## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

ALTO DYNAMICS, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

GUCCI AMERICA, INC., and GUCCIO GUCCI S.P.A.,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:24-cv-00375

### JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

# **COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT**

Plaintiff Alto Dynamics, LLC (hereinafter, "Alto Dynamics" or "Plaintiff") files this complaint against Defendants Gucci America, Inc. and Guccio Gucci S.p.A. (hereinafter, "Gucci" or "Defendants") alleging, based on its own knowledge as to itself and its own actions, and based on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

### NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a patent infringement action to stop Defendants' infringement of the following United States Patents (collectively, the "Asserted Patents"), copies of which are available below, respectively:

	Patent No.	Title	Available At	
A.	6,604,100	Method For Converting	USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-">https://image-</a>	
		Relational Data Into A	ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-	
		Structured Document	public/print/downloadPdf/6604100,	
			https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/097	
			<u>78749</u> .	
B.	7,152,018	System And Method	USPTO.GOV, https://image-	
		For Monitoring Usage	ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-	
		Patterns	public/print/downloadPdf/7657531,	
			https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/104	
			<u>99578</u> .	

	Patent No.	Title	Available At
C.	7,392,160	System And Method For Monitoring Usage Patterns	USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7392160">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/115</a> <a href="mailto:57170">57170</a> .
D.	7,657,531	Systems And Methods For State-Less Authentication	USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7657531">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/113</a> <a href="mailto:25463">25463</a> .
Е.	RE 46,513	Systems And Methods For State-Less Authentication	USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/RE46513">https://print/downloadPdf/RE46513</a> , <a href="https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/133">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/133</a> <a href="https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/133">69112</a> .

2. Alto Dynamics seeks monetary damages.

#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Alto Dynamics is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Georgia, with its principal place of business at 4275 Peachtree Corners Circle, Suite 230, Peachtree Corners, Georgia 30092 (Gwinnett County).
- 4. Upon information and belief, Gucci America, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of New York, with a principal place of business located at 195 Broadway, New York, New York, 10007. Defendant Gucci America, Inc. may be served with process through its registered agent CT Corporation System Inc., 1999 Bryan St., Ste. 900, Dallas, Texas 75201.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Guccio Gucci S.p.A. is an Italian company with a registered office at Via Tornabuoni 73 / R, 50123 Florence, Italy, and may be served with process at that address.
  - 6. Upon information and belief, Defendants engage in making, using, selling, offering

for sale, importing, or otherwise providing, directly or indirectly, in the United States and in this

State and District, products and services with features and functionalities that infringe the Asserted

Patents.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in the Paragraphs above as though

fully set forth in its entirety.

8. This is an action for infringement of a United States patent arising under 35 U.S.C.

§§ 271, 281, and 284–85, among others. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of the action

under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

9. Defendants are subject to this Court's specific and general personal jurisdiction under

due process because of Defendants' substantial business in this judicial District, in the State of

Texas, and in the United States, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein;

and (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, or

deriving substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in this state, in this

District, and in the United States.

10. Specifically, Defendants intends to do and does business in, and has committed acts

of infringement in in this District, in this State of Texas, and in the United States, directly, through

intermediaries, and offers and sends its products or services, including those accused of

infringement here, to customers and potential customers located in this state, including in this

District, and in the United States. See <a href="https://www.gucci.com/us/en/">https://www.gucci.com/us/en/</a> (showing products available

for purchase in the United States).

11. Defendants have committed acts of infringement from this District, including, but not

limited to, making, using, selling, offering for sale, and importing of the Accused Products.

12. Defendants have purposefully directed infringing activities at residents of the State of

Texas, and this litigation results from those infringing activities. Defendants regularly sell (either

directly or indirectly), their products within this District. For example, Defendants have placed

infringing products into the stream of commerce via an established distribution channel with the

knowledge or understanding that such products are being sold in this Judicial District and the State

of Texas. Defendants are subject to this Court's specific and/or general personal jurisdiction

pursuant to due process and/or the Texas Long Arm Statute, due to its substantial and pervasive

business in this State and Judicial District, including its infringing activities alleged herein, from

which Defendants have derived substantial revenue from goods sold to Texas residents and

consumers.

