1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		TES DISTRICT COURT ISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 	CYBOENERGY, INC., a Delaware Corporation, Plaintiff, v. DURACELL POWER CENTER, LLC, a limited liability company existing under the laws of California, Defendant.	Case No.: PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT (35 U.S.C. § 271) JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT: CyboEnergy, Inc. ("CyboEnergy") files this Original Complaint and demand for jury trial seeking relief from patent infringement of the claims of U.S. Patent No. 9,331,488 ("the '488 patent") and U.S. Patent No. 9,331,489 ("the '489 patent") (referred to as the "Patents-in-Suit") by Duracell Power Center, LLC ("Duracell PC"). PARTIES 1. Plaintiff is a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business located in Sacramento County, California	
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1	2.	On information and belief, Defendant is a California limited liability company with a
2		principal address of 5400 Hellyer Ave., San Jose, CA 95138, which is also a regular and
3		established place of business. Defendant is registered to do business in California and may
4		be served via its registered agent, or wherever else they may be found.
5	3.	On information and belief, Defendant directly and/or indirectly develops, designs,
6 7		manufactures, distributes, markets, offers to sell and/or sells infringing products and services
7 8		in the United States, including in the Northern District of California, and otherwise directs
9		infringing activities to this District in connection with its products and services.
10		JURISDICTION
11	4.	This civil action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.,
12		including without limitation 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 283, 284, and 285 based on Defendant's
13		unauthorized commercial manufacture, use, importation, offer for sale, and sale of the
14		Accused Products in the United States. This is a patent infringement lawsuit over which this
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16 17	E	Court has subject matter jurisdiction under, <i>inter alia</i> , 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1332, and 1338(a).
17	5.	This United States District Court for the Northern District of California has general and
19		specific personal jurisdiction over Defendant because, directly or through intermediaries,
20		Defendant has committed acts within the District giving rise to this action and are present in
21		and transact and conduct business in and with residents of this District and the State of
22		California.
23	6.	Plaintiff's causes of action arise, at least in part, from Defendant's contacts with and
24		activities in this District and the State of California.
25	7.	Defendant has committed acts of infringing the Patents-in-Suit within this District and the
26 27		State of California by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing in or into
27 28		this District and elsewhere in the State of California, products claimed by the Patents-in-
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Suit, including without limitation products made by practicing the claimed methods of the Patent-in-Suit. Defendant, directly and through intermediaries, makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, imports, ships, distributes, advertises, promotes, and/or otherwise commercializes such infringing products into this District and the State of California. Defendant regularly conducts and solicits business in, engages in other persistent courses of conduct in, and/or derives substantial revenue from goods and services provided to residents of this District and the State of California.

9 8. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant. Personal jurisdiction exists over 10 Defendant because Defendant has minimum contacts with this forum as a result of business 11 regularly conducted within the State of California and within this district, and, on 12 information and belief, specifically as a result of, at least, committing the tort of patent 13 infringement within California and this District. This Court has personal jurisdiction over 14 Defendant, in part, because Defendant does continuous and systematic business in this 15 16 District, including by providing infringing products and services to the residents of the 17 Western District of California that Defendant knew would be used within this District, and 18 by soliciting business from the residents of the Northern District of California. For example, 19 Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court because, *inter alia*, Defendant has 20 regular and established places of business throughout this District, including at least at 540021 Hellyer Ave., San Jose, CA 95138, and directly and through agents regularly does, solicits, 22 and transacts business in the Northern District of California. Also, Defendant has hired and 23 24 is hiring within this District for positions that, on information and belief, relate to 25 infringement of the Patents-in-Suit. Accordingly, this Court's jurisdiction over the 26 Defendant comports with the constitutional standards of fair play and substantial justice and

