UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

DATACLOUD TECHNOLOGIES, LLC, Plaintiff,

Civil Action No. 1:24-cv-13143

V.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

GROUPON, INC.,

Defendant.

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff DataCloud Technologies, LLC (hereinafter, "Plaintiff" or "DataCloud") files this Complaint for patent infringement against Defendant Groupon, Inc. (hereinafter, "Defendant" or "Groupon") alleging, based on its own knowledge as to itself and its own actions, and based on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a patent infringement action to stop Defendant's infringement of the following United States Patents (collectively, the "Asserted Patents") issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"):

	U.S. Patent No.	Title
1.	6,651,063	https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/6651063
		https://patents.google.com/patent/US6651063B1/en?oq=6%2 c651%2c063
2.	7,209,959	https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-public/print/downloadPdf/7209959
		https://patents.google.com/patent/US7209959B1/en?oq=7%2c209%2c959

2. Plaintiff seeks monetary damages.

PARTIES

- 3. DataCloud is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia and maintains its principal place of business at 44 Milton Avenue, Suite 254, Alpharetta, Georgia, 30009 (Fulton County).
- 4. Based upon public information, Groupon is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Delaware since January 15, 2008.
- 5. Based upon public information, Groupon has its principal place of business at 35 West Wacker Drive, 25th Floor, Chicago, Illinois, 60601.¹
- 6. Based upon public information, Groupon may be served through its registered agent, C T Corporation System, located at 208 South LaSalle Street, Suite 814, Chicago, Illinois, 60604-1101.²

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the allegations in the Paragraph 1-6 above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 8. This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, including 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 283, 284, and 285, among others. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this case for patent infringement under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 9. Groupon is subject to this Court's specific and general personal jurisdiction under due process because of its substantial business in this Judicial District, in the State of Illinois, and

¹ See Groupon, Inc.'s 10-Q for period ending September 30, 2024 at https://www.sec.gov/ix?doc=/Archives/edgar/data/1490281/000162828024047250/grpn-20240930.htm (Nov. 12, 2024).

² Source: Illinois Office of the Secretary of State; *See*https://apps.ilsos.gov/businessentitysearch/businessentitysearch (last visited December 8, 2024).

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in the United States, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringements alleged herein; and (ii)

regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, or deriving

substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in this state, in this District,

and in the United States.

10. Specifically, Groupon intends to do and does business in, has committed acts of

infringement in, and continues to commit acts of infringement in this District, in the State of

Illinois, and in the United States, directly, including those accused of infringement here, to

customers and potential customers located in this state, including in this District, and in the United

States.

11. More specifically, Groupon directly and/or through its intermediaries, ships,

distributes, makes, uses, imports, offers for sale, sells, and/or advertises its products and services

in the United States, the State of Illinois, and in this District.

12. Specifically, Groupon intends to do and does business in, has committed acts of

infringement in this District directly, and offers its services, including those accused of

infringement here, to customers and potential customers located in the State of Illinois, including

in this District.

13. Groupon maintains regular and established places of business in this District.

14. Groupon offers products and services and conducts business in this District as

described below.

15. Groupon commits acts of infringement from this District, including, but not limited

to, use of the Accused Products, as further defined below.

16. Based on public information Groupon has significant ties to, and presence in, the

State of Illinois and this District, making venue in this Judicial District both proper and convenient

for this action.

17. Therefore, venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1400(b).

THE ACCUSED PRODUCTS

- 18. Based upon public information, Defendant owns, operates, advertises, and/or controls the website www.groupon.com through which it advertises, sells, offers to sell, provides and/or educates customers about its website hosting platforms and networking solutions.³
- 19. Defendant offers at least the following products (hereinafter, the "Accused Products") that infringe one or more claims of the Asserted Patents:
 - Groupon Android app;
 - Groupon systems for supporting multiple domain names on the same website infrastructure ("Groupon website infrastructure"
- 20. By letter dated December 15, 2020, DataCloud described and informed Defendant of DataCloud's patent portfolio, including the Asserted Patents.
- 21. For these reasons and the additional reasons detailed below, the Accused Products practice at least one claim of each of the Asserted Patents.

COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,651,063

- 22. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of paragraphs 1-21 above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 23. U.S. Patent No. 6,651,063 (the "'063 patent") was issued on November 18, 2003 after full and fair examination by the USPTO of Application No. 09/493,911 which was filed on January 28, 2000. The '063 patent is entitled "Data Organization And Management System And Method." *See* '063 patent at p.1. A Certificate of Correction was issued on February 3, 2004. *Id.*

³ See https://www.groupon.com/articles/about (last visited December 8, 2024).

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at p. 20. The claims of the '063 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to

well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that improve networks and network systems by providing an organization

scheme to streamline the process for storage and retrieval of information through a combination

of automatic categorization and user influence.

24. The written description of the '063 patent describes in technical detail each

limitation of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how

the non-conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from

and improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the time

of the invention.

25. DataCloud owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '063 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce it against infringers and

to collect damages for all relevant times.

26. DataCloud or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'063 patent.

27. Based upon public information, Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant

has directly infringed one or more claims of the '063 patent, either literally or under the doctrine

of equivalents, because it ships, distributes, makes, uses, imports, offers for sale, sells, and/or

advertises the Groupon Android app.⁴

⁴ See https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.groupon (last visited December 12, 2024).

2024); see also https://www.groupon.com/mobile (last visited December 12, 2024).

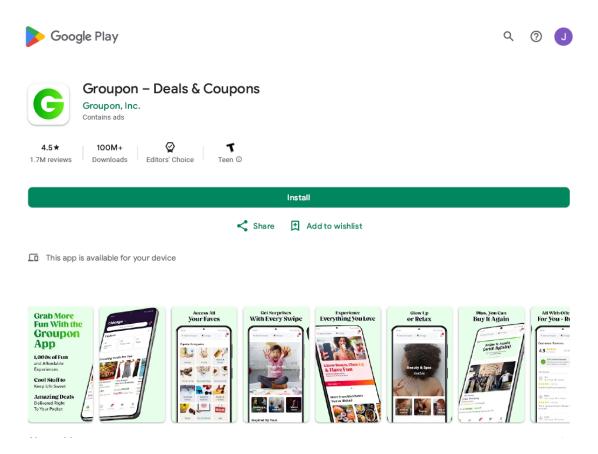


Figure 1: Snapshot from https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.groupon (captured December 12, 2024)

28. Based upon public information, the Groupon Android app meets each and every step of at least Claim 4 of the '063 Patent, either literally or equivalently. Using the Groupon Android app, Defendant performs a method for providing information to one or more users of a system comprising the steps of: storing information to be provided in an information pack; associating with said information pack at least a user destination address associated with one of a multiplicity of user data repositories each of said user data repositories associated with at least one of said users and a category identifier; associating with said information pack a provider identifier; communicating said information pack by means of a network to said user data repository associated with the user destination address; locating said information pack in a location of said user data repository associated with the user destination address reserved for information

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corresponding to a category to which said category identifier corresponds; and further comprising,

after said step of communicating the information pack to said user data repository associated with

the user destination address, the steps of: creating a custom location in said user data repository;

placing said information pack in said custom location; associating a custom category identifier

with said information pack; sending a custom category signal to a processing station uniquely

associated with said user data repository including a data storage means and a data processing

means, said data storage means storing together said custom category identifier and said provider

identifier, and said data processing means analyzing the provider identifier of subsequent of said

information packs, comparing said provider identifier of said subsequent information packs with

said provider identifier stored in said storage means and in the event of a match between the

provider identifier of one of said subsequent information packs and the provider identifier stored

in said storage means, placing said one of the subsequent information packs in said custom

location.

29. Defendant's aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

30. DataCloud has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendant

alleged above. Thus, Defendant is liable to DataCloud in an amount that compensates it for such

infringements, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

COUNT II: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,209,959

31. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of the paragraphs 1-21 above

as though fully set forth in their entirety.

32. U.S. Patent No. 7,209,959 (the "'959 patent") was issued on April 24, 2007 after

full and fair examination by the USPTO of Application No. 09/542,858 which was filed on April

4, 2000. See '959 patent at p. 1. The '959 patent is entitled "Apparatus, System, And Method For

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Communicating To A Network Through A Virtual Domain Providing Anonymity To A Client

Communicating On The Network." Id.

33. The claims of the '959 patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited

to well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include

inventive components that improve networks and network systems by anonymizing network

activity for individual clients and groups of clients for, among other reasons, security, traffic

management, and routing purposes.

34. The written description of the '959 patent describes in technical detail each

limitation of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how

the non-conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from

and improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the time

of the invention.