13. Venue is proper as to Defendant Gucci America, Inc.in this judicial district pursuant to

28 U.S.C. §1400(b). On information and belief, Defendant Gucci America, Inc. has committed

acts of infringement in this District and maintains multiple established places of business in the

state of Texas and in this District, specifically including the Gucci location at Suite H120, 7801

Windrose Ave, Plano, Texas, 75024.

14. Venue is proper as to Defendant Guccio Gucci S.p.A. in this District pursuant to 28

U.S.C. § 1391 because, among other things, Defendant Guccio Gucci S.p.A. is not a resident of the

United States, and thus may be sued in any judicial district, including this one, pursuant to 28

U.S.C. § 1391(c)(3). See also In re: HTC Corporation, 889 F.3d 1349, 1357 (Fed. Cir. 2018)

("The Court's recent decision in TC Heartland does not alter" the alien-venue rule).

THE ACCUSED PRODUCTS

15. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in the Paragraphs above as though

fully set forth in its entirety.

- 16. Based upon public information, Defendants own, operate, advertise, and/or control the website https://www.gucci.com/us/en/ and associated hardware, software, and functionality that among other features allows users to view, search, save, and buy items on Defendants' online shopping platform, allows for the tracking of user activities and preferences (e.g., using cookies), and provides website and user authentication (e.g., using user login processes and secured sessions) (the "Accused Products"). See GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/ca/women/handbags-c-women-handbags; also GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/privacy-landing: GUCCI, see also https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage; also GUCCI, see https://www.gucci.com/us/en/access/view?stateToken=7BB206E55FF82D7B065CF99CF6EFE4 F5&nonce=7D1248B95BB89CAA9407E1738BF7A51A&cart=c3b97064-4296-41a8-b78d-9d55ed9275bb&returnURI=%2F&pkceConfig=eyJkaXNwbGF5IjoiZW1iZWRkZWQiLCJyZW 1lbWJlck1lRW5hYmxlZCI6dHJ1ZSwiY2xpZW50SWQiOiIwb2EydHh2c29ySlZDS0ZBcTQxN yIsImNvZGVDaGFsbGVuZ2UiOiJ3NTdWSldaV3pfMVZjVVg3cWYxRndnRlpmRFh2YWJw VTQxUnFYZzV1OTNvIiwicmVkaXJlY3RVcmkiOiJodHRwczovL3d3dy5ndWNjaS5jb20vYW NjZXNzL2F1dGhvcml6YXRpb24ifQ%3D%3D; see also GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage#forgot-password-overlay.
- 17. Each of the Accused Products is provided by and imported and distributed in the United States and this judicial district by and/or at the direction and control and/or instigation of Defendants, who are responsible for the infringing activity identified in this Complaint.

### COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,604,100

18. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-17 above as though fully set forth in their entirety.

19. The USPTO duly issued U.S. Patent No. 6,604,100 (the "'100 patent") on August 5,

2003, after full and fair examination of Application No. 09,778,749, which was filed on February

8, 2001. See '100 patent at 1. A Certificate of Correction was issued on November 25, 2003. See

id., at 18.

20. Alto Dynamics owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '100 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '100 patent against

infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

21. The claims of the '100 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that provide technical solutions to technical problems of preexisting systems

and methods for viewing and querying relational data.

22. For example, the '100 patent recites "[a] method for converting relational data to XML

(extensible Markup Language)." See generally '100 patent at 1 (abstract).

23. The specification of the '100 patent describes multiple problems with conventional

methods and systems for "converting relational data into XML," including "the problem of

automating the conversion of relational data into XML." See '100 patent col. 1:13-14, 2:27-

27.

24. The specification explains that, in Internet-based systems, "[m]ost data is stored in

relational or object-relational database management systems (RDBMS) or in legacy formats." Id.,

1:35-36. The specification also notes that prior methods and systems lacked tools that could

"automatically convert the vast stores of relational data into XML," explaining that such tools

needed to "be general, dynamic, and efficient." *Id.*, 1:37-40.

25. The specification further explains that problems arose in the art because "[r]elational

data [was] tabular, flat, normalized, and its schema is proprietary" while "XML data [was] nested

and un-normalized," therefore, as a result, mapping from relational data to XML [was] complex

and require[d] a conversion tool. Id., 1:41-46. Existing conversion tools were insufficient to

adequately address this problem because they lacked generality, required multiple steps to map the

data, were not dynamic, and "the resulting XML data [was] nested and un-normalized and

therefore [could not] be nested arbitrarily." *Id.*, 1:47-2:24.

