| 1 2 3 4 5 6 | BAS DE BLANK (STATE BAR NO. 191487) basdeblank@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LL 1000 Marsh Road Menlo Park, CA 94025-1015 Telephone: +1 650 614 7343 Facsimile: +1 650 614 7401 STEVEN J ROUTH (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitted srouth@orrick.com STEN JENSEN (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitted) | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 7 8 9 | sjensen@orrick.com T. VANN PEARCE (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitte vpearce@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LI 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20037 | | | |
| 10 11 12 | Telephone: +1 202 339 8400 Attorneys for Plaintiff FUJIFILM NORTH AMERICA CORPORATION | | | |
| 13 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | | | |
| 15 | SAN FRANCIS | CO DIVISION | | |
| 16 17 18 19 20 | FUJIFILM NORTH AMERICA CORPORATION, Plaintiff, v. OPTIMUM IMAGING TECHNOLOGIES LLC, | Case No. COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT (Jury Trial Demanded) | | |
| 21 | Defendant. | | | |
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| | COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT | Case No. | | |

Plaintiff FUJIFILM North America Corporation ("FNAC") brings this action against Defendant Optimum Imaging Technologies LLC ("OIT") for declaratory judgment that FNAC does not infringe four U.S. patents purportedly owned by OIT and identified more specifically in paragraph 19 below ("the Asserted OIT Patents"), and in support thereof alleges the following:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, and the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, in response to assertions by OIT that certain digital camera products imported, marketed, and sold in the United States by FNAC ("the Accused FNAC Products") infringe the Asserted OIT Patents. OIT's assertion of Asserted OIT Patents against the Accused FNAC Products gives rise to a substantial and concrete controversy between the parties that FNAC seeks to resolve by this action.

THE PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff FNAC is a New York corporation with its principal place of business at 200 Summit Lake Drive, Valhalla, New York 10595-1356. FNAC imports, markets and sells consumer and commercial photographic products and services, including digital cameras and lenses.
- 3. Defendant OIT is a Texas limited liability company with a listed address at 8701 Shoal Creek Blvd. #401, Austin, Texas 78757, which claims ownership of the OIT Patents. That address is also the listed address for an attorney who serves as OIT's registered agent for service.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this controversy pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1332, 1338, 2201 and 2202.
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over OIT. Neal Solomon, who is the sole managing member of OIT and the sole named inventor of the Asserted OIT Patents, lists his mailing address as being in Oakland, CA 94620, and he resides in Northern California.
- 6. On information and belief, OIT has no employees or agents other than Neal Solomon and the above-referenced attorney-registered agent for service.

- 7. On information and belief, as well as publicly available records, Neal Solomon has resided and worked in Northern California for over the past 20 years, including during all times relevant to this action.
- 8. On information and belief, Neal Solomon maintains 415- and 510-area code business phone numbers and conducts OIT's business from the Northern District of California.
- 9. On information and belief, Neal Solomon was residing and working in the Northern District of California during the times he allegedly conceived of and reduced to practice the claimed inventions of the Asserted OIT Patents, including working by and through Solomon Research LLC, a company formed in 2004 under California law with a listed address in San Francisco, California 94111.
- 10. Prior to June 25, 2019, the Asserted OIT Patents (and/or applications that led to their issuance) were owned by Neal Solomon, and, on information and belief, a substantial portion of work and other activities relating to the development and prosecution of the Asserted OIT Patents was performed in California, including through the activities of Neil Solomon, Solomon Research LLC, and patent counsel located in the Northern District of California.
- 11. On June 25, 2019, the Asserted OIT Patents (and/or applications that led to their issuance) were assigned by Neal Solomon to OIT. Upon information and belief, the patent assets assigned by Neal Solomon to OIT comprise all or a substantial portion of OIT's assets.
- 12. On information and belief, since the assignment of the Asserted OIT Patents to OIT in June 2019, OIT has performed work and other business activities in California relating to prosecution of certain of the Asserted OIT Patents, including through the activities of Neil Solomon and patent counsel located in the Northern District of California.
- 13. On July 8, 2019, OIT filed a complaint in the Eastern District of Texas against Canon Inc., claiming that Canon products infringed certain of the Asserted OIT Patents (the '805 and '339 patents) (Case No. 2:19-CV-00246-JRG). Between July 8, 2019 and April 28, 2021, OIT actively litigated its case against Canon, including through the activities of Neil Solomon and patent counsel located in the Northern District of California.
 - 14. On October 18, 2023, OIT filed complaints in the Eastern District of Texas

against FUJIFILM Corporation and five other companies claiming that products sold by those companies infringed the Asserted OIT Patents. On information and belief, since at least October 2023, OIT has performed work and other business activities in California relating to those litigations, including through the activities of Neil Solomon and patent counsel located in the Northern District of California.

