-versions, or

https://learn.dropbox.com/self-guided-learning/dropbox-fundamentals-course/, for instance) for the use of accused products and/or services. Such conduct by Defendant was intended to and actually resulted in direct infringement, including the making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale, and/or importation of accused products and/or services in the United States.

93. Defendant has knowledge of the '348 Patent and indirectly infringes by contributing to the infringement of, and continuing to contribute to the infringement of, one or more claims of the '348 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) and/or 271(f) by selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States, the accused products and/or services. Defendant knows that the accused products and/or services include hardware components and software

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instructions that work in concert to perform specific, intended functions. Such specific, intended functions, carried out by these hardware and software combinations, are a material part of the inventions of the '348 Patent and are not staple articles of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

94. Upon information and belief, Defendant's infringement was knowing, intentional and willful.

95. Defendant's acts of infringement of the '348 Patent has caused Plaintiff damages for which Plaintiff is entitled to compensation pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

96. Upon information and belief, Defendant has gained profits by virtue of its infringement of the '348 Patent.

97. The circumstances surrounding Defendant's infringement are exceptional and, therefore, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Infringement of the '850 Patent – 35 U.S.C. §271)

98. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

99. Plaintiff is the current exclusive owner and assignee of all right, title, and interest in and to the '850 Patent titled "Automatic Real-Time File Management Method and Apparatus".

100. The '850 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on March 10, 2020.

101. Plaintiff owns all rights to the '850 Patent including the right to bring this suit for damages.

102. A true and correct copy of the '850 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

103. The '850 Patent is valid and enforceable.

104. Defendant has directly and indirectly infringed the '850 patent by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States, without authority,

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products, methods performed by and/or attributable to equipment, and or services that practice one or more claims of the '850 Patent, including but not limited to its Dropbox file hosting product and services.

105. As a non-limiting example, Defendant has infringed Claims –1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, and 18 of the '850 Patent. Defendant, without authorization from Plaintiff, has marketed, used, tested, offered for sale, sold, and/or imported into the U.S., including within this District, its Dropbox file hosting service that infringes at least Claim 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, and 18 of the '850 Patent.

106. As a non-limiting example, set forth below (with claim language in italics) is a description of infringement of exemplary Claim 10 of the '850 Patent in connection with Dropbox. This description is based on publicly available information. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify this description, including, for example, on the basis of information about Dropbox that it obtains during discovery.

Claim 10

A method of restoring a file to a previous	Dropbox provides a method for users to restore a
version of the file, a current version of	file to a previous version from the current version.
the file being available at a local storage	The current version of the file is stored locally on
location, comprising the steps of:	the user's computer.
(A) presenting information for a	Dropbox maintains a version history of a given
collection of one or more previous	file, and displays the previous versions to the user
versions of the file, the information for	via their computer interface. The previous
the collection including information	versions are stored remotely from the user's
indicative of at least one or more of	computer on Dropbox's server. Each previous
previous versions of the file, wherein a	version presented in the version history is

restorable representation of each version, V, of the previous versions, is retrievable from a remote storage location, the restorable representation having at least information required for recovering the version V, the remote storage location being accessible through a network; available for selection for previewing and/or restoring as the current version via the web interface. When selected for restoration, Dropbox retrieves the selected previous version from the remote storage and restores the current version of the file to its previous version.

https://blog.dropbox.com/topics/work-culture/file-

(B) responsive to a selection to preview a selected previous version of the file based on the presented information for the collection of (A), presenting a presentable representation of the selected previous version, the selected previous version being one of the previous versions of the file in the presented information for the collection, the presentable representation having at least information required for presenting at least a portion of the selected previous version;

 Image: Section Decision De

Dropbox presents the user with the ability to preview each previous version and/or restore the previous version to the current version of the file. For each previous version that is clicked on by the user and selected for preview, a preview of at least a portion of the previous version of the file is rendered and presented on the user's browser.



(C) responsive to a selection to restore	Dropbox presents the user with the ability to
the selected previous version, retrieving	preview each previous version and/or restore the
the restorable representation of the	previous version to the current version of the file.
selected previous version from the remote	When the user clicks the restore button to indicate
storage location and storing the selected	its selection of the previous version, Dropbox then
previous version as the current version	notifies the user that the selection is going to be
on the local storage location, the selected	restored unless the user wishes to cancel the
previous version available from the	restoration. If the user confirms the restoration,
restorable representation of the selected	Dropbox retrieves the selected previous version
previous version.	from the Dropbox server and restores the current
	file back to the particular selected previous
	version. The restored file is then stored locally on
	the user's computer.
	Restore version ×
	" test_file.txt " will be restored to the version from Today at 2:53 PM. All other versions will still be saved.
	Restore
	Addad by Dimitrio Vaziataia

107. As described above, Defendant's products or services infringe the '850 Patent.

108. Defendant's Dropbox service allows for restoring a file to a previous version of the file.

109. Defendant's Dropbox service maintains current version of files at a local storage location.

110. Defendant's Dropbox service maintains information for previous versions of files.

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111. Defendant's Dropbox service allows for retrieving a version of files from a remote storage location.

