

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
SEATTLE DIVISION**

AIDEMAR GROUP, INC., a California Corporation

Plaintiff,

v.

HIGHWAYMEN SUPPLY AND PACKAGING LLC, a Washington limited liability company, d/b/a CUSTOM CONES USA

Defendants.

Case No.

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff Aidemar Group, Inc. ("Aidemar"), hereby files this Complaint for Patent Infringement against Defendant Highwaymen Supply and Packaging LLC, d/b/a Custom Cones USA ("Defendant" or "Highwaymen") respectfully showing this Court as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a civil action against Defendant for patent infringement under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 271, for the infringement of U.S. Patent No. 11,395,509 ("the '509 Patent"),

1 based on Defendant’s unauthorized manufacture, use, offer for sale, and/or sales in the United
2 States and/or importation into the United States of its filter tips (“Accused Product”). True and
3 correct copies of the ‘509 Patent are attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. True and correct photographs
4 of the Accused Product are attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

5 2. Aidemar is the lawful assignee and exclusive owner of all right, title, and interest
6 in and to the patent-in-suit, including rights to sue for acts of past, present, and future infringement.

7 **THE PARTIES**

8 3. Aidemar is a California corporation with its principal place of business in Vernon,
9 California.

10 4. Defendant Highwaymen Supply and Packaging LLC, d/b/a Custom Cones USA
11 (“Highwaymen”), is a Washington limited liability company, with its principal place of business
12 at 4101 Oakesdale Ave SW, Suite 200 Renton, Washington, 98057-4817.

13 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

14 5. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and
15 1338(a).

16 6. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Highwaymen because it is formed under
17 California law, its principal place of business is in this District, and it has directed its infringing
18 activity into this District and beyond from within this District.

19 7. Venue lies in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400
20 because Highwaymen resides in this District, and it has committed acts of direct and indirect patent
21 infringement in this District while maintaining a regular and established place of business within
22 this District.

23 **FACTS AND BACKGROUND**

24 8. Aidemar has a long history in filters and accessories for the smoking industry,
25 specifically known for its innovations in filter tip designs and unique flavor mechanisms to
26 enhance the smoking experience.

27 9. Aidemar has created numerous products over the years and has grown in size,
28

1 sophistication, and reputation to become a leading smoking filter manufacturer in the United
2 States.

3 10. Today, Aidemar is headquartered in Vernon, California, where it has its distribution
4 and offices.

5 11. Defendant competes with Aidemar and sells products to the smoking industry.

6 12. To protect its investment in innovation, Aidemar secured both utility and design
7 patent protection for its unique contributions to the filter tip space.

8 13. On July 26, 2022, the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“USPTO”) duly
9 and legally issued the ‘509 Patent to inventor Jawid Wahidi for the invention entitled “Smokable
10 Cone Insert Including Flavor Releasing Mechanisms”. **Exhibit A.**

11 14. Aidemar is the owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in and to the
12 ‘509 patent, including the right to enforce the ‘509 patent against infringers.

13 15. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 282, the ‘509 patent is presumed valid.

14 16. Defendant also sells filter tips and is a competitor of Aidemar.

15 17. Early this year, Aidemar learned Highwaymen (d/b/a “Custom Cones USA”), had
16 been making, promoting, offering to sell, and distributing filter tips that infringe the ‘509 Patent.

17 18. Specifically, as discussed more fully below, Highwaymen’s “Crush Cones” utilize
18 filter tips that practice the invention of the ‘509 Patent.

19 19. On July 19, 2024, Aidemar notified Highwaymen of its infringement through a
20 cease-and-desist letter (“the Letter”) via email and FedEx. A true and correct copy of Aidemar’s
21 July 19, 2024 Letter is attached hereto as **Exhibit C.**

22 20. Although counsel for Aidemar followed up via email, Highwaymen never
23 responded.

24 21. To date, Highwaymen continues to offer to sell its infringing product on at least its
25 website <https://customconesusa.com> specifically, [https://customconesusa.com/pre-rolled-
26 cones/specialty-pre-rolled-cones/flavored-pre-rolled-cones/](https://customconesusa.com/pre-rolled-cones/specialty-pre-rolled-cones/flavored-pre-rolled-cones/), as shown herein as **Exhibit D.**