- 15. On information and belief, the above-referenced California-based work and activities have comprised all or a substantial portion of OIT's overall business activities such that California is the principal place of OIT's business.
- 16. OIT has purposefully availed itself of the privileges and protections of doing business in California and has thereby subjected itself to the jurisdiction of this Court.
- 17. On information and belief, Neal Solomon and/or Solomon Research LLC possess and maintain information, records and other evidence in this District relating to the conception and patenting of the alleged inventions of the Asserted OIT Patents.
- 18. Venue is proper in this district, *inter alia*, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1391(c).

DEFENDANT'S ASSERTIONS GIVING RISE TO A JUSTICIABLE CONTROVERSY BETWEEN OIT AND FNAC

- 19. On October 18, 2023, OIT filed a complaint against FUJIFILM Corporation in the Eastern District of Texas alleging patent infringement. A copy of the complaint (Case 4:23-cv-00922) is attached as Exhibit A ("OIT's ED Texas complaint"). OIT's ED Texas complaint inaccurately alleges that FUJIFILM Corporation "has imported, sells, has sold for sale and/or offers for sale in the United States cameras and lenses (and components of the same)" that infringe the Asserted OIT Patents, more specifically U.S. Patent Nos. 7,612,805 ("'805 patent"), 8,451,339 ("'339 patent"), 10,873,685 ("'685 patent"), and 10,877,266 ("'266 patent"). Copies of the Asserted OIT Patents are attached as Exhibit B.
- 20. FUJIFILM Corporation is a Japanese corporation, headquartered in Tokyo, Japan, which does not conduct activities relating to the Accused FNAC Products in the United States and is not responsible for any of the infringing acts alleged in the OIT's ED Texas complaint.

21.

FUJIFILM Corporation in the OIT's ED Texas complaint is in fact undertaken by FNAC, and OIT's assertions and claims therefore present threats against FNAC, FNAC Products, and FNAC customers, thereby giving rise to a dispute between FNAC and OIT. For example, the website that is the subject of allegations in ¶6 of the OIT's ED Texas complaint (https://fujifilm-x.com/en-us/shop/) was established and is maintained by FNAC.

22. Plaintiff FNAC has full responsibility for the operation of all aspects of the

To the extent it occurs, the alleged infringing conduct inaccurately attributed to

- 22. Plaintiff FNAC has full responsibility for the operation of all aspects of the business within the United States relating to the Accused FNAC Products. FNAC purchases the Accused FNAC Products outside the United States and then imports, markets and sells those products in the United States. It further books the revenues and accrues profits from sales of the Accused FNAC Products in the United States and will be directly and adversely affected by OITs assertions of patent infringement against the FNAC Accused Products.
- 23. FUJIFILM Corporation does not have even minimum contacts with Texas and, accordingly, there is no personal jurisdiction over FUJIFILM Corporation in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas.
- 24. FUJIFILM Corporation has not manufactured, imported, sold, and/or offered for sale the Accused FNAC Products in the United States or otherwise taken any action that would constitute infringement of the Asserted OIT Patent. OIT's ED Texas complaint, therefore, was filed against the wrong entity. Manufacturing the Accused FNAC Products is performed outside the United States by separate corporations within the FUJIFILM Group and/or by OEM suppliers that are not part of the FUJIFILM Group.
- 25. Plaintiff FNAC and FUJIFILM Corporation are separate legal and juridical entities that maintain and respect all corporate formalities and distinctions.
- 26. FNAC is registered to do business in various States, including Texas; FUJIIFILM Corporation is not. FNAC does not have a regular and established place of business in the Eastern District of Texas.
- 27. FNAC avers and maintains that the Accused FNAC Products do not infringe OIT's '805, '339, '685, and '266 patents and denies OIT's claims to the contrary.