26. The specification then explains that the disclosures of the '100 patent solves these

problems by describing a novel "general, dynamic, and efficient tool for viewing and querying

relational data in XML" that can "express mappings of relational data into XML that

conform to arbitrary [document type definitions] ("DTDs"), not just a canonical mapping of

the relational schema." Id., 2:30-35. Claim 1 of the '100 patent describes a specific step-by-step

process for generating such structured documents using tuple streams and a construction

portion of an executable query, which provides the benefit of producing a structured

document that defines a document of arbitrary nesting depth. *Id.*, claim 1.

27. Claim 1 of the '100 patent recites "[a] method for converting relational data from a

relational database into a structured document," wherein the method includes, among other things,

"storing a view query that defines a structured document view of the relational database, a structure

of the view query being independent of a structure of data in the relational database;" and

"receiving at least one tuple stream from the relational database according to the data

extraction portion; and merging the at least one tuple stream and the construction portion

to generate a structured document, wherein the structured document view is capable of

**defining a document of arbitrary nesting depth.**" *Id.*, claim 1.

28. For at least these reasons, claim 1 recites inventive components that improve upon the

function and operation of preexisting systems and methods for or viewing and querying relational

data, for example, by automating the conversion of relational data into XML by using

unconventional method of forming an executable query which is divided into a data extraction

portion (e.g. an SQL query) and a construction portion (e.g. an XML document template).

29. The written description of the '100 patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art priority date.

The '100 patent also identifies and circumscribes all information necessary for a skilled artisan to

perform each limitation in the claims in light of that which was known in the art at the priority

date.

30. Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '100 patent by making, using,

providing, supplying, selling, offering for sale, or distributing the Accused Products, including,

but not limited to, automating the conversion of relational data into XML in the Accused Products

for viewing and querying relational data.

31. Defendants have directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents,

at least claim 1 of the '100 patent. See Evidence of Use Chart attached hereto as Exhibit A.

32. For example, the Accused Products employ database searching and viewing

capabilities, including by performing, and allowing users to perform, a method for converting

relational data from a relational database into a structured document, comprising the steps of

storing a view query that defines a structured document view of the relational database, a structure

of the view query being independent of a structure of data in the relational database; receiving a

user query against the structured document view; forming an executable query by determining a composition of the view query and the user query; partitioning the executable query into a data extraction portion and a construction portion; transmitting the data extraction portion to the relational database; receiving at least one tuple stream from the relational database according to the data extraction portion; and merging the at least one tuple stream and the construction portion to generate a structured document, wherein the structured document view is capable of defining a document of arbitrary nesting depth. *See* **Figure 1** (below).

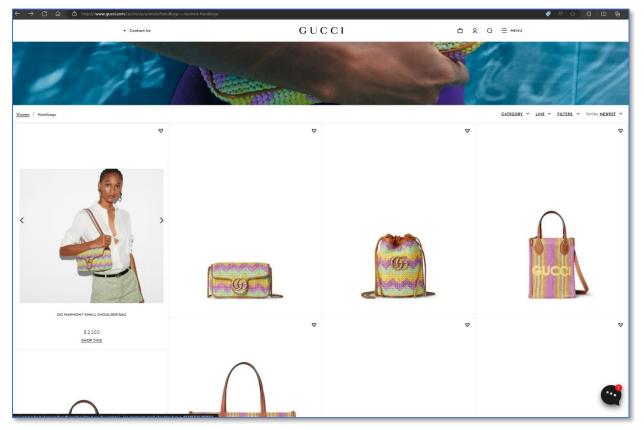


Figure 1

Source: GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/ca/women/handbags-c-women-handbags.

33. Alto Dynamics or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the '100 patent.

34. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendants alleged

above. Thus, Defendants are liable to Alto Dynamics in an amount that compensates it for such

infringement, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and

costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

**COUNT II: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,152,018** 

35. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-17 above as

though fully set forth in their entirety.