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1	arises directly from the Defendant's purposeful minimum contacts with the State of
2	California.
3	9. This Court also has personal jurisdiction over Defendant, because in addition to Defendant's
4	own online website and advertising within this District, Defendant has also made its products
5 6	available within this judicial district and advertised to residents within the District to hire
0 7	employees to be located in this District.
8	10. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interests and costs.
9	11. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) based on information set forth
10	herein, which is hereby repeated and incorporated by reference. Further, upon information
11	and belief, Defendant has committed or induced acts of infringement, and/or advertise,
12	market, sell, and/or offer to sell products, including infringing products, in this District. In
13 14	addition, and without limitation, Defendant has regular and established places of business
14	throughout this District, including at least at 5400 Hellyer Ave., San Jose, CA 95138.
16	THE PATENTS-IN-SUIT
17	12. On May 3, 2016, United States Patent No. 9,331,488 ("the '488 Patent"), entitled "Enclosure
18	and Message System of Smart and Scalable Power Inverters" was duly and legally issued by
19	the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). The '488 Patent claims patent-
20	eligible subject matter and is valid and enforceable. Plaintiff is the exclusive owner by
21 22	assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '488 Patent, including the right to bring this
22	suit for damages, and including the right to sue and recover all past, present, and future
24	damages for infringement of the '488 Patent. Defendant is not licensed to practice the '488
25	Patent, either expressly or implicitly, nor do they enjoy or benefit from any rights in or to
26	the '488 patent whatsoever. A true and correct copy of the '488 patent is attached hereto as
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27	Exhibit A.

1	13. On May 3, 2016, United States Patent No. 9,331,489 ("the '489 Patent"), entitled
2	"Maximizing Power production at Low Sunlight by Solar Power Mini-Inverters" was duly
3	and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). The '489
4	Patent claims patent-eligible subject matter and is valid and enforceable. Plaintiff is the
5	exclusive owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '489 Patent, including
6 7	the right to bring this suit for damages, and including the right to sue and recover all past,
7 8	present, and future damages for infringement of the '489 Patent. Defendant is not licensed
9	to practice the '489 Patent, either expressly or implicitly, nor do they enjoy or benefit from
10	any rights in or to the '489 patent whatsoever. A true and correct copy of the '489 patent is
11	attached hereto as Exhibit C .
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13	14. The '488 patent and the '489 patent are referred to herein as the "Patents-in-Suit."
14	15. Plaintiff is the owner of the entire right, title, and interest in and to the Patents-in-Suit. The
15	Patent-in-Suit are presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282.
16	ACCUSED INSTRUMENTALITIES
17	16. The term "Accused Instrumentalities" or "Accused Products" refers to, by way of example
18	and without limitation, Duracell PC's solar power inverters (see, e.g.,
19 20	https://duracellpowercenter.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Microinverter-Brochure-
20 21	Spec-Sheet_09-21-23.pdf).
21 22	COUNT I
22	PATENT INFRINGEMENT OF THE '488 PATENT
24	17. Plaintiff restates and realleges the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth
25	herein.
26	18. Defendant has, under 35 U.S.C. §271(a), directly infringed, and continues to directly
27	infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, at least claim 16 of the '488
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1	patent, by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale and/or importing into the United
2	States Defendant's Accused Products.
3	19. On information and belief, Defendant has made no attempt to design around the claims of
4	the '488 patent or the '489 patent.
5	20. On information and belief, Defendant did not have a reasonable basis for believing that the
6 7	claims of the '488 patent or the '489 patent were invalid.
8	21. On information and belief, Defendant's Accused Products are available to businesses and
9	individuals throughout the United States and in the State of California, including in this
10	District.
11	22. Plaintiff has been damaged as the result of Defendant's infringement.
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13	23. The claim chart attached hereto as Exhibit B describes how the elements of an exemplary
14	claim 16 of the '488 patent is infringed by the Accused Products. This provides details
15	regarding only one example of Defendant's infringement, and only as to a single patent
16	claim. Plaintiff reserves its right to amend and fully provide its infringement arguments and
17	evidence thereof until its Preliminary and Final Infringement Contentions are later produced
18	according to the court's scheduling order in this case.
19	24. Defendant has and continues to induce infringement from at least the filing date of the
20	lawsuit. Defendant has actively encouraged or instructed others (e.g., its customers and/or
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22	the customers of its related companies), and continues to do so, on how to use its products
23	and services (e.g., power inverters) and related services that provide question and answer
24	services across the Internet such as to cause infringement of at least claim 16 of the '488
25	patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Defendant, from at least the filing date
26	of the lawsuit, has continued to encourage and instruct others on how to use the products
27	showing specific intent. Moreover, Defendant has known of the '488 patent and the
28	snowing specific ment. Moreover, Defendant has known of the 400 patent and the