- 28. FNAC maintains that it has the right to make, use, have made, sell, and offer for sale all of the Accused FNAC Products as well as any other FUJIFILM-brand digital cameras that incorporate digital lens aberration correction without license from OIT, because those products do not infringe the Asserted OIT Patents or any other rights purportedly owned by OIT.
- 29. A list of products identified and accused of infringement in OIT's ED Texas complaint includes: FUJIFILM GFX100, GFX100S, GFX 50S, GFX 50R, GFX 50S II, X-H2, X-H2S, X-Pro3, X-T5, X-T4, X-T3, X-S20, X-S10, X-T30 II, X-T200, and X-E4. All of these products that are imported, marketed and sold in the United States by FNAC.
- 30. There exists an actual controversy between FNAC and OIT concerning whether FNAC's importation, marketing and sale of the Accused FNAC Products in the United States infringes the Asserted OIT Patents. OIT's claims that the FNAC Products infringe the Asserted OIT Patents have caused and will continue to cause direct and substantial injury to FNAC and its business, including FNAC's marketing and sales of the Accused FNAC Products.

ALLEGATIONS REGARDING THE ASSERTED OIT PATENTS

- 31. A patent application, entitled "Digital Imaging System and Methods for Selective Image Filtration" with application number 11/825,521 was filed on July 6, 2007, and ultimately issued as the '805 patent on November 3, 2009.
- 32. Neal Solomon is the sole named inventor and purported original owner of the '805 patent. An assignment, executed on June 25, 2019 and recorded at the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") on June 25, 2019, purports to assign ownership of the '805 patent to OIT.
- 33. A continuation patent application entitled "Digital Imaging System for Correcting Image Aberrations" with application number 12/586,221 was filed on September 18, 2009, and ultimately issued as the '339 patent on May 28, 2013.
- 34. Neal Solomon is the sole named inventor and purported original owner of the '339 patent. An assignment, executed on June 25, 2019 and recorded at the USPTO on June 25, 2019, assigned ownership of the '339 patent to OIT.
 - 35. A continuation patent application entitled "Digital Imaging System for Correcting

Image Aberrations" with application number 13/691,805 was filed on December 2, 2012, and ultimately issued as the '685 patent on December 22, 2020.

- 36. Neal Solomon is the sole named inventor and purported original owner of the '685 patent. An assignment, executed on June 25, 2019 and recorded at the USPTO on June 25, 2019, assigned ownership of the 13/691,805 patent application and all patents issuing therefrom to OIT.
- 37. A continuation application entitled "Digital Camera with Wireless Image Transfer" with application number 16/692,972 was filed on November 22, 2019, and ultimately issued as the '266 patent on December 29, 2020.
- 38. Neal Solomon is the sole named inventor and purported original owner of the '266 patent. An assignment, executed on June 25, 2019 and recorded at the USPTO on April 24, 2020, assigned ownership of the 16/692,972 patent application and all patents issuing therefrom to OIT.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,612,805)

- 39. FNAC repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1-38 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 40. There is an actual controversy between FNAC and OIT as to alleged infringement of the '805 patent.
- 41. None of the Accused FNAC Products infringe any of the claims of the '805 patent.
- 42. For example, the Accused FNAC Products do not include any structures or features that correspond to at least the following limitations in the independent claims of the '805 patent:

| Claim No. | Example Limitation Not Present in Accused FNAC Products |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | "wherein the system software is organized to identify specific optical aberrations and to access the database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| | "wherein the data are forwarded from the digital sensor to the digital signal processor by an application specific integrated circuit" |

| | _ | | |
|------|---|----|--|
| 1 | | | "wherein the digital signal processor applies a fast Fourier transform |
| 2 | | | to a data file in order to satisfy a user specified special effects function" |
| 3 4 | | 4 | "wherein the system software is organized to identify specific optical aberrations and to access the database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 5 | | | "wherein a data file is analyzed by the mismanna assents compared |
| 6 | | | "wherein a data file is analyzed by the microprocessor to separate specific objects in the image using the differentiation of the depth-of-field" |
| 7 | | | "wherein the digital signal processor applies filtration only to |
| 8 | | | specific objects in the image" |
| | | | "wherein the aberrations of the specific objects are corrected" |
| 9 10 | | 9 | "wherein the system software is organized to identify specific optical aberrations and to access the database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 11 | | | "wherein the lens focal length alternates from specific fixed focal |
| 12 | | | length lens settings in a succession of steps" |
| 12 | | | "wherein optical aberrations are corrected with digital filtration to |
| 13 | | | modify multiple images from different focal lengths in a succession of data files" |
| 14 | | 11 | "wherein the system software is organized to identify specific optical |
| 15 | | | aberrations and to access the database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 16 | | | "wherein a data file is analyzed by the microprocessor to separate |
| 17 | | | specific objects in the image using the temporal differentiation of caching in which successive images share geometric elements" |
| 18 | | | "wherein the digital signal processor applies filtration only to a |
| 19 | _ | 15 | specific continuous object that is isolated and is in motion" "wherein the system software is organized to identify specific optical |
| 20 | | 13 | aberrations and to access the database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | | | "wherein a network of digital imaging sensors is linked together in a fixed structure" |
| 23 | | | "wherein the network is coordinated to track specific objects that are within its collective field of vision" |
| 24 | | | "wherein the network centures images of chiests using the digital |
| 25 | | | "wherein the network captures images of objects using the digital imaging sensors" |
| 26 | | | "wherein the individual digital imaging sensors forward the imaging data to a central digital signal processor" |
| 27 | | | "wherein a data file is analyzed by the microprocessor to separate |
| 28 | | | specific objects in the image using the temporal differentiation of caching in which successive images share geometric elements" |