36. The USPTO duly issued U.S. Patent No. 7,152,018 (the "'018 patent") on December

19, 2006, after full and fair examination of Application No. 10/499,578, which was filed on

December 18, 2002. See '018 patent at 1. A Certificate of Correction was issued on December

19, 2006. *Id.* 11-12.

37. Alto Dynamics owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '018 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '018 patent against

infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

38. Alto Dynamics or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'018 patent.

39. The claims of the '018 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that provide technical solutions to technical problems of preexisting systems

and methods for monitoring, recording and analysis of user activity.

40. For example, claim 1 of the '018 patent recites "[a] method of monitoring user usage

patterns of a system," which includes "providing at least one state object, the object including a

profile representative of user usage; storing the state object at a client location." '018 patent,

claim 1 (emphasis added). After a central server provides a response to the state object, "the

profile representative of user usage. . . is modified, to reflect the interaction between the client

location and the central server, by one of one or more scripts within or included in

information/resources provided to the client location by the central server, and one or more

programs executed at the client location, thus precluding manipulation of the profile by the

server." '018 patent, claim 1 (emphasis added).

41. The specification explains that "[t]hrough the use of scripts within web pages, or

included in web pages, it will be understood that it is possible to update and manipulate the contents

of the cookie profile without requiring any server side manipulation. In this case, each web

page may call the same function in a single script file, which passes an enumerated identity number

that classifies the web page content, to update the profile cookie value." '018 patent, 6:18-25

(emphasis added).

42. The specification further explains that this functionality "is computationally efficient

in that profile details are stored and updated on the client machine, rather than the server machine,

and, unlike other systems, does not require database storage and lookup on the server side,

since the profiles are readily available from the client machine." *Id.*, 4:1-6 (emphasis added).

43. For at least that reason, claim 1 recites inventive components that improve upon the

function and operation of preexisting systems and methods for monitoring, recording and analysis

of user activity by, inter alia, providing improved computational efficiency over conventional

systems and methods of monitoring user usage patterns.

44. The written description of the '018 patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the priority

date. The '018 patent also identifies and circumscribes all information necessary for a skilled

artisan to perform each limitation in the claims in light of that which was known in the art at the

priority date.

45. Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '018 patent by making, using,

providing, supplying, selling, offering for sale, or distributing the Accused Products, including,

but not limited to, Defendants' use of cookies, e.g., through the "Secure Flag" functionality.

46. Defendants have directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents,

at least claim 1 of the '018 patent. See Evidence of Use Chart attached hereto as Exhibit B.

47. For example, the Accused Products perform a method of monitoring user usage patterns

of a system, comprising the steps of providing at least one state object, the object including a

profile representative of user usage, storing the state object at a client location, passing, to a central

server, the state object with each subsequent interaction initiation, and receiving, from the central

server, the state object along with the response of the central server, wherein the profile is

modified, to reflect the interaction between the client location and the central server, by one of one

or more scripts within or included in information/resources provided to the client location by the

central server, and one or more programs executed at the client location, thus precluding

manipulation of the profile by the server, at least during testing of the relevant functionality by

Defendants' employees and/or affiliates using a client device and a server operated by Defendants

and/or affiliates and by virtue of Defendants' direction and control of customers and/or affiliates'

performance of any steps deemed to require activity at a client. See Figure 2 (below).



Figure 2

Source: GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/

48. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendants alleged above. Thus, Defendants are liable to Alto Dynamics in an amount that compensates it for such infringement, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

### COUNT III: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,392,160

- 49. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-17 above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 50. The USPTO duly issued U.S. Patent No. 7,392,160 (the "'160 patent") on June 24, 2008, after full and fair examination of Application No. 11/557,170, which was filed on November 7, 2006. *See* '160 patent at 1.

51. Alto Dynamics owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '160 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '160 patent against

infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

52. Alto Dynamics or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'160 patent.

53. The claims of the '160 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that provide technical solutions to technical problems of preexisting systems

and methods for monitoring, recording and analysis of user activity.

54. For example, claim 1 of the '160 patent recites "[a] method of monitoring user usage

patterns of a system," which includes "providing at least one state object, the object including a

profile representative of user usage; storing the state object at a client location." '160 patent,

claim 1 (emphasis added). After a central server provides a response to the state object, the "profile

[of the state object] is modified [at a client location] to reflect the interaction between the client

location and the central server." Id.