technology underlying it from at least the filing date of the lawsuit.¹ For clarity, direct infringement is previously alleged in this complaint.

- 3 25. Defendant has and continues to contributorily infringe. Defendant has actively encouraged 4 or instructed others (e.g., its customers and/or the customers of its related companies), and 5 continues to do so, on how to use its products and services (e.g., ., instructing customers and 6 others on the use of power inverters and related systems through its website and product 7 instruction manuals) such as to cause infringement of one or more of claim 16 of the '488 8 9 patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Moreover, Defendant has known of the 10 '488 patent and the technology underlying it from at least the filing date of the lawsuit.² For 11 clarity, direct infringement is previously alleged in this complaint. The product's and 12 services' only reasonable use is an infringing use and there is no evidence to the contrary. 13 The product and service is not a staple commercial product and Defendant had reason to 14 believe that the customer's use of the product and/or service would be an infringing use. As 15 shown on Defendant's website, https://duracellpowercenter.com, Defendant offers the 16 17 products and/or service with instruction or advertisement that suggests an infringing use. 18 26. Defendant has caused and will continue to cause Plaintiff damage by direct and indirect 19 infringement of (including inducing infringement of) the claims of the '488 patent. 20 21 **COUNT II** PATENT INFRINGEMENT OF THE '489 PATENT 22 27. Plaintiff restates and realleges the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth 23
 - herein.
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Plaintiff reserves the right to amend and add inducement pre-suit if discovery reveals an earlier date of knowledge.
 Plaintiff reserves the right to amend if discovery reveals an earlier date of knowledge.

1	28. Defendant has, under 35 U.S.C. §271(a), directly infringed, and continues to directly
2	infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more of claims 14, 15 and
3	16 of the '489 patent, by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale and/or importing
4	into the United States Defendant's Accused Products.
5 6	29. On information and belief, Defendant has made no attempt to design around the claims of
7	the '489 patent.
8	30. On information and belief, Defendant did not have a reasonable basis for believing that the
9	claims of the '489 patent were invalid.
10	31. On information and belief, Defendant's Accused Products are available to businesses and
11	individuals throughout the United States and in the State of California, including in this
12	District.
13 14	32. Plaintiff has been damaged as the result of Defendant's infringement.
15	33. The claim chart attached hereto as Exhibit D describes how the elements of exemplary
16	claims 14, 15 and 16 of the '489 patent are infringed by the Accused Products. This provides
17	details regarding only one example of Defendant's infringement, and only as to a single
18	patent claim. Plaintiff reserves its right to amend and fully provide its infringement
19	arguments and evidence thereof until its Preliminary and Final Infringement Contentions are
20 21	later produced according to the court's scheduling order in this case.
21	34. Defendant has and continues to induce infringement from at least the filing date of the
23	lawsuit. Defendant has actively encouraged or instructed others (e.g., its customers and/or
24	the customers of its related companies), and continues to do so, on how to use its products
25	and services (e.g., power inverters) and related services that provide question and answer
26	services across the Internet such as to cause infringement of at least claims 14, 15 and 16 of
27	the '489 patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Defendant, from at least the
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filing date of the lawsuit, has continued to encourage and instruct others on how to use the products showing specific intent. Moreover, Defendant has known of the '489 Patent and the technology underlying it from at least the filing date of the lawsuit.³ For clarity, direct infringement is previously alleged in this complaint.