35. DataCloud owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '959 patent,

including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce it against infringers and

to collect damages for all relevant times.

36. DataCloud or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations

required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the

'959 patent.

37. Based upon public information, Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant

has directly infringed one or more claims of the '959 Patent, either literally or under the doctrine

of equivalents, because it ships, distributes, makes, uses, imports, offers for sale, sells, and/or

advertises its Groupon systems for supporting multiple domain names on the same website

infrastructure ("Groupon website infrastructure").5

Based upon public information, 6 Groupon website infrastructure meets each and 38. every step of at least Claim 1 of the '959 Patent, either literally or equivalently. Defendant has infringed one or more claims of the '959 Patent because Groupon website infrastructure provides a method comprising, in response to a request (e.g., "Client Hello") by a client to initiate communication with a destination website (e.g., groupon.com, www.groupon.com, api.groupon.com, about.groupon.com, brandplaybook.groupon.com, community.groupon.com, giftcards.groupon.com, etc.), setting up a forwarding session (e.g., from the internet to a WWW server) between the client (e.g., internet device) and a destination server corresponding to the destination website (e.g., WWW server), the forwarding session employing a forwarder disposed between (e.g., a front-end server switch) the client and the destination server to forward packets sent from the client to the destination server and to forward packets sent from the destination server to the client (e.g., bilateral communications); employing the forwarder (e.g., front-end server switch), to transfer packets (e.g., ethernet or others) between the client (e.g., internet device) and the destination server (e.g., WWW server) during the forwarding session, wherein the forwarding session is set up and implemented such that neither the client or the destination server is aware of the employment of the forwarder (e.g., the WWW server has a direct TCP connection between a local IP address and a client IP address, each being different; thus, neither the client or the destination server is aware of the employment of the forwarder); employing a controller configured to communicate (e.g., firewall) with the forwarder (e.g., front-end server switch) and a domain

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⁵ See, e.g., hiw&utm_source=groupon (last visited December 12, 2024).

⁶ See https://subdomainfinder.c99.nl/scans/2024-10-02/groupon.com (last visited December 8, 2024)

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name server (e.g., a DNS), wherein the controller queries the domain name server to resolve the

name of the destination website (e.g., www.groupon.com, api.groupon.com, about.groupon.com,

brandplaybook.groupon.com, community.groupon.com, giftcards.groupon.com) associated with

the destination server (e.g., WWW server) and initiates communication (e.g., between the firewall

and front-end server switch) with the forwarder in response to an answer from the domain name

server to resolve the name of the destination website associated with the destination server;

employing a deceiver (e.g., router) configured to communicate with the controller (e.g., firewall)

and the client (e.g., internet device), wherein the deceiver receives the request by the client to

initiate communication (e.g., from the internet to the router) with the destination website (e.g.,

www.groupon.com, api.groupon.com, about.groupon.com, brandplaybook.groupon.com,

community.groupon.com, giftcards.groupon.com on a WWW server) and initiates the controller

to query the domain name server to resolve the name of the destination website associated with

the destination server (e.g., the router both (i) receives the request and (ii) sends the data from the

WWW server in a manner that makes the router appear to be the source of the data, when the

source of the data is actually the WWW server); and in response to the controller (e.g., router)

receiving the answer from the domain name server and initiating communication with the

forwarder, initiating the forwarding session.

39. Defendant's aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

40. DataCloud has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendant

alleged above. Thus, Defendant is liable to DataCloud in an amount that compensates it for such

infringements which, by law, cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and

costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

JURY DEMAND

41. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable by right.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 42. Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court find in Plaintiff's favor and against Defendant, and that the Court grant Plaintiff the following relief:
 - A. Judgment that one or more claims of each of the Asserted Patents has been infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by Defendant;
 - B. An award of damages to be paid by Defendant adequate to compensate Plaintiff

 Defendant's past infringement, including interest, costs, and disbursements as

 justified under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and, if necessary to adequately compensate

 Plaintiff for Defendant's infringement, an accounting of all infringing sales

 including, but not limited to, those sales not presented at trial;
 - C. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused by Defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
 - D. That this Court declare this to be an exceptional case and award Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and,
 - E. All other and further relief that this Court deems just and proper under the circumstances.

Dated: <u>December 20, 2024</u> Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Kenneth A. Matuszewski

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Attachments

• Civil Cover Sheet