27 **Defendant’s Infringing Acts**

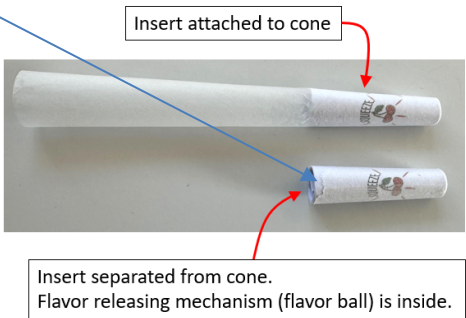
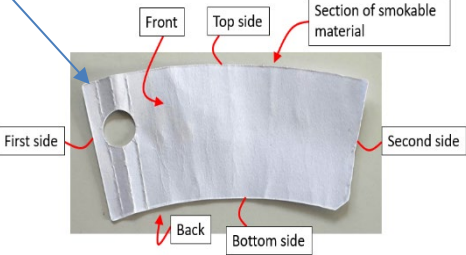
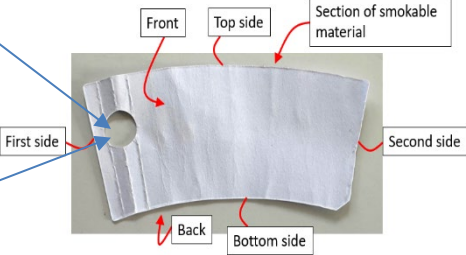

1 22. Defendant has known of, should have known of, or has been willfully blind to the
2 ‘509 Patent. To the extent applicable, Plaintiff has complied with the patent marking and notice
3 provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 287 by providing constructive and actual notice to Defendant of
4 Defendant’s infringement.

5 23. Defendant has possessed actual knowledge of the ‘509 Patent from at least as early
6 as July 19, 2024, following receipt of the Letter discussed above.

7 24. Upon information and belief, Defendant and/or parties under its supervision or
8 control have been tracking Plaintiff’s business, products, and intellectual property rights and have
9 been modeling products after those of Plaintiff. Upon information and belief, Defendant makes
10 and then sells and offers for sale the Accused Product through various channels, including but not
11 limited to wholesalers, physical retail stores, and online marketplaces. Defendant also distributes
12 the Accused Product through third parties. Upon information and belief, Defendant thus engages
13 in the unauthorized manufacture, use, offer for sale, and/or sale in the United States, and/or
14 importation into the United States, of the Accused Product. Upon information and belief,
15 Defendant infringed at least claim 1 of the ‘509 Patent that covers the product; and at least claim
16 11 that covers the method of manufacturing the Accused Product.

17 25. Upon information and belief, Defendant has also induced direct infringement by
18 others because Defendant took affirmative acts to bring about the commission by others of acts of
19 infringement and had knowledge that the induced acts constitute patent infringement. For example,
20 upon information and belief, Defendant has induced its customers to use the Accused Product that
21 is covered by at least claim 1 of the ‘509 Patent. Also, upon information and belief, Defendant has
22 induced certain suppliers and manufacturers to make, sell, and/or import the Accused Product that
23 is covered by at least claim 1 and/or claim 11 of the ‘509 Patent.

24 26. From at least July 26, 2022, to the present day, Highwaymen, has sold filter tips,
25 known as “Crush Cones”, that infringe at least Claim 1 of the ‘509 Patent as shown in the chart
26 below.

| Claim 1 Language | Accused Product |
|--|---|
| <p>1 An insert for use as a mouthpiece to</p> <p>2 a smokable item and for securing at</p> <p>3 least one flavor releasing</p> <p>4 mechanism, the insert comprising:</p> <p>5</p> <p>6 a section of smokable material</p> <p>7 including a first side, a second</p> <p>8 side opposite the first side, a top</p> <p>9 side, a bottom side, a front, and a</p> <p>10 back; and</p> <p>11</p> <p>12 a first aperture in the front of the</p> <p>13 section and extending to the back</p> <p>14 of the section, the first aperture</p> <p>15 located between the top side and</p> <p>16 the bottom side and extending to</p> <p>17 a point closer to the first side</p> <p>18 than it extends to the second</p> <p>19 side;</p> <p>20 wherein the section is adapted to</p> <p>21 be folded in an area of the first</p> <p>22 aperture thereby forming a first</p> <p>cavity in the area of the first</p> <p>aperture, and wherein the first</p> <p>cavity is adapted to receive and</p> <p>secure at least one flavor</p> <p>releasing mechanism.</p> | <p data-bbox="748 149 1312 285">The Accused Product interfaces with a smokable item. The smokable item in this example is a paper cone.</p>     |

WILLFUL INFRINGEMENT

24 27. Since at least as early as July 19, 2024; Defendant has been put on actual notice of

25 its infringement and its inducement of the infringement of others.

26 28. Defendant has known, should have known, or at least has been willfully blind to its

27 infringement of the '509 Patent.

1 29. Defendant’s foregoing actions thus constitute willful infringement of the ‘509
2 Patent.

3 **CAUSES OF ACTION**

4 **COUNT I:**

5 **Direct Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 11,395,509 under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a)**

6 30. Aidemar incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
7 paragraphs 1 through 29 as if separately repeated here.

8 31. The ‘509 Patent is valid and enforceable.