35. Defendant has and continues to contributorily infringe. Defendant has actively encouraged 6 or instructed others (e.g., its customers and/or the customers of its related companies), and 7 continues to do so, on how to use its products and services (e.g., ., instructing customers and 8 9 others on the use of power inverters and related systems through its website and product 10 instruction manuals) such as to cause infringement of one or more of claims 14, 15 and 16 11 of the '489 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Moreover, Defendant has 12 known of the '489 patent and the technology underlying it from at least the filing date of the 13 lawsuit.⁴ For clarity, direct infringement is previously alleged in this complaint. The 14 product's and services' only reasonable use is an infringing use and there is no evidence to 15 the contrary. The product and service is not a staple commercial product and Defendant had 16 17 reason to believe that the customer's use of the product and/or service would be an infringing 18 use. As shown on Defendant's website, https://duracellpowercenter.com, Defendant offers 19 the products and/or service with instruction or advertisement that suggests an infringing use. 20 36. Defendant has caused and will continue to cause Plaintiff damage by direct and indirect 21 infringement of (including inducing infringement of) the claims of the '489 Patent. 22

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

²⁷ ³ Plaintiff reserves the right to amend and add inducement pre-suit if discovery reveals an earlier date of knowledge.
⁴ Plaintiff reserves the right to amend if discovery reveals an earlier date of knowledge.

²⁸⁴ Plaintiff reserves the right to amend if discovery reveals an earlier date of knowledge.

37	Plaintiff is a practicing entity that marks its products. Plaintiff has pled all statutory
	requirements to obtain pre-suit damages. Further, all conditions precedent to recovery are
	met.
	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
38	Pursuant to FED. R. CIV. P. 38, Plaintiff CyboEnergy hereby demands a trial by jury on all
	issues so triable.
	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
WHE	REFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:
a.	enter judgment that Defendant has infringed the claims of the Patents-in-Suit;
b.	award Plaintiff damages in an amount sufficient to compensate it for Defendant's
	infringement of the claims of the Patents-in-Suit in an amount no less than a reasonable
	royalty or lost profits, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs under
	35 U.S.C. § 284;
c.	award Plaintiff an accounting for acts of infringement not presented at trial and an award by
	the Court of additional damage for any such acts of infringement;
d.	declare this case to be "exceptional" under 35 U.S.C. § 285 and award Plaintiff its attorneys'
	fees, expenses, and costs incurred in this action;
e.	declare Defendant's infringement to be willful and treble the damages, including attorneys'
	fees, expenses, and costs incurred in this action and an increase in the damage award
	pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
f.	a decree addressing future infringement that either (i) awards a permanent injunction
	enjoining Defendant and its agents, servants, employees, affiliates, divisions, and
	subsidiaries, and those in association with Defendant from infringing the claims of the
	Patents-in-Suit, or (ii) awards damages for future infringement in lieu of an injunction in an
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	38. WHEF a. b. c. d. e.

1	amount consistent with the fact that for future infringement the Defendant will be an	
2	adjudicated infringer of a valid patent, and trebles that amount in view of the fact that the	
3	future infringement will be willful as a matter of law; and	
4	g. award Plaintiff such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.	
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7	DATED: December 10, 2024 Respectfully submitted,	
8	BANIE & ISHIMOTO LLP	
9	By: /s/Jennifer Ishimoto	
10	Jennifer Ishimoto	
11	Attorneys for Plaintiff <i>CyboEnergy, Inc.</i>	
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	Original Complaint for Patent Infringement	

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2	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
3	Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on issues so triable by right.
4	DATED: December 10, 2024
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6	Respectfully submitted,
7	BANIE & ISHIMOTO LLP
8	By: /s/Jennifer Ishimoto
9	Jennifer Ishimoto
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	Original Complaint for Patent Infringement