| 1 | | "wherein the digital signal processor applies filtration only to |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | specific continuous objects that are isolated and are in motion" |
| 3 | 18 | "identifying specific optical aberrations and accessing a database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 4 | | "forwarding the data from a digital sensor to a digital signal processor by an application specific integrated circuit" |
| 5 | | processor by an application specific integrated circuit |
| 6 | | "applying a fast Fourier transform to a data file in order to satisfy a user specified special effects function" |
| 7 | 21 | "identifying specific optical aberrations and accessing a database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 8 | | "analyzing a data file by the microprocessor to separate specific objects it the image using the differentiation of the depth-of-field" |
| 9 | | |
| 10 | | "correcting the aberrations of the specific objects in the image by applying the digital signal processor filtration" |
| 11 | 24 | "identifying specific optical aberrations and accessing a database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 12 | | "alternating the lens focal length of a zoom lens from specific fixed |
| 13 | | focal length lens settings in a succession of steps" |
| 14 | | "correcting optical aberrations with digital filtration to modify multiple images from different focal lengths in a succession of data files" |
| 15 | 26 | "identifying specific optical aberrations and accessing a database to |
| 16 | | identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 17 | | "analyzing a data file by the microprocessor to separate specific objects in the image" |
| 18 | | "using the temporal differentiation of caching in which successive images share geometric elements" |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | "applying filtration only to a specific continuous object that is isolated and is in motion by using the digital signal processor" |
| 21 | 30 | "identifying specific optical aberrations and accessing a database to identify specific corrections to the aberrations" |
| 22 | | "linking a network of digital imaging sensors together in a fixed |
| 23 | | structure" |
| 24 | | "coordinating the network to track specific objects that are within its collective field of vision" |
| 25 | | "forwarding the imaging data from individual digital imaging |
| 26 | | sensors to a central digital signal processor" |
| 27 | | "analyzing the data file by using the microprocessor to separate specific objects in the image using the temporal differentiation of |
| 28 | | caching in which successive images share geometric elements" |

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| l a | pplying filtration by the digital signal processor only to specific |
| | |
| 00 | ontinuous objects that are isolated and are in motion" |
| | munuous objects that are isolated and are in motion |

- 43. The controversy between the parties is sufficient to entitle FNAC to a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 USC § 2201 *et seq.* and Fed. R. Civ. P. 57 that the Accused FNAC Products do not infringe any claim of the '805 patent.
- 44. Accordingly, FNAC seeks a judgment declaring that the claims of the '805 patent are not infringed by any of the Accused FNAC Products.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,451,339)

- 45. FNAC repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1-38 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 46. There is an actual controversy between FNAC and OIT as to alleged infringement of the '339 patent.
- 47. None of the Accused FNAC Products infringe any of the claims of the '339 patent.
- 48. For example, the Accused FNAC Products do not include any structures or features that correspond to at least the following limitations in the independent claims of the '339 patent:

| Claim No. | Example Limitation Not Present in Accused FNAC Products |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | "wherein the microprocessor uses the database to identify at least |
| | one algorithm to use to correct the at least one optical aberration" |
| 6 | "wherein at least one optical and/or digital aberration in the image file are identified by comparing image files in the database management system by using the system software and the integrated circuit" |
| | "wherein the at least one filtration algorithms required to correct the at least one optical and/or digital aberration are sent from the integrated circuit to the digital signal processor" |
| 14 | "wherein the microprocessor accesses the database to obtain at least one filtration correction algorithm to the optical aberrations and forwards the at least one filtration algorithms to the digital signal processor" |

49. The controversy between the parties is sufficient to entitle FNAC to a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 USC § 2201 *et seq.* and Fed. R. Civ. P. 57 that the Accused FNAC

Products do not infringe any claim of the '339 patent.