55. The specification further explains that this functionality "is computationally efficient

in that profile details are stored and updated on the client machine, rather than the server machine,

and, unlike other systems, does not require database storage and lookup on the server side,

since the profiles are readily available from the client machine." *Id.*, 4:6-10 (emphasis added).

56. For at least that reason, claim 1 recites inventive components that improve upon the

function and operation of preexisting systems and methods for monitoring, recording and analysis

of user activity by, inter alia, providing improved computational efficiency over conventional

systems and methods of monitoring user usage patterns.

57. The written description of the '160 patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the priority

date. The '160 patent also identifies and circumscribes all information necessary for a skilled

artisan to perform each limitation in the claims in light of that which was known in the art at the

priority date.

58. Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '160 patent by making, using,

providing, supplying, selling, offering for sale, or distributing the Accused Products, including,

but not limited to, Defendants' deployment of cookies through the Accused Products.

59. Defendants have directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents

at least claim 1 of the '160 patent. See Evidence of Use Chart attached hereto as Exhibit C.

60. For example, the Accused Products perform, and allow users to perform, a method for

monitoring user usage patterns of a system, comprising the steps providing at least one state object,

the object including a profile representative of user usage, storing the state object at a client

location, passing, to a central server, the state object with each subsequent interaction initiation,

and receiving, from the central server, the state object along with the response of the central server,

wherein the profile is modified to reflect the interaction between the client location and the central

server, and wherein the central server audits the state object/profile passed to it, and performs

analysis on the audited profile in order to direct services and/or information suited to the profile to

the client location, at least during testing of the relevant functionality by Defendants' employees

and/or affiliates using a client device and a server operated by Defendants and/or affiliates and by

virtue of Defendants' and/or affiliates' direction and control of customers and/or affiliates'

performance of any steps deemed to require activity at a client. See GUCCI,

https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/privacy-landing (use of website cookies).

61. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendants alleged

above. Thus, Defendants are liable to Alto Dynamics in an amount that compensates it for such

infringement, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and

costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

COUNT IV: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,657,531

62. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-17 above as

though fully set forth in their entirety.

63. The USPTO duly issued U.S. Patent No. 7,657,531 (the "'531 patent") on February 2,

2010, after full and fair examination of Application No. 11/325,463, which was filed on January

5, 2006. See '531 patent at 1. A Certificate of Correction was issued on November 13, 2010. See

id. at 20.

64. Alto Dynamics owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '531 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '531 patent against

infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

65. Alto Dynamics or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'531 patent.

66. The claims of the '531 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that provide technical solutions to technical problems of preexisting systems

and methods for authenticating users of program objects in distributed computing environments

based on negotiated security contexts.

67. The specification of the '531 describes multiple problems with conventional systems

for "authenticating users of program objects in distributed computing environments based on

negotiated security contexts." See, generally, '531 patent, 1:14-5:4. The specification notes that

previous "[s]ystems and methods for providing a verifiable chain of evidence and security for the

transfer and retrieval of electronic records and other information objects in digital formats" had

been described, but that such previous systems and methods provide "flexible business rules that

enable users to have roles that are required or enabled only at particular points in a transaction

or process. For example, a user may have a role of title agent only after a transaction has

**closed.**" *Id.*, 4:53-56; 4:63-65.

68. Moreover, the specification explains that "[s]uch work flows and processes can be more

complex than those typically associated with single-logon techniques. Moreover, many electronic

records available to online inquiry are neither encrypted, nor hashed, nor digitally signed since

to do so increases the processing time and resources needed for authorized users to access

**such information**." *Id.*, 4:66–5:4.

69. The specification then explains that the disclosures of the '531 patent "solve[] the

above-described and other problems suffered by computer and communication systems having

restricted access" by, among other things, the creation and use of "an encrypted data element

called a security context, which is securely built and accessible only by a trusted computing

environment, thereby eliminating the risk of interception, modification, or unauthorized

use." Id., 5:14-18. The specification goes on to describe various ways to construct and use the

described "security context" to achieve results superior to those of conventional systems. See,

e.g., id., 5:19-6:67; 10:40-65; FIGS. 4A-4C.