9 32. The Accused Products directly infringe and continue to directly infringe, literally
10 and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, at least **Claim 1**.

11 33. Defendant offers for sale, sells, and/or distributes the Accused Products which
12 infringe the ‘509 Patent.

13 34. Upon information and belief, Defendant also manufactures and uses the Accused
14 Products which infringe the ‘509 Patent.

15 35. Aidemar has sustained damages as a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s
16 infringement of the ‘509 Patent and is entitled to damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

17 36. Because Defendant has been warned multiple times of its infringement,
18 Defendant’s infringement is willful and egregious, thereby making this an exceptional case and
19 justifying the imposition of treble damages and an award of reasonable attorney fees to Aidemar
20 within the provisions of 35 U.S.C. §§ 284, 285.

21 37. Highwaymen’s continuing infringement in the face of multiple warnings has
22 caused, and unless enjoined by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 283, will continue to cause Aidemar
23 to suffer irreparable harm for which it cannot be adequately compensated by a monetary award.

24 38. Because Aidemar needs to protect itself from continuing to lose valuable market
25 share and profits, and because Defendant has failed to heed Plaintiff’s warnings to cease infringing,
26 the balance of hardships favors Aidemar.

27 39. The public interest would be served by the issuance of an injunction because
28 encouraging the enforcement of patents encourages innovation. Moreover, other non-infringing

1 alternatives exist to allow consumers to enjoy flavored tobacco products. Thus, removing
2 Defendant from the marketplace would not harm the public.

3 **COUNT II:**

4 **Indirect Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 11,395,509 under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b)**

5 40. Aidemar incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
6 paragraphs 1 through 39 as if separately repeated here.

7 41. Defendant offers for sale, sells, and/or distributes the Accused Products which
8 infringe the '509 Patent, thus inducing others to infringe the '509 Patent through the use of the
9 Accused Products. For example, upon information and belief, Defendant encourages the use of the
10 Accused Products through its website, distributors, and attends marketing events and trade shows
11 where Defendant promotes the use of the Accused Products.

12 42. Upon information and belief, Defendant's actions of offering, selling, and
13 distributing the Accused Products induce infringement of at least Claim 11 of the '509 Patent that
14 covers a method of manufacturing the Accused Product.

15 43. Based at least upon Aidemar's July 19, 2024 Letter specifically referencing the
16 '509 Patent, Defendant, with knowledge that the Accused Products infringe the '509 Patent,
17 knowingly and intentionally induced, and continues to knowingly and intentionally induce, direct
18 infringement of the '509 Patent by providing the Accused Products for sale through its website,
19 distributors, and at retail locations across this District, in Washington and throughout the United
20 States.

21 44. Therefore, Defendant knowingly, actively induced, and continues to knowingly
22 induce third-party infringers to practice the patented inventions of the '509 Patent by encouraging
23 its customers and distributors to use the Accused Products. Defendant's actions also encourage
24 and facilitate others to manufacture the Accused Products in violation of at least Claim 11
25 Defendant has knowledge that the induced acts constitute patent infringement, in violation of 35
26 U.S.C. § 271(b).

27 45. Therefore, Defendant has induced infringement by others with the intent to cause
28 infringing acts by others. In the alternative, Defendant induced infringement by others with the

1 belief of a high probability that others would infringe the '509 Patent, while remaining willfully
2 blind to that infringement.

3 46. Aidemar has sustained damages as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's
4 inducement of infringement by others of the '509 Patent and is entitled to damages pursuant to 35
5 U.S.C. § 284.

6 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

7 **WHEREFORE**, Aidemar seeks the following relief:

8 A. An entry of judgment in Aidemar's favor and against Defendant on all Counts of
9 this Complaint;

10 B. An order enjoining, temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently, Defendant, and
11 each of its respective officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and all of those persons
12 in active concert or participation with it, from infringing any of Asserted Patent;

13 C. An award of damages adequate to compensate Aidemar for the patent infringement
14 that has occurred pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, together with prejudgment interest and costs, treble
15 damages for Defendant's willful infringement, and reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to 35
16 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 285;

17 D. An order declaring this an exceptional case and awarding Aidemar its attorneys'
18 fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and

19 E. Such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
20

21 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

22 Pursuant to F.R.C.P. 38(b), Plaintiff, Aidemar demands a trial by jury for all claims.
23

24 Dated: February 18, 2025
25
26
27
28

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

/s/ Tim Billick
Tim Billick
Practus LLP
600 1st Ave., Suite 120
Seattle, WA 98104
206-844-6539

By: /s/Michael N. Cohen/
Michael N. Cohen (*pro hac vice application*
forthcoming)
COHEN IP LAW GROUP PC
9025 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 301
Beverly Hills, CA 90211
mcohen@cohenip.com
Tel: 310-288-4500

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Adimar Group, Inc.