50. Accordingly, FNAC seeks a judgment declaring that the claims of the '339 patent are not infringed by any of the Accused FNAC Products.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 10,873,685)

- 51. FNAC repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1-38 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 52. There is an actual controversy between FNAC and OIT as to alleged infringement of the '685 patent.
- 53. None of the Accused FNAC Products infringe any of the claims of the '685 patent.
- 54. For example, the Accused FNAC Products do not include any structures or features that correspond to at least the following limitations in the independent claims of the '685 patent:

| Claim No. | Example Limitation Not Present in Accused FNAC Products |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | "wherein the integrated circuit uses the in-camera software to |
| | identify at least one optical image aberration and to correct the at |
| | least one optical image aberration in at least one frame of the digital |
| | video using at least one of the plurality of optical image aberration |
| | corrections in the database" |
| 6 | "wherein at least one optical aberration in at least two frames of the |
| | digital video are identified using the in-camera software and the |
| | integrated circuit" |
| | |
| | "wherein the at least one optical aberration from the optical lens |
| | mechanism of at least two frames of the digital video are corrected |
| | by using the digital signal processor to apply at least one digital |
| | filtration algorithm" |
| 14 | "wherein the integrated circuit accesses the database to obtain at |
| | least one filtration correction algorithm to the optical image |
| | aberration of at least one frame in the video file and forwards the at |
| | least one filtration algorithms to the digital signal processor" |

- 55. The controversy between the parties is sufficient to entitle FNAC to a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 USC § 2201 *et seq.* and Fed. R. Civ. P. 57 that the Accused FNAC Products do not infringe any claim of the '685 patent.
 - 56. Accordingly, FNAC seeks a judgment declaring that the claims of the '685 patent

are not infringed by any of the Accused FNAC Products.

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FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 10,877,266)

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57. FNAC repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1-38 above as if fully set forth herein.

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58. There is an actual controversy between FNAC and OIT as to alleged infringement of the '266 patent.

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59. None of the Accused FNAC Products infringe any of the claims of the '266 patent.

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60. For example, the Accused FNAC Products do not include any structures or features that correspond to at least the following limitations in the independent claims of the '266 patent:

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| Claim No. | Example Limitation Not Present in Accused FNAC Products |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | "wherein the in-camera software and database system are upgradable to provide improved algorithms and correction data for correction of images" |
| 22 | "wherein the in-camera software and database system are upgradable to provide improved algorithms and correction data for correction of images" |

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61. The controversy between the parties is sufficient to entitle FNAC to a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 USC § 2201 *et seq.* and Fed. R. Civ. P. 57 that the Accused FNAC

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Products do not infringe any claim of the '266 patent.

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62. Accordingly, FNAC seeks a judgment declaring that the claims of the '266 patent are not infringed by any of the Accused FNAC Products.

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

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63. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Seventh Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, FNAC demands a trial by jury of any and all issues triable

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of right before a jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiff FNAC prays for a judgment in its favor, including:

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A. A declaration that each of the claims of the '805 patent is not infringed;

| 1 | В. | A declaration that each of the claims of the '339 patent is not infringed; |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 2 | C. | A declaration that each of the claims of the '685 patent is not infringed; |
| 3 | D. | A declaration that each of the claims of the '266 patent is not infringed; |
| 4 | E. | A declaration that this case is an exceptional case pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285; |
| 5 | F. | An award of FNAC's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses under: |
| 6 | | (1) 35 U.S.C. § 285; |
| 7 | | (2) any other applicable California statutes or common law; and |
| 8 | G. | Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. |
| 9 | | JURY DEMAND |
| 0 | FNAC | C hereby demands a jury trial on all issues and claims so triable. |
| 11 | Dated: May 3 | 1, 2024 Respectfully submitted, |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | By: /s/ Bas de Blank Bas de Blank |
| 4 | | BAS DE BLANK (SBN 191487) |
| 5 | | basdeblank@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP |
| 6 | | 1000 Marsh Road Menlo Park, CA 94025 |
| 7 | | Telephone: (650) 614-7400 Facsimile: +1 650 614 7401 |
| 8 | | STEVEN J ROUTH (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitted) |
| 9 | | srouth@orrick.com STEN JENSEN (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitted) |
| 20 | | sjensen@orrick.com T. VANN PEARCE (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be submitted) |
| 21 | | vpearce@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP |
| 22 | | 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20037 |
| 23 | | Telephone: +1 202 339 8400 |
| 24 | | Attorneys for Plaintiff FUJIFILM NORTH AMERICA CORPORATION |
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