70. Claim 1 of the '531 patent then recites "[a] method of enabling access to a resource of

a distributed application server or processing system by a user/client application possessing a valid

security-context." Id., claim 1 (emphasis added). "[T]he security-context and an appended

protected security-context renewal request [is] provided by the user to an access authorization

component of the application server or processing system." Id. Among other features, claim

further recites "generating an updated security-context based on the verifying of the user's

identity and authorization and based on the user having requested authority for access to the

resource and services," "providing the updated security context to the user," and "sending the

updated security-context and a request for access to the resource and services by the user to

the application server or processing system." Id.

71. For at least these reasons, claim 1 recites inventive components that improve upon the

function and operation of preexisting systems and methods for authenticating users of program

objects in distributed computing environments by using unconventional "security contexts."

72. The written description of the '531 patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the priority

date. The '531 patent also identifies and circumscribes all information necessary for a skilled

artisan to perform each limitation in the claims in light of that which was known in the art at the

priority date.

73. Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '531 patent by making, using, providing, supplying, selling, offering for sale, or distributing the Accused Products, including,

but not limited to, the renewal of cookies after their expiration by the Accused Products.

74. Defendants have directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents,

at least claim 1 of the '531 patent. See Evidence of Use Chart attached hereto as Exhibit D.

75. For example, the Accused Products perform, and allow users to perform, a method of

enabling access to a resource of a distributed application server or processing system by a

user/client application possessing a valid security-context, comprising the steps of, receiving the

security-context and an appended protected security-context renewal request provided by the user

to an access authorization component of the application server or processing system, verifying the

validity of the security-context and the security-context renewal request, extracting content of both

the security-context and the security-context renewal request, comparing current time to an

expiration time identifying time of expiration of the security-context, if the expiration time is less

than the current time, comparing the security-context renewal request with stored identity and

authorization information comprising at least one of a user identifier, an organization identifier, a

sub-organization identifier, a key, an authentication certificate, an user location, a user role, and

an user position identifying the user to the access authorization component and generating a new

symmetric key, and other access and authorization information, generating an updated security-

context based on the verifying of the user's identity and authorization and based on the user having

requested authority for access to the resource and services; providing the updated security context

to the user, and sending the updated security-context and a request for access to the resource and

services by the user to the application server or processing system, at least during testing of the

relevant functionality by Defendants' employees and/or affiliates using a client device and a server

operated by Defendants and/or affiliates and by virtue of Defendants' direction and control of customers and/or affiliates' performance of any steps deemed to require activity at a client. *See*Figure 3 (below).

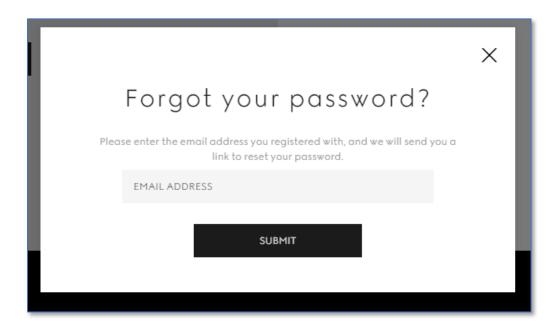


Figure 3

Source: GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage#forgot-password-overlay.

76. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendants alleged above. Thus, Defendants are liable to Alto Dynamics in an amount that compensates it for such infringement, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

### **COUNT V: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. RE46,513**

- 77. Alto Dynamics repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-17 above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 78. The USPTO duly issued U.S. Patent No. RE46,513 (the "'513 patent") on August 15, 2017, after full and fair examination of Application No. 13/369,112, which was filed on February 8, 2012. *See* '513 patent at 1. The '513 patent is a reissue of U.S. Patent No. 7,020,645, which

was issued on March 28, 2006, after a full and fair examination of Application No. 09/839,551,

which was filed on April 19, 2001. See id.

79. Alto Dynamics owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '513 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '513 patent against

infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

80. Alto Dynamics or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'513 patent.

81. The claims of the '513 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that provide technical solutions to technical problems of preexisting systems

and methods for authenticating users of program objects in distributed computing environments

based on negotiated security contexts.