112. Defendant has actual knowledge of Plaintiff's rights in the '850 Patent and details of Dropbox's infringement of the '850 Patent based on at least the filing and service of this Complaint.

113. By the foregoing acts, including its testing and use of Dropbox, Defendant has directly infringed, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, the '850 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

114. Defendant has knowledge of the '850 Patent and indirectly infringes the '850 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and/or § 271(f). Defendant has induced, caused, urged, encouraged, aided and abetted its direct and indirect customers to make, use, sell, offer for sale and/or import accused products and/or services. Defendant has done so by acts including but not limited to selling accused products and/or services to its customers; marketing accused products and/or services; and providing instructions, technical support, and other support and encouragement (available at <u>https://www.dropbox.com/features/cloud-storage/computer-</u>

<u>backup?_tk=paid_sem_goog_indv_b&_camp=1520910855&_kw=dropbox%20computer%20ba</u> <u>ckup</u>{<u>bidmatchtype</u>}&_ad=481049217537||c&gclid=CjwKCAjwsfuYBhAZEiwA5a6CDH7LW</u> <u>OF0sZYd2pMawabmS6TO2QU2HCVxyiQo6Rm-KYIsFjTNRFr3phoCpJAQAvD_BwE</u>, or <u>https://help.dropbox.com/delete-restore/recover-older-versions</u>, or <u>https://learn.dropbox.com/self-guided-learning/dropbox-fundamentals-course/</u>, for instance) for the use of accused products and/or services. Such conduct by Defendant was intended to and actually resulted in direct infringement, including the making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importation of accused products and/or services in the United States.

115. Defendant has knowledge of the '850 Patent and indirectly infringes by contributing to the infringement of, and continuing to contribute to the infringement of, one or more claims of the '850 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) and/or 271(f) by selling, offering for

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sale, and/or importing into the United States, the accused products and/or services. Defendant knows that the accused products and/or services include hardware components and software instructions that work in concert to perform specific, intended functions. Such specific, intended functions, carried out by these hardware and software combinations, are a material part of the inventions of the '850 Patent and are not staple articles of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

116. Upon information and belief, Defendant's infringement has, and continues to be, knowing, intentional and willful.

117. Defendant's acts of infringement of the '850 Patent has caused, and will continue to cause, Plaintiff damages for which Plaintiff is entitled to compensation pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

118. Upon information and belief, Defendant has gained profits by virtue of its infringement of the '850 Patent.

119. The circumstances surrounding Defendant's infringement are exceptional and, therefore, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

120. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff respectfully demands a jury trial of all issues triable to a jury in this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendant as follows:

- A. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has directly infringed the '478 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents;
- B. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has indirectly infringed the '478 Patent by inducing and/or contributing to its customers' infringement.

- C. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has directly infringed the '348 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents;
- D. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has indirectly infringed the '348 Patent by inducing and/or contributing to its customers' infringement.
- E. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has directly infringed the '850 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents;
- F. A judgment and order adjudicating and declaring that Defendant has indirectly infringed the '850 Patent by inducing and/or contributing to its customers' infringement.
- G. A judgment and order that Defendant must account for and pay actual damages (but no less than a reasonable royalty), to Plaintiff for Defendant's infringement of the '478 Patent, the '348 Patent and/or the '850 Patent, including supplemental damages for any continuing post-verdict infringement up until entry of the final judgment and an award of an ongoing royalty for Defendant's post-judgment infringement in an amount according to proof in the event that a permanent injunction preventing future acts of infringement is not granted;
- H. A determination that this case is exceptional under 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- I. A judgment and order awarding Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees;
- J. A judgment and order awarding Plaintiff its costs, expenses, and interest, including pre-judgment and post-judgment, as provided for by 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- K. A judgment and order that Defendant's infringement has been willful and an award of treble damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- L. A judgment and order awarding pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on each and every monetary award; and
- M. Granting Plaintiff any such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper, or that Plaintiff may be entitled to as a matter of law or equity.

DATED: October 31, 2022

/s/ Alden G. Harris

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