82. The specification of the '513 describes multiple problems with conventional systems

for "authenticating users of program objects in distributed computing environments based on

negotiated security contexts." See, generally, '513 patent, 1:14–5:9. The specification notes that

previous "[s]ystems and methods for providing a verifiable chain of evidence and security for the

transfer and retrieval of electronic records and other information objects in digital formats" had

been described, but that such previous systems and methods provide "flexible business rules that

enable users to have roles that are required or enabled only at particular points in a transaction

or process. For example, a user may have a role of title agent only after a transaction has

**closed.**" *Id.*, 5:63-66; 6:5-9.

83. Moreover, the specification explains that "[s]uch work flows and processes can be more

complex than those typically associated with single-logon techniques. Moreover, many electronic

records available to online inquiry are neither encrypted, nor hashed, nor digitally signed since

to do so increases the processing time and resources needed for authorized users to access

such information." Id., 5:10-16.

84. The specification then explains that the disclosures of the '513 patent "solve[] the

above-described and other problems suffered by computer and communication systems having

restricted access" by, among other things, the creation and use of "an encrypted data element

called a security context, which is securely built and accessible only by a trusted computing

environment, thereby eliminating the risk of interception, modification, or unauthorized

use." Id., 5:20-30. The specification goes on to describe various ways to construct and use the

described "security context" to achieve results superior to those of conventional systems. See,

e.g., id., 5:31-7:9; 10:51–11:10; FIGS. 4a-4c.

85. Claim 1 of the '513 patent recites "[a] method of enabling access to a resource of a

processing system," wherein the method includes, among other things, "generating a security

context from the logon information and authorization information that is necessary for access

to the resource, wherein the security context comprises a plaintext header and an encrypted

body, and the plaintext header comprises a security context ID, a key handle, and an

algorithm identifier and key size; providing the security context to the user; and sending, by

the user to the processing system, the security context and a request for access to the resource."

*Id.*, claim 1.

86. For at least these reasons, claim 1 recites inventive components that improve upon the

function and operation of preexisting systems and methods for authenticating users of program

objects in distributed computing environments by using unconventional "security contexts."

87. The written description of the '513 patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the priority

date. The '513 patent also identifies and circumscribes all information necessary for a skilled

artisan to perform each limitation in the claims in light of that which was known in the art at the

priority date.

88. Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '513 patent by making, using,

providing, supplying, selling, offering for sale, or distributing the Accused Products, including,

but not limited to, the Accused Products' employ of secure communication sessions.

89. Defendants have directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents

at least claim 1 of the '513 patent. See Evidence of Use Chart attached hereto as Exhibit E.

90. For example, the Accused Products include a processing system having resources that

are selectively accessible to users, the resources including processors, program objects, and

records, the processing system comprising: a communication device through which a user desiring

access to a resource communicates sends and receives information in a secure communication

session with the processing system; an information database that stores information identifying

users to the processing system and authorization information that identifies resources accessible

to users and that is necessary for access to resources; and a logon component that communicates

with the communication device and with the information database, wherein the logon component

receives logon information provided by the user during the secure communication session, verifies the received logon information by matching against information identifying the user to the processing system that is retrieved from the information database, and generates a security context from the received logon information and authorization information; wherein the logon component provides the security context to the user's communication device, and the user sends, to the processing system, the security context and a request for access to a resource.

	SIGNIN		
EMAIL ADDRESS			
PASSWORD		•	
(case sensitive)			
✓ Stay signed in			
	SIGN IN		
	Forgot your password?		

Figure 4

Source: GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage.

MYGUCCIACCOUNT				
G CONTINUE WITH GOOGLE				
CONTINUE WITH APPLE				
OR				
CONTINUE WITH YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS				
Sign in with your email and password or create a profile if you are new.				
EMAIL*				
CONTINUE				

# Figure 5

Source: GUCCI,

https://www.gucci.com/us/en/access/view?stateToken=7BB206E55FF82D7B065CF99CF6EFE4 F5&nonce=7D1248B95BB89CAA9407E1738BF7A51A&cart=c3b97064-4296-41a8-b78d-9d55ed9275bb&returnURI=%2F&pkceConfig=eyJkaXNwbGF5IjoiZW1iZWRkZWQiLCJyZW1lbWJlck1lRW5hYmxlZCI6dHJ1ZSwiY2xpZW50SWQiOiIwb2EydHh2c29ySlZDS0ZBcTQxNyIsImNvZGVDaGFsbGVuZ2UiOiJ3NTdWSldaV3pfMVZjVVg3cWYxRndnRlpmRFh2YWJwVTQxUnFYZzV1OTNvIiwicmVkaXJlY3RVcmkiOiJodHRwczovL3d3dy5ndWNjaS5jb20vYWNjZXNzL2F1dGhvcml6YXRpb24ifQ%3D%3D .

91. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendants alleged above. Thus, Defendants are liable to Alto Dynamics in an amount that compensates it for such infringement, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

#### **JURY DEMAND**

92. Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable by right.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

93. WHEREFORE, Alto Dynamics requests that the Court find in its favor and against

Defendants, and that the Court grant Alto Dynamics the following relief:

a. Judgment that one or more claims of the Asserted Patents has been infringed, either

literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by Defendants or all others acting in

concert therewith;

b. An award of a reasonable royalty by Defendants to Plaintiff for infringement of

Asserted Patents in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

c. Judgment that Defendants account for and pay to Alto Dynamics all damages to and

costs incurred by Alto Dynamics because of Defendants' infringing activities and

other conduct complained of herein;

d. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused by Defendants'

infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;

e. That this Court declare this an exceptional case and award Alto Dynamics its

reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and

f. All other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the

circumstances.

Date: May 21, 2024 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ C. Matthew Rozier

C. Matthew Rozier (CO 46854)\* Kristin M. Whidby (VA 91805)\*

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### Attorneys for Plaintiff ALTO DYNAMICS LLC

\*Admitted to the Eastern District of Texas

### **List Of Exhibits**

- A. Evidence of Use Chart U.S. Patent No. 6,604,100
- B. Evidence of Use Chart U.S. Patent No. 7,152,018
- C. Evidence of Use Chart U.S. Patent No. 7,392,160
- D. Evidence of Use Chart U.S. Patent No. 7,657,531
- E. Evidence of Use Chart U.S. Patent No. RE 46,513

#### Attachments

- Civil Cover Sheet
- Proposed Summons: Gucci America, Inc.
- Proposed Summons: Guccio Gucci S.p.A.

### **List Of Supportive Links**

- 1. U.S. Patent No. 6,604,100, USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/6604100">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/09778749</a>.
- 2. U.S. Patent No. 7,152,018, USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7657531">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/10499578</a>.
- 3. U.S. Patent No. 7,392,160, USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7392160">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/11557170</a>.
- 4. U.S. Patent No. 7,657,531, USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7657531">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/11325463</a>.
- 5. U.S. Patent No. RE 46,513, USPTO.GOV, <a href="https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/RE46513">https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/13369112</a>.
- 6. GUCCI, <a href="https://www.gucci.com/us/en/">https://www.gucci.com/us/en/</a>.
- 7. Gucci, <a href="https://www.gucci.com/us/en/ca/women/handbags-c-women-handbags">https://www.gucci.com/us/en/ca/women/handbags-c-women-handbags</a>.
- 8. GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/privacy-landing.
- 9. GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage
- 10. Gucci.

https://www.gucci.com/us/en/access/view?stateToken=7BB206E55FF82D7B065CF99C F6EFE4F5&nonce=7D1248B95BB89CAA9407E1738BF7A51A&cart=c3b97064-4296-41a8-b78d-

9d55ed9275bb&returnURI=%2F&pkceConfig=eyJkaXNwbGF5IjoiZW1iZWRkZWQiLC JyZW1lbWJlck1lRW5hYmxlZCI6dHJ1ZSwiY2xpZW50SWQiOiIwb2EydHh2c29ySlZDS0Z BcTQxNyIsImNvZGVDaGFsbGVuZ2UiOiJ3NTdWSldaV3pfMVZjVVg3cWYxRndnRlpmR Fh2YWJwVTQxUnFYZzV1OTNvIiwicmVkaXJlY3RVcmkiOiJodHRwczovL3d3dy5ndWNj aS5jb20vYWNjZXNzL2F1dGhvcml6YXRpb24ifO%3D%3D;

11. GUCCI, https://www.gucci.com/us/en/st/signInPage#forgot-password